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# NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

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FIRST SESSION

FORTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

Bill 107  
(2018, chapter 1)

**An Act to increase the jurisdiction and independence of the Anti-Corruption Commissioner and the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes and expand the power of the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions to grant certain benefits to cooperating witnesses**

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**Introduced 8 June 2016  
Passed in principle 1 December 2017  
Passed 14 February 2018  
Assented to 14 February 2018**

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

*This Act amends the Anti-Corruption Act in order to specify that the purpose and scope of that Act and the mission of the Anti-Corruption Commissioner are not limited to corruption in contractual matters but also concern corruption in the administration of justice and in the granting of rights and privileges, such as an authorization, appointment or subsidy.*

*Changes are made to the procedure for the appointment and dismissal of the Anti-Corruption Commissioner; to provide, among other things, for a non-renewable seven-year term. The Act establishes the office of Associate Commissioner for Investigations and provides that any member of a police force on secondment to the Commissioner may act as an investigator.*

*The Act provides that the Commissioner, the Associate Commissioners for Audits, the Associate Commissioner for Investigations, the investigators on secondment to the Commissioner and the Commissioner's personnel form a specialized anti-corruption police force. That police force and the audit teams and investigation units designated by the Government form the Unité permanente anticorruption. Further provisions specify the manner in which the Sûreté du Québec and other police forces must cooperate with the Commissioner.*

*The Act establishes the Unité Permanente Anticorruption Oversight Committee and sets out its mandate and composition.*

*The Act provides that penal proceedings for an offence under a provision of the Anti-Corruption Act are prescribed three years from the date on which the prosecutor becomes aware of the commission of the offence. However, no proceedings may be instituted if more than seven years have elapsed from the date of the commission of the offence.*

*The Police Act is amended to provide that the director of a police force must inform the director of the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes, instead of the Minister of Public Security, if a person, other than an on-duty police officer, dies, sustains a serious injury or is injured by a firearm used by a police officer during a police intervention or while the person is in police custody. In addition, the Act specifies*

*that the director of a police force must notify the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes of any allegation against a police officer concerning a criminal offence of a sexual nature committed in the performance of duties. The Bureau is to conduct the investigations relating to such allegations and advise the Minister of Public Security of the progress of the file.*

*Amendments to the Act respecting the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions grant the Director, in the context of a cooperation agreement with a witness, the power to terminate, with regard to the witness and in relation to facts that are the subject of a statement by the witness, a civil proceeding instituted by a public body, the hearing of a complaint before the disciplinary council of a professional order, or a measure taken for the purposes of a fiscal law. In addition, if the witness cooperation agreement is terminated, the public body, the complainant who had brought a complaint before a disciplinary council or the Minister of Revenue, as the case may be, may reinstitute a judicial application, again seize the disciplinary council of a complaint or reinstate a measure taken for the purposes of a fiscal law that was terminated by the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions.*

*Lastly, the Act makes a number of consequential amendments.*

#### **LEGISLATION AMENDED BY THIS ACT:**

- Tax Administration Act (chapter A-6.002);
- Charter of Ville de Montréal, metropolis of Québec (chapter C-11.4);
- Professional Code (chapter C-26);
- Act respecting the forfeiture, administration and appropriation of proceeds and instruments of unlawful activity (chapter C-52.2);
- Act respecting the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions (chapter D-9.1.1);
- Public Service Act (chapter F-3.1.1);
- Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1);
- Police Act (chapter P-13.1).

**REGULATION AMENDED BY THIS ACT:**

- Code of ethics of Québec police officers (chapter P-13.1, r. 1).

## Bill 107

### AN ACT TO INCREASE THE JURISDICTION AND INDEPENDENCE OF THE ANTI-CORRUPTION COMMISSIONER AND THE BUREAU DES ENQUÊTES INDÉPENDANTES AND EXPAND THE POWER OF THE DIRECTOR OF CRIMINAL AND PENAL PROSECUTIONS TO GRANT CERTAIN BENEFITS TO COOPERATING WITNESSES

THE PARLIAMENT OF QUÉBEC ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

#### ANTI-CORRUPTION ACT

**1.** Section 1 of the Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1) is amended

(1) by replacing “in contractual matters within the public sector” by “in the public sector, including in contractual matters,”;

(2) by inserting “and public institutions” after “public procurement process”.

