centimetres (6,460.74 m), to point 1004, being the natural high-water mark of the west shore of Lake Champion (Category II); thence south, along the natural high-water mark of the west shore of Lake Champion (Category II), to a point located five metres and thirteen centimetres (5.13 m) on an azimuth of 63° 29' 00" from post #21; thence south 63° 29' 00" west for a distance of six hundred and forty metres and fifty-one centimetres (640.51 m), to station 72; thence along a line, south 63° 27' 00" west for a distance of six hundred and seventy metres and ninety-four centimetres (670.94 m), to station 68; thence south 63° 25' 00" west, for a distance of five thousand eight hundred and fifty-five metres and sixty-four centimetres (5,855.64 m), to post #12, the point of commencement.

The lake whose geocentric co-ordinates are approximately 51° 40′ 15" north and 76° 24′ 23" west is entirely included in this lot, and the lakes whose geocentric co-ordinates are approximately 51° 39′ 50" north and 76° 25′ 20" west and 51° 45′ 15" north and 76° 17′ 09" west are entirely excluded from this lot.

This lot 2 (Category IB) described above has an area of fifty-five and four-tenths square kilometres (55.4 km²), or twenty-on and four-tenths square miles (21.4 mi²), and is shown on a 1:50,000 scale map drawn up by Samson and Monaghan, Land Surveyors, dated October 30, 1978, and deposited in the archives of the Service de l'Arpentage of the Ministère des Terres et Forêts of the Province of Quebec.

Project: Nemiscau — James Bay

File: 56420/60-A

Prepared at Quebec City, October 30, 1978

Samson, Monaghan, land surveyors

MICHEL SAMSON, QLS BRIAN MONAGHAN, QLS, MSC

Note: Where the French and English texts differ, the French text prevails.

1822

Gouvernement du Québec

## **O.C. 1390-97,** 22 October 1997

An Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories (R.S.Q., c. R-13.1)

Transfer to the Government of Canada of the administration, management and control of Category 1A lands

- First Nation of Whapmagoostui
- Amendment

Amendment to Order in Council 145-95 dated 1 February 1995 concerning the transfer to the Government of Canada, by final deed, of the administration, management and control of Category 1A lands for the exclusive use and benefit of the First Nation of Whapmagoostui, under section 22 of the Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories

WHEREAS under section 18 of the Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories (R.S.Q., c. R-13.1), the Government shall, as soon as possible by order in council, and upon such conditions as it may determine in accordance with that Act, allocate and transfer the administration, management and control of the Category IA lands of a total area of three thousand two hundred and ninety-nine and six-tenths (3 299.6) square kilometres to the Government of Canada for the exclusive use and benefit of the local governments;

WHEREAS under the terms of Order in Council 145-95 dated 1 February 1995, the Gouvernement du Québec transferred the administration, management and control of Category 1A lands for the exclusive use and benefit of the First Nation of Whapmagoostui, under section 22 of the Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories;

WHEREAS a technical territorial description was attached to that Order in Council;

WHEREAS that technical territorial description required minor technical amendments and it is expedient to replace it;

WHEREAS the Minister of Natural Resources is responsible for the administration of the Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories;

WHEREAS the amendments proposed by this Order in Council also constitute an intergovernmental agreement within the meaning of section 3.7 of the Act respecting the Ministère du Conseil exécutif (R.S.Q., c. M-30) and under section 3.8 of that Act, Canadian intergovernmental agreements must, to be valid, be approved by the Government and be signed by the Minister for Canadian Intergovernmental Affairs;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister for Mines, Lands and Forests, the Minister of State for Natural Resources, the Minister of Natural Resources and the Minister for Canadian Intergovernmental Affairs:

THAT this Order in Council amend Order in Council 145-95 dated 1 February 1995 so as to substitute the technical description attached to this Order in Council for the technical territorial description attached to Order in Council 145-95, the original of which is filed in the records of the Service de l'arpentage of the Ministère des Ressources naturelles, under the number "Divers 12/402";

THAT three copies of this Order in Council be forwarded to the Government of Canada to amend the transfer instrument, by final deed, of the administration, management and control of Category 1A lands for the exclusive use and benefit of the First Nation of Whapmagoostui, made by Order in Council 145-95 dated 1 February 1995;

THAT these amendments become effective only on the date of their acceptance by the Government of Canada.

