

The Minister informs the public of the increase under this section through Part 1 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* and by such other means as the Minister considers appropriate.

63. This Regulation comes into force on 1 January 2023.

105806

M.O., 2022

Order 2022-002 of the Minister of Education dated 6 June 2022

Education Act
(chapter I-13.3)

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting free instructional material and certain financial contributions that may be required

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION,

CONSIDERING section 457.2.1 of the Education Act (chapter I-13.3), which provides that the Minister may, by regulation, determine the services and school activities to which the right to free educational services, provided for in section 3 of the Act, does not apply, specify certain objects or categories of objects to which the right of free use of instructional material, provided for in section 7 of the Act, does or does not apply, and establish standards for the financial contributions that may be required for services, school activities and material to which the right to free access, provided for in section 3, 7 or the third paragraph of section 292 of the Act, does not apply;

CONSIDERING the publication in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 16 February 2022 of a draft Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting free instructional material and certain financial contributions that may be required, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (chapter R-18.1), with a notice that it could be made on the expiry of 45 days following that publication;

CONSIDERING that it is expedient to make the Regulation with amendment;

ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

The Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting free instructional material and certain financial contributions that may be required, attached to this Order, is hereby made.

Québec, 6 June 2022

JEAN-FRANÇOIS ROBERGE
Minister of Education

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting free instructional material and certain financial contributions that may be required

Education Act
(chapter I-13.3, s. 457.2.1)

1. The Regulation respecting free instructional material and certain financial contributions that may be required (chapter I-13.3, r. 6.2) is amended in section 9 by replacing “or for material to which the right of free use does not apply” by “, for material to which the right of free use does not apply or for the supervision of students at lunch time”.

2. The following is added after section 11:

“**11.1.** The financial contribution required for the supervision of a child at the preschool and elementary school level at lunch time must be determined by taking into account the number of days during which the child stays at school for lunch. That number is established with the parents, according to the conditions set by the school service centre.

In addition to the actual cost of the service, the financial contribution may not exceed the amount obtained by multiplying \$3.00 by the total number of hours of the lunch period.

The amount provided for in the second paragraph is adjusted on 1 July of each year by a rate corresponding to the annual change in the overall average Québec consumer price index without alcoholic beverages, tobacco products and recreational cannabis for the 12-month period ending on 31 March of the preceding year. The result is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$0.05, or if it is equidistant from two such multiples, to the higher of the two. The Minister publishes the result of the adjustment in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

11.2. No financial contribution may be required for the supervision of a secondary school student at lunch time when the student eats lunch throughout the school year outside the premises of the educational institution the student attends, except those lunch periods where educational services are offered to the student, and the student's parents so notify in writing the school service centre.”.

3. The third paragraph of section 11.1 of the Regulation respecting free instructional material and certain financial contributions that may be required, made by section 2 of this Regulation, is applicable from the school year 2023-2024.

4. This Regulation comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

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List of electoral divisions

An Act respecting French, the official and common language of Quebec (chapter 14)

An Act to foster voting in the next general election in Quebec (chapter 24)

Election Act (chapter E-3.3)

List of electoral divisions with their name and their boundaries

Pursuant to sections 178 and 179 of An Act respecting French, the official and common language of Québec (2022, c. 14) and section 29 of the Election Act (CQLR, c. E-3.3), the Commission de la représentation électorale has published the list of electoral divisions updated following the re-naming of the electoral division Bourget to Camille-Laurin. The list indicates the name and boundaries of each electoral division, in alphabetical order.

The municipalities, Indian reserves and settlements, reserved lands, unorganized territories and their boundaries are those that existed on January 31, 2017.

In the description of the electoral divisions, the name of a local municipality is occasionally followed by an abbreviation which refers to the designation of the municipality. The following list gives the abbreviations and their meaning.

CT	—	canton (township)
CU	—	cantons unis (united townships)
EI	—	établissement indien (Indian settlement)
M	—	municipalité (municipality)
NO	—	territoire non organisé (unorganized territory)
P	—	paroisse (parish)
R	—	réserve indienne (Indian reserve)
TC	—	terres réservées cries (Cree reserved territories)
TI	—	terres réservées inuites (Inuit reserved territories)
TK	—	terres réservées naskapiés (Naskapi reserved territories)
V	—	ville (town)
VC	—	village cri (Cree village)
VK	—	village naskapi (Naskapi village)
VL	—	village
VN	—	village nordique (northern village)

Where the words “autoroute”, “avenue”, “boulevard”, “chemin”, “montée”, “rue”, “route”, “railway line”, “cycle path”, “overhead electric power line”, “lac”, “fleuve”, “rivière”, and “ruisseau” are used, they refer to the median line unless provided otherwise.

According to section 28 of An Act to foster voting in the next general election in Quebec, (2022, c. 24) the following list of electoral divisions will enter into force on the day the 42nd Legislature ends.

PIERRE REID
*Chairman of the Commission
de la représentation électorale*

1. ABITIBI-EST

The electoral division of Abitibi-Est comprises the following municipalities: Belcourt (M), Malartic (V), Rivière-Héva (M), Senneterre (P), Senneterre (V) and Val-d'Or (V).

It also comprises a part of the Ville de Rouyn-Noranda corresponding to the former Ville de Cadillac and former unorganized territories of Lac-Montanier, Lac-Surimau, and Rapide-des-Cèdres, as they existed on December 31, 2001.

It also comprises the Indian reserve of Lac-Simon and the Indian settlement of Kiticisakik.

It comprises, in addition, the following unorganized territories: Lac-Granet, Lac-Metei, Matchi-Manitou and Réservoir-Dozois.