**2.** Section 2 of the Act is amended

(1) by replacing paragraph 1 by the following paragraphs:

“(1) a contravention of a federal or a Québec law or of a regulation made under such a law, if the contravention pertains to corruption, breach of trust, malfeasance, collusion, fraud or influence peddling in, for example, awarding, obtaining or performing contracts granted, in the exercise of their functions, by a body or a person belonging to the public sector, or in the administration of justice or the granting of rights and privileges, such as an authorization, an appointment or a subsidy, by a body or a person belonging to the public sector;

“(1.1) a contravention of any of sections 21.12 to 21.14 and 27.5 to 27.11 of the Act respecting contracting by public bodies (chapter C-65.1);”;

(2) by inserting “, 1.1” after “paragraph 1” in paragraph 3.

**3.** The heading of Division I of Chapter II of the Act is replaced by the following heading:

“ESTABLISHMENT, MISSION AND ORGANIZATION”.

**4.** Section 4 of the Act is amended by replacing “in contractual matters within the public sector” in the second paragraph by “in the public sector, including in contractual matters”.

**5.** Section 5 of the Act is replaced by the following sections:

**“5.** On the recommendation of the Minister, the Government appoints the Commissioner from among the persons declared qualified to hold the office by the selection committee formed for that purpose.

**“5.1.** During the year that precedes the end of the Commissioner’s term or as soon as the office becomes vacant, the Minister publishes a notice inviting interested persons to apply for the office of Commissioner or to propose the name of a person they consider qualified to hold that office, in accordance with the procedure the Minister determines.

The Minister also forms the selection committee. The committee is made up of the Deputy Minister of Public Security, the secretary of the Conseil du trésor, an advocate recommended by the Bâtonnier of the Province of Québec, a director of a police force recommended by the board of directors of the Association des directeurs de police du Québec, and a person recommended by bodies representing the municipal sector.

The committee promptly evaluates the candidates’ aptitude on the basis of their knowledge, particularly in criminal and penal law, their experience and their qualifications, according to the criteria determined by government regulation. Without delay, the committee presents to the Minister a report in which it lists the candidates it has met whom it considers qualified to hold the office of Commissioner. All information and documents regarding the candidates and the proceedings of the committee are confidential.

If, once the evaluation is concluded, fewer than three candidates are considered qualified to hold the office of Commissioner, the Minister must publish a new invitation for applications.

The members of the committee receive no remuneration, except in the cases and on the conditions that may be determined by the Government. They are, however, entitled to the reimbursement of expenses to the extent determined by the Government.

**“5.2.** The Commissioner is appointed for a non-renewable seven-year term.

At the expiry of the term, the Commissioner remains in office until replaced. The Commissioner may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Minister.

**“5.3.** The Commissioner must meet the requirements set out in the first paragraph of section 115 of the Police Act (chapter P-13.1), with the exception of subparagraph 4.

**“5.4.** The Commissioner may not be dismissed or suspended without remuneration by the Government except for cause, on the recommendation of the Minister after the latter receives a report from the Commission de la fonction publique. The suspension may not exceed three months.

In an urgent situation requiring prompt intervention, or in a presumed case of serious fault, the Minister may provisionally relieve the Commissioner from duties, with remuneration.

**“5.5.** The Government determines the remuneration, employee benefits and other conditions of employment of the Commissioner on the recommendation of the Minister; the Commissioner’s remuneration, once set, may not be reduced.

**“5.6.** The Commissioner’s functions must be exercised on a full-time basis.

The Commissioner may not engage in any partisan political activity.”

**6.** Section 7 of the Act is amended by striking out the second sentence of the first paragraph.

**7.** Section 8 of the Act is replaced by the following sections:

**“8.** The Government appoints Associate Commissioners for Audits, on the recommendation of the Minister, from among the persons declared qualified to hold the office by a selection committee formed by the Minister and made up of the Commissioner, the Deputy Minister of Public Security and a chartered professional accountant recommended by the Ordre des comptables professionnels agréés du Québec.

The Associate Commissioners for Audits may not be peace officers.

They must take the oath set out in Schedule II before a judge of the Court of Québec.

**“8.1.** The Government also appoints an Associate Commissioner for Investigations, on the recommendation of the Minister, from among the persons declared qualified to hold the office by a selection committee formed by the Minister and made up of the Commissioner, the Deputy Minister of Public Security and a director of a police force recommended by the board of directors of the Association des directeurs de police du Québec.

