- **20.** No fee is payable under this Regulation when the application for recalculation is made in response to a recalculation notice containing a clerical error or calculation error that is not rectified within 30 days of the date of the notice, provided that the application is made within 90 days of the date of the notice.
- **21.** The Commission des services juridiques reimburses half of the fees paid by a parent when the application is made by only one parent and SARPA notes, after examining the information and documents obtained from the other parent, that it cannot recalculate the child support because the recalculation applied for requires a judicial assessment.

The Commission also reimburses half of the fees paid by a parent when SARPA notes, following a change in the situation of the parents or of their child, that it cannot recalculate the child support because the recalculation applied for requires a judicial assessment.

## **CHAPTER V**

FINAL

**22.** This Regulation comes into force on 1 April 2014.

3261

Gouvernement du Québec

## **O.C. 147-2014,** 19 February 2014

Courts of Justice Act (chapter T-16)

## **Tariff of Court Costs in Civil Matters and Court Office Fees**

—Amendment

Regulation to amend the Tariff of Court Costs in Civil Matters and Court Office Fees

WHEREAS, under section 224 of the Courts of Justice Act (chapter T-16), the Government fixes the tariff of court costs and court office fees;

WHEREAS, under the provision, the Government made the Tariff of Court Costs in Civil Matters and Court Office Fees (chapter T-16, r. 9); WHEREAS it is necessary to amend the tariff to provide that, where the registration or filing of a recalculation notice is required for the purposes of the Act to promote access to justice in family matters (2012, chapter 20), the tariff is exempt from the payment of office fees;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (chapter R-18.1), a draft of the Regulation to amend the Tariff of Court Costs in Civil Matters and Court Office Fees was published in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 13 November 2013 with a notice that it could be made by the Government on the expiry of 45 days following that publication;

WHEREAS it is expedient to make the Regulation without amendment:

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice:

THAT the Regulation to amend the Tariff of Court Costs in Civil Matters and Court Office Fees, attached to this Order in Council, be made.

JEAN ST-GELAIS, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

## Regulation to amend the Tariff of Court Costs in Civil Matters and Court Office Fees

Courts of Justice Act (chapter T-16, s. 224)

- **1.** The Tariff of Court Costs in Civil Matters and Court Office Fees (chapter T-16, r. 9) is amended in section 23 by adding "Subparagraph 1 of the first paragraph does not apply either where the registration or filing of a recalculation notice is required for the purposes of the Act to promote access to justice in family matters (2012, chapter 20)." at the end of the second paragraph.
- **2.** This Regulation comes into force on 1 April 2014.

3262