Draft Regulations

Draft Regulation

Civil Protection Act (chapter S-2.3)

Warning and mobilization procedures and minimum rescue services required for the protection of persons and property in the event of a disaster

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (chapter R-18.1), that the Regulation respecting warning and mobilization procedures and minimum rescue services required for the protection of persons and property in the event of a disaster, appearing below, may be made by the Minister on the expiry of 45 days following this publication. This notice replaces the notice published in French on 22 February 2017 in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* (2017, *G.O.* 2, 375).

The draft Regulation determines the warning and mobilization procedures and minimum rescue services required for the protection of persons and property in the event of an actual or imminent major disaster that every local municipality must ensure to have in its territory until the first civil protection plan binding the local municipality comes into force.

The measures proposed in the draft Regulation have no impact on enterprises, including small and mediumsized businesses.

Further information on the draft Regulation may be obtained by contacting Marc Morin, head of the Service de l'analyse et des politiques, Direction générale de la sécurité civile et de la sécurité incendie, Ministère de la Sécurité publique, at 418 646-6777, extension 40064.

Any person wishing to comment on the matter is requested to submit written comments before the expiry of the 45-day period to Véronyck Fontaine, Secretary General, Ministère de la Sécurité publique, tour des Laurentides, 5° étage, 2525, boulevard Laurier, Québec (Québec) GIV 2L2.

MARTIN COITEUX, Minister of Public Security

Regulation respecting warning and mobilization procedures and minimum rescue services required for the protection of persons and property in the event of a disaster

Civil Protection Act (chapter S-2.3, s. 194)

DIVISION I

WARNING AND MOBILIZATION PROCEDURES

- **1.** The warning and mobilization procedures of a local municipality specify the conditions applicable in order to warn its population and to warn and mobilize the persons designated by the municipality in the event of an actual or imminent major disaster.
- **2.** A local municipality must at all times be able to issue the warning and to mobilize the persons designated by the municipality.
- **3.** The warning to the persons designated by the municipality is issued according to the warning plan of the municipality. The plan describes the warning procedure and identifies the persons designated by the municipality who must be warned in the event of an actual or imminent major disaster. The plan also identifies who is responsible for warning those persons.
- **4.** When a warning to the persons designated by the municipality is issued, the municipal civil protection coordinator designated by the municipality or his or her substitute must, as required,
- (1) mobilize the persons designated by the municipality using a mobilization list and a directory of resources prepared by the municipality; and
- (2) coordinate the implementation of the emergency preparedness plan.
- **5.** The mayor, the acting mayor, the municipal civil protection coordinator or his or her substitute, or any other person designated by the municipality, may
- (1) approve the content of the warning message to the population;

- (2) authorize the dissemination of the warning message; and
 - (3) issue the warning to the population.

The warning message to the population must mention, in particular, the nature of the disaster, its location and the safety instructions to be followed.

DIVISION II MINIMUM RESCUE SERVICES

- **6.** A local municipality must be able to disseminate among its population information intended to protect the persons and property in its territory in the event of an actual or imminent major disaster.
- **7.** A local municipality must designate locations that can, in the event of an actual or imminent disaster, be used as a coordination centre or as service and temporary housing centres for victims.
- **8.** A coordination centre must have telephone and computer equipment allowing for the reception, processing and transmission of information on the management of the disaster and of the space needed to receive the persons designated by the municipality.

In addition, the municipality must be able to overcome an interruption in electrical supply that could occur in the centre.

9. Service and temporary housing centres for victims must be equipped with sanitary facilities.

In addition, the municipality must be able to overcome an interruption in electrical supply that could occur in those centres.

- **10.** A local municipality must be able to provide victims with reception, information, temporary housing, food and clothing services.
- **11.** A local municipality must develop procedures to evacuate and confine the population threatened by an actual or imminent major disaster and be able to implement them if need be.

The procedures must include

(1) the names and contact information of the persons designated by the municipality to authorize the evacuation or confinement of the population;

- (2) the names and contact information of the persons responsible for evacuation and confinement operations, as well as the respective responsibilities of each of those persons;
- (3) the general instructions to be disseminated among the population;
- (4) the means to be used to disseminate the notice of evacuation or confinement of the population;
- (5) the collection points, itineraries and means of transportation to evacuate the population;
- (6) the means to be used to make a census of the persons evacuated; and
- (7) the means to be implemented to monitor the sectors evacuated.
- **12.** This Regulation comes into force 18 months after the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

102922

Draft Regulation

Code of Penal Procedure (chapter C-25.1)

Court costs in penal matters applicable to persons under 18 years of age

-Amendment

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (chapter R-18.1), that the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting certain court costs in penal matters applicable to persons under 18 years of age, appearing below, may be made by the Government on the expiry of 45 days following this publication.

The draft Regulation follows up on the assent, on 19 November 2015, to the Act mainly to make the administration of justice more efficient and fines for minors more deterrent (2015, chapter 26). That Act increases from \$100 to \$500 the maximum limit of the fines or security that may be imposed on a person under 18 years of age, while increasing to \$750 the limit to fines for offences against the Highway Safety Code (chapter C-24.2) or the Act respecting off-highway vehicles (chapter V-1.2).