The Associate Commissioner for Investigations is a peace officer throughout Québec.

The Associate Commissioner for Investigations must take the oath set out in Schedule I before a judge of the Court of Québec.

**“8.2.** Associate Commissioners are appointed for a fixed term that may not exceed five years.

At the expiry of their term, Associate Commissioners remain in office until reappointed or replaced. Associate Commissioners may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Commissioner.

**“8.3.** Associate Commissioners exercise the functions conferred on them under this Act, with the independence provided for in this Act.

Section 5.1, except the second paragraph, and sections 5.3 to 6 apply, with the necessary modifications, in the case of Associate Commissioners.

**“8.4.** The following persons form a specialized anti-corruption police force:

- (1) as members of the police force:
  - (a) the Commissioner;
  - (b) the Associate Commissioner for Investigations; and
  - (c) the investigators on secondment from a police force in accordance with section 14;
- (2) the Associate Commissioners for Audits; and
- (3) the members of the Commissioner’s personnel appointed in accordance with section 12.

**“8.5.** The Government may designate teams or units of persons doing audit or investigation work in departments or bodies to take part in the fight against corruption under the coordination of the Associate Commissioners for Audits or the Associate Commissioner for Investigations, as the case may be.

**“8.6.** The police force formed under section 8.4 and the teams or units designated by the Government form the Unité permanente anticorruption.

**“8.7.** The policing, investigation and support services of the Sûreté du Québec must be made available to the Commissioner when the latter so requires. To that end, the Director General of the Sûreté du Québec and any Sûreté du Québec member or employee must cooperate with the Commissioner.

Such services are provided in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in an agreement between the Commissioner and the Minister or a person designated by the Minister.



**“8.8.** A police force must inform the Commissioner whenever it has reasonable cause to believe, during the course of an investigation, that a wrongdoing has been committed.

The Commissioner determines, in cooperation with the police force, how the investigation is to continue.”

**8.** Section 9 of the Act is amended by replacing subparagraph 2 of the first paragraph by the following subparagraph:

“(2) to act as director of the police force formed under section 8.4;”.

**9.** Section 10 of the Act is amended by inserting “for Audits” after “Associate Commissioners” in the introductory clause.

**10.** The Act is amended by inserting the following section after section 10:

**“10.1.** The Associate Commissioner for Investigations has the following functions:

(1) to direct the activities of the specialized investigation unit formed under section 14 and coordinate the activities of any investigation unit designated by the Government; and

(2) to ensure that the investigation units carry out their mandates in their respective fields of competence.”

**11.** Section 13 of the Act is amended by replacing “of the personnel of the Commissioner” by “of the members of and the other persons who form the police force”.

**12.** Section 13.1 of the Act is amended

(1) by inserting “for Audits” after both occurrences of “Associate Commissioner” in the introductory clause of the first paragraph;

(2) by inserting “for Audits” after “Associate Commissioner” in the last paragraph.

**13.** Section 14 of the Act is amended by replacing the first and second paragraphs by the following paragraphs:

“The Commissioner may designate, from among the Commissioner’s personnel, persons to act as investigators within a specialized investigation unit under the authority of the Associate Commissioner for Investigations.

Any member of a police force on secondment to the Commissioner by agreement between the Commissioner and the competent authority in respect of the police force may also act as an investigator within the unit.

The investigators of the unit are peace officers throughout Québec.”

**14.** Section 15 of the Act is amended by inserting “for Audits” after all occurrences of “Associate Commissioner” in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3.

**15.** Section 16 of the Act is amended by replacing all occurrences of “Commissioner” in paragraphs 2 and 3 by “Associate Commissioner for Investigations”.

**16.** Section 17 of the Act is amended by replacing “The Commissioner, the Commissioner’s personnel, the Associate Commissioners and the audit teams or investigation units designated by the Government” by “Persons acting within the Unité permanente anticorruption”.

**17.** Section 20 of the Act is amended by replacing “the Commissioner, the Commissioner’s personnel, the Associate Commissioners, members of the audit teams or investigation units designated by the Government” by “a person acting within the Unité permanente anticorruption”.

**18.** Section 21 of the Act is amended by replacing “the Commissioner, the Commissioner’s personnel, the Associate Commissioners, members of the audit teams or investigation units designated by the Government” in the first paragraph by “a person acting within the Unité permanente anticorruption”.

**19.** Section 25 of the Act is amended by adding the following paragraph at the end:

“Within 15 days after the report is laid before the National Assembly, the Commissioner presents it publicly in the national capital.”

**20.** Section 29 of the Act is amended by replacing “or to the investigation units concerned” in the second paragraph by “for Audits or the Associate Commissioner for Investigations”.

**21.** The Act is amended by inserting the following section after section 35:

**“35.1.** Penal proceedings for an offence under a provision of this Act are prescribed three years from the date on which the prosecutor became aware of the commission of the offence. However, no proceedings may be instituted if more than seven years have elapsed since the date of the commission of the offence.”

**22.** The Act is amended by inserting the following chapter before Chapter IV:

**“CHAPTER III.1**

**“UNITÉ PERMANENTE ANTICORRUPTION OVERSIGHT  
COMMITTEE**

**“DIVISION I**

**“ESTABLISHMENT AND MANDATE**

**“35.2.** The Unité Permanente Anticorruption Oversight Committee is established.

**“35.3.** The mandate of the Committee is to give its opinion, after conducting the necessary verifications and examinations at the times and intervals and in the manner it determines,

(1) on the administration of penal and criminal investigations conducted by the Unité permanente anticorruption;

(2) on the follow-up given under this Act to disclosures of wrongdoings received by the Anti-Corruption Commissioner, except when such disclosures are the subject of an investigation or a proceeding relating to a penal or criminal offence under a federal or Québec law;

(3) on the Anti-Corruption Commissioner’s annual management report; and

(4) on any other matter relating to the activities of the Unité permanente anticorruption.

The Committee also gives its opinion on any matter within its jurisdiction whenever the Minister requests it.

The Committee may, in its opinions, make the recommendations it considers appropriate.

**“35.4.** In carrying out its mandate, the Committee may not act in a way that interferes with the penal or criminal investigations of the Unité permanente anticorruption and the resulting judicial proceedings or that compromises legally recognized privileges, in particular those relating to the confidentiality of investigation methods and the identity of police informants.

Also, the Committee may not request or accept information that could compromise the independence of peace officers with authority to investigate offences against the law.

**“35.5.** The Committee makes its opinions public. However, it must first consult the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions to ensure compliance with section 35.4.

The Committee may communicate to the government authorities and the persons in charge its opinions on any matter which, in its opinion, is within their jurisdiction.

**“35.6.** To fulfil its mandate, the Committee or the person it designates may, after having agreed on the applicable procedures with the Anti-Corruption Commissioner,

(1) examine, in relation to the activities of the Unité permanente anticorruption, any person acting within the unit; and

(2) examine any document, book, register or account that, in the opinion of the Committee or designated person, may contain information relevant to the mandate and take notes or make copies.

Any person who has the custody, possession or control of such documents, books, registers or accounts must, if so required, communicate them to the Committee or the person designated by it and facilitate their examination by the Committee or that person.

Committee members and designated persons must, on request, produce identification and show the documents attesting their authorization.

**“35.7.** Any person who

(1) hinders or attempts to hinder the work of a member of the Committee or of a person designated by it in the exercise of his or her functions, misleads the member or designated person by concealment or misrepresentation or refuses to provide the member or designated person with information,

(2) by an act or omission, helps a person to commit an offence under subparagraph 1, or

(3) by encouragement, advice or consent or by an authorization or order, induces another person to commit an offence under subparagraph 1,

is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine of \$4,000 to \$20,000.

For any subsequent offence, the amounts are doubled.

**“DIVISION II****“COMPOSITION AND OPERATION**

**“35.8.** The Committee is composed of three members, including a chair, appointed by the National Assembly on a motion of the Prime Minister and with the approval of two-thirds of its Members.

**“35.9.** A person must meet the following minimum requirements to be appointed as a member of the Committee and remain as such:

(1) be of good moral character; and

(2) not have been convicted anywhere of an offence for an act or omission that is either an offence under the Criminal Code (Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, chapter C-46) or an offence, referred to in section 183 of that Code, under any of the Acts listed in that section and that is related to the employment, unless he or she has obtained a pardon.

**“35.10.** A candidate for the office of Committee member is first chosen from a list of persons declared qualified to be appointed as such by the selection committee formed by the Minister for that purpose.

The selection committee is made up of the Deputy Minister of Public Security or that Deputy Minister’s representative, an advocate recommended by the Bâtonnier of the Province of Québec, and an associate professor or full professor at a Québec university in a field relevant to the Committee’s mandate.

The selection committee promptly evaluates the candidates on the basis of their knowledge, experience and qualifications, according to the criteria it determines. Without delay, the selection committee presents to the Prime Minister a report in which it lists the candidates it has met whom it considers qualified to be Committee members. The list must include three, four or five candidates according to whether one, two or three offices are to be filled. All information and documents regarding the candidates and the proceedings of the selection committee are confidential.

The members of a selection committee receive no remuneration, except in the cases, on the conditions and to the extent the Government may determine. They are, however, entitled to the reimbursement of any expenses incurred in the exercise of their functions, on the conditions and to the extent determined by the Government.

**“35.11.** The chair of the Committee is appointed for a seven-year term and other Committee members, for a five-year term. A Committee member may not be reappointed, whether for a consecutive term or otherwise, in any capacity.

At the expiry of the term, a Committee member remains in office until replaced. A Committee member may resign at any time by giving written notice to the President of the National Assembly.

A Committee member may be dismissed only by a resolution of the National Assembly approved by two-thirds of its Members.

**“35.12.** The Government determines the remuneration and other conditions of employment of the Committee members.

**“35.13.** The Committee holds meetings at the times and intervals it determines.

It may hold its meetings anywhere in Québec. The quorum consists of the chair and one other member.

**“35.14.** The members of the Committee’s personnel are appointed in accordance with the Public Service Act (chapter F-3.1.1).

**“35.15.** The chair of the Committee directs the activities of the Committee and coordinates its work.

If the chair is absent or unable to act, or if the office of chair is vacant, the Minister designates one of the other Committee members to act as interim chair.

**“35.16.** Before taking office, the Committee members must take the oath set out in Schedule III before the President of the National Assembly.

The members of the Committee’s personnel and any person designated under section 35.6 must do the same before the chair of the Committee.

### “DIVISION III

#### “REPORTS

**“35.17.** The Committee must, not later than (*insert the date that is one year after the date on which all the members of the Unité Permanente Anticorruption Oversight Committee referred to in section 35.8 have been appointed*) and each year after that, submit its activity report to the President of the National Assembly.

The President of the National Assembly tables the report in the National Assembly within 30 days after it is received if the Assembly is sitting or, if it is not, within 15 days of resumption.

**“35.18.** At least once a year, the competent committee of the National Assembly hears the chair of the Committee on the activities of the latter.

**“35.19.** The Committee may, at any time, submit a special report to the President of the National Assembly on any matter of such importance or urgency that the Assembly may not, in its opinion, wait for the tabling of its activity report.

The President of the National Assembly tables the report in the National Assembly within 30 days after it is received if the Assembly is sitting or, if it is not, within 15 days of resumption.

**“35.20.** Before submitting a report under this division, the Committee must consult the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions to ensure compliance with section 35.4.

**“35.21.** The Committee must, not later than *(insert the date that is five years after the date on which all the members of the Unité Permanente Anticorruption Oversight Committee referred to in section 35.8 have been appointed)*, report to the Minister on the carrying out of this chapter.

The Minister tables the report in the National Assembly within 30 days after it is received if the Assembly is sitting or, if it is not, within 15 days of resumption.

#### **“DIVISION IV**

#### **“IMMUNITIES**

**“35.22.** No civil action may be instituted for the publication of an opinion or a report of the Committee under this Act or the publication in good faith of an extract from or summary of such an opinion or report.

**“35.23.** No judicial proceedings may be brought against the Committee, its members, the members of its personnel or persons designated under section 35.6 for an act or omission in good faith in the exercise of their functions.

**“35.24.** Despite any provision to the contrary in any Act, members of the Committee, members of its personnel or persons designated under section 35.6 may not be compelled, in a judicial proceeding or a proceeding before a person or body exercising adjudicative functions, to make a deposition on information obtained in the exercise of their functions or to produce a document containing such information.

**“35.25.** Except on a question of jurisdiction, no application for judicial review under the Code of Civil Procedure (chapter C-25.01) may be filed nor any injunction granted against the Committee, its members, members of its personnel or persons designated under section 35.6 acting in the exercise of their functions.”

**23.** Schedule I to the Act is amended

(1) by replacing “(Section 7)” after “SCHEDULE I” by “(Sections 7 and 8.1)”;

(2) by replacing “Anti-Corruption Commissioner” in the first paragraph by “(Anti-Corruption Commissioner or Associate Commissioner for Investigations, as the case may be)”.

**24.** The Act is amended by adding the following schedule after Schedule II:

“SCHEDULE III

“(Section 35.16)

“OATH OF OFFICE

“I, (*name*), declare under oath that I will fulfill my duties with honesty and justice and that I will not accept any sum of money or benefit of any kind for what I do or may do in the discharge of the duties of my office, other than what is allowed me by law.

I further declare under oath that I will not reveal or disclose, unless duly authorized, anything that may come to my knowledge in or in connection with the discharge of my duties.”

POLICE ACT

**25.** Section 48 of the Police Act (chapter P-13.1) is amended by replacing “289.6” in the first paragraph by “89.1”.

**26.** The Act is amended by inserting the following division after section 89:

“DIVISION III.1

“SPECIALIZED POLICE FORCES

“**89.1.** For the purposes of the pursuit of its mission, a specialized police force shall have jurisdiction to prevent and repress statutory offences throughout Québec.

“**89.2.** The Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes established under section 289.5 and the police force formed under section 8.4 of the Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1) are specialized police forces.”

**27.** Section 120.1 of the Act, enacted by section 5 of chapter 20 of the statutes of 2017, is amended by replacing “the director of the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes” in paragraph 1 by “the person acting as director of a specialized police force”.



**28.** Section 126 of the Act is amended by striking out “to the Anti-Corruption Commissioner,” in the third paragraph.

**29.** Section 143 of the Act is amended by inserting “or the person acting as director of a specialized police force” at the end of subparagraph 1 of the second paragraph.

**30.** Section 257 of the Act is amended by replacing “the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes established under section 289.5, on the recommendation of the director of the Bureau” in the third paragraph by “a specialized police force, on the recommendation of the person acting as director of the police force”.

**31.** Section 286 of the Act is amended

(1) by inserting “or a peace officer within the meaning of section 14 of the Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1)” after “against a police officer” in the first paragraph;

(2) by adding the following paragraph at the end:

“The director of a police force must also notify the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes without delay in the case of an allegation against a police officer concerning a criminal offence of a sexual nature committed in the performance of duties.”

**32.** Section 287 of the Act is replaced by the following section:

**“287.** Not later than 45 days after the date the Minister is notified under section 286 and every three months thereafter, the director of the police force, the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes or the competent authority in respect of a special constable, as the case may be, shall notify the Minister in writing of the progress of the file the director, Bureau or authority is processing.”

**33.** Section 288 of the Act is amended by inserting “or the competent authority in respect of a special constable” after “director of the police force”.

**34.** Section 289 of the Act is amended

(1) by inserting “, a peace officer within the meaning of section 14 of the Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1)” after “police officer” in the first paragraph;

(2) by inserting “or the peace officer within the meaning of section 14 of the Anti-Corruption Act” after “police officer” in the second paragraph.

**35.** Section 289.1 of the Act is amended by inserting the following paragraph after the first paragraph:

“An investigation must also be conducted if the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes is notified of an allegation against a police officer concerning a criminal offence of a sexual nature committed in the performance of duties, unless the director of the Bureau considers the allegation to be frivolous or unfounded, after consulting, if the director finds it necessary, the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions.”

**36.** Section 289.2 of the Act is amended

- (1) by replacing “Minister” in the first paragraph by “Bureau”;
- (2) by striking out the second paragraph.

**37.** Section 289.4 of the Act is amended

(1) by replacing “the Bureau is charged with conducting under section 289.2” by “conducted by the Bureau in relation to an occurrence described in the first paragraph of section 289.1”;

(2) by replacing “an occurrence described in section 289.1” by “the occurrence”.

**38.** Section 289.5 of the Act is amended

- (1) by inserting “specialized” before “police force” in the fourth paragraph;
- (2) by adding the following sentence at the end of the fourth paragraph: “The director of the Bureau acts as director of the police force.”

**39.** Section 289.6 of the Act is replaced by the following section:

**“289.6.** The mission of the Bureau is to conduct any investigation in relation to an occurrence or allegation described in section 289.1 or any investigation entrusted to it by the Minister under section 289 or 289.3.”

**40.** Section 289.23 of the Act is amended by replacing “described in” by “described in the first paragraph of”.

**41.** Section 312 of the Act is amended by replacing “the Sûreté du Québec or a municipal police force,” by “a police force”.

**42.** Section 354 of the Act is amended

(1) by inserting “, a member of a specialized police force” after “municipal police force” in the first paragraph;

(2) by replacing “, a special constable or a member of the Bureau des enquêtes indépendantes” in the first paragraph by “or a special constable”.

## ACT RESPECTING THE DIRECTOR OF CRIMINAL AND PENAL PROSECUTIONS

**43.** The Act respecting the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions (chapter D-9.1.1) is amended by inserting the following chapter after section 24:

### “CHAPTER II.1

#### “POWERS OF THE DIRECTOR OF CRIMINAL AND PENAL PROSECUTIONS IN CIVIL, DISCIPLINARY AND FISCAL MATTERS

“**24.1.** Despite any incompatible provision, if the Director considers that the public interest allows it in the context of a cooperation agreement with a witness in a case referred to the Director, the Director may, in relation to facts that are the subject of a statement by the witness concerning that case or a similar case, terminate

(1) with regard to the witness, any civil proceeding instituted by a public body, before the judgment in first instance is rendered on the merits of the dispute;

(2) the hearing of a complaint against the witness before the disciplinary council of a professional order; or

(3) any measure taken in relation to the witness for the purposes of a fiscal law within the meaning of section 1 of the Tax Administration Act (chapter A-6.002) if that measure precedes the issue of an assessment or a determination under such a law or, in the case of an assessment or a determination that has already been issued, if the time limit for objecting to the assessment or determination or for bringing an appeal has not expired or a judgment has not been rendered by the Court of Québec with respect to the assessment or determination.

Before entering into a cooperation agreement to terminate the hearing of a complaint filed before the disciplinary council of a professional order, the Director, if able to do so without revealing the identity of the witness or interfering with an ongoing police investigation, consults the syndic of the professional order concerned and takes into account the syndic’s opinion on the effects of such an agreement on the protection of the public and the importance of maintaining public trust in the members of the order.

For the purposes of this chapter, “public body” means a body described in section 4 or 7 of the Act respecting contracting by public bodies (chapter C-65.1) or a municipal body within the meaning of section 5 of the Act respecting Access to documents held by public bodies and the Protection of personal information (chapter A-2.1).

**“24.2.** To terminate a civil proceeding, the Director must notify a notice to that effect to the parties and file the notice with the office of the court concerned.

To terminate the hearing of a complaint before a disciplinary council, the Director must notify a notice to that effect to the complainant and the secretary of the disciplinary council. Before sending such a notice, the Director shall consult the syndic of the professional order concerned with regard to the evidence contained in the syndic’s investigation record that concerns the complaint and is subject to a disclosure requirement in the context of the disciplinary process.

To terminate a measure taken for the purposes of a fiscal law, the Director must notify a notice to that effect to the Minister of Revenue and, if the cooperating witness has brought an appeal before the Court of Québec, file the notice with the office of that court.

**“24.3.** If the Director terminates a civil proceeding, the public body and the cooperating witness each bear the legal expenses they have incurred.

**“24.4.** If the Director terminates the witness cooperation agreement for a reason provided for in the agreement and relating to the testimony of or any statement by the witness, the Director must notify a notice to that effect to the persons notified under section 24.2.

**“24.5.** Solely on notification of the notice required under section 24.4, the public body, the complainant or the Minister of Revenue, as the case may be, may reinstitute a judicial application, again seize the disciplinary council of a complaint or reinstate a measure taken for the purposes of a fiscal law that was terminated by the Director under section 24.1. In such a case, the applicable prescription period begins to run again from the date of notification of the notice required under section 24.4.”

#### TAX ADMINISTRATION ACT

**44.** Section 69.1 of the Tax Administration Act (chapter A-6.002) is amended by inserting “, the Associate Commissioner for Investigations” after “Associate Commissioners for Audits” in subparagraph y of the second paragraph.

**45.** The Act is amended by inserting the following division after section 94.8:

#### **“DIVISION I.2**

#### **“COOPERATION AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO BY THE DIRECTOR OF CRIMINAL AND PENAL PROSECUTIONS**

**“94.9.** Where the Minister receives a notice under section 24.2 of the Act respecting the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions (chapter D-9.1.1), the Minister shall take the necessary measures to give effect to it.

The same rule applies where the Minister receives a notice under section 24.4 of the Act respecting the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions and, in the case of an assessment, a determination or an appeal before the Court of Québec terminated by the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions in accordance with section 24.1 of that Act, the Minister may, within one year after receipt of the notice, issue a new assessment or determination taking into account the elements of the terminated measure.

In the management report required under section 75 of the Act respecting the Agence du revenu du Québec (chapter A-7.003), the Minister shall report on the implementation of the first paragraph during the fiscal year concerned in a manner that will ensure the confidentiality of the information.”

#### CHARTER OF VILLE DE MONTRÉAL, METROPOLIS OF QUÉBEC

**46.** Section 57.1.18 of the Charter of Ville de Montréal, metropolis of Québec (chapter C-11.4) is amended by replacing the first paragraph by the following paragraph:

“If, in the opinion of the inspector general, a wrongdoing within the meaning of paragraph 1 of section 2 of the Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1) may have been committed, the inspector general must, without delay, make a disclosure to the Anti-Corruption Commissioner.”

#### PROFESSIONAL CODE

**47.** Section 124 of the Professional Code (chapter C-26) is amended by inserting “or between the syndics and the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions within the scope of the powers conferred on the Director by Chapter II.1 of the Act respecting the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions (chapter D-9.1.1)” at the end of the second paragraph.

**48.** The Code is amended by inserting the following section after section 139.1:

**“139.2.** A notice of the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions notified to the secretary of a disciplinary council in accordance with the second paragraph of section 24.2 of the Act respecting the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions (chapter D-9.1.1) withdraws the complaint that is the subject of the notice from the disciplinary council; the notice is public information from the time it is notified.

The secretary of the disciplinary council must, without delay after receiving such a notice, send it to the chair of the disciplinary council or, if the chair has not yet been appointed, to the senior chair.”

ACT RESPECTING THE FORFEITURE, ADMINISTRATION AND  
APPROPRIATION OF PROCEEDS AND INSTRUMENTS OF  
UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY

**49.** Section 25 of the Act respecting the forfeiture, administration and appropriation of proceeds and instruments of unlawful activity (chapter C-52.2) is amended by inserting “or the Anti-Corruption Commissioner” after “Sûreté du Québec” in subparagraph 4 of the first paragraph.

PUBLIC SERVICE ACT

**50.** Section 115 of the Public Service Act (chapter F-3.1.1) is amended by adding the following subparagraph after subparagraph 3 of the first paragraph:

“(4) report to the Minister of Public Security, after conducting an inquiry, on whether there is sufficient cause to dismiss or suspend without remuneration the Anti-Corruption Commissioner or an Associate Commissioner as provided for in sections 5.4 and 8.3 of the Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1).”

CODE OF ETHICS OF QUÉBEC POLICE OFFICERS

**51.** Section 1 of the Code of ethics of Québec police officers (chapter P-13.1, r. 1) is amended by striking out “the Anti-Corruption Commissioner,” in the second paragraph.

TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

**52.** Despite the first paragraph of section 5.2 of the Anti-Corruption Act (chapter L-6.1), enacted by section 5, the term of the Anti-Corruption Commissioner in office on 14 February 2018 continues on the conditions and for the time determined in the Commissioner’s instrument of appointment.

**53.** For the first application of the fourth paragraph of section 35.10 of the Anti-Corruption Act, enacted by section 22, the Government is deemed to have determined that the members of the selection committee who are not employees of a government department are entitled to

(1) fees of \$200 per half-day of attendance at meetings; and

(2) the reimbursement of the expenses incurred in the exercise of their functions in accordance with the Directive concernant les frais de déplacement des personnes engagées à honoraires par des organismes publics issued by the Conseil du trésor on 26 March 2013 (French only) and its subsequent amendments.

**54.** This Act comes into force on 14 February 2018, except

(1) section 22, to the extent that it enacts Divisions I, III and IV of Chapter III.1 of the Anti-Corruption Act, which comes into force on the date on which all the members referred to in section 35.8 of that Act have been appointed;

(2) section 27, which comes into force on the date to be set by the Government.