MICHEL CARPENTIER, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

TERRITORIAL DESCRIPTION OF BLOCK 7 IN THE GREAT WHALE RIVER BASIN TERRITORY OF NEW QUEBEC (COMMUNITY OF KUUJJUARAPIK/ WHAPMAGOOSTUI)

## **Block 7 (Category IA lands)**

A territory situated on the north shore of the Great Whale River, which flows into Hudson Bay; this territory, whose approximate geocentric co-ordinates are 77° 27' east and 55° 15 north, is bounded to the northwest by Block 6 (proposed Inuit Category I lands), to the northeast by Category II lands, to the east by Block 8 (Category IB lands), and to the south and southwest by a line parallel to and distant inland sixty metres and ninety-six centimetres (60.96 m or 200.0 ft.) from the high-

water mark of the Great Whale River. This block can be described more particularly by the following geometric segments, geographical features and other boundaries:

Commencing at a point south of the community of Kuujjuarapik, and on the high-water mark of the Great Whale River, designated as point I, as shown on the 1:50,000-scale map deposited in the archives of the Service de l'Arpentage of the Ministère de l'Énergie et des Ressources du Québec under the name "Divers 150-5a1", said point being situated approximately one thousand six hundred metres ( $\pm 1,600$  m or 1.0 mi.) northeast of the mouth of the Great Whale River and on the southern end of the boundary between Block 6 (proposed Inuit Category I lands) and Block 7 (Category IA lands); from point I, following the demarcation lines passing through points "I", "H", "G", "F", "E", "D", "C", "B" and "A", as shown on the above-mentioned map ("Divers 150-5a1") prepared by land surveyor G H Huard on December 3, 1979 and revised by land surveyor Michel Samson on February 10, 1984 and, more particularly on the 1:2,000-scale map prepared by the undersigned on February 10, 1984 and deposited in the archives of the Service de l'Arpentage of the Ministère de l'Énergie et des Ressources du Québec under the name "Divers 150-5a2".

From point "A" (marker No 2), following the boundary between Block 6 and Block 7, on an azimuth of forty-five degrees, sixteen minutes and twelve seconds (45° 16' 12"), for a distance of four hundred and ten metres and fifty-seven centimetres (410.57 m) to marker No 3: thence, on an azimuth of twenty-eight degrees, fourteen minutes and seven seconds (28° 14' 07"), for a distance of one hundred and sixteen metres and sixteen centimetres (116.16 m) to marker No 4; thence, continuing along the boundary between Block 6 and Block 7, on an azimuth of twenty-eight degrees and eleven minutes (28° 11'), for a distance of four thousand three hundred and ninety-one metres and twenty-nine centimetres (4,391.29 m) to marker No 10; thence, on an azimuth of forty-six degrees and thirty-seven minutes (46° 37'), for a distance of four thousand one hundred and twenty-five metres and four hundred and nineteen millimetres (4,125.419 m) to marker No 17-1; thence, on an azimuth of seventy-five degrees and seventeen minutes (75° 17'), for a distance of seven hundred and ninety-eight metres and eight hundred and eighty-five millimetres (798.885 m) to marker No 19-1; thence, following the boundary between Block 6 and Block 7, on an azimuth of seventy-five degrees and sixteen minutes (75° 16'), for a distance of four hundred sixty-five metres and four hundred and eighty-eight millimetres (465.488 m) to marker No 27; thence, following the boundary between Block 7 and Category II lands, on an azimuth of one hundred and seventy-eight degrees and thirty minutes (178° 30'), for a distance of two thousand five hundred and seventy-eight metres and twenty-three centimetres (2,578.23 m) to marker No 30; thence, on an azimuth of one hundred and nine degrees (109° 00'), for a distance of nine thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven metres and seventy-four centimetres (9,967.74 m) to marker No 42; thence, continuing along the boundary between Block 7 and Category II land, on an azimuth of one hundred and eighteen degrees (118° 00'), for a distance of twenty thousand two hundred and ninety metres and seventy-six centimetres (20,290.76 m) to marker No 63; thence, following the boundary between Block 7 (Category IA lands) and Block 8 (Category IB lands), on an azimuth of one hundred and eighty degrees (180° 00'), for a distance of four thousand eight hundred and eight metres and forty-nine centimetres (4,808.49 m) to a point located on a line parallel to and distant inland sixty metres and ninety-six centimetres (60.96 m or 200.0 ft.) from the high-water mark of the Great Whale River, said point being twenty-four metres and sixty-nine centimetres (24.69 m) north of marker No 94; thence, generally west, north, northwest and west, following a line parallel to and distant inland sixty metres and ninety-six centimetres (60.96 m or 200.0 ft.) from the high-water mark of the Great Whale River, to a point situated one thousand six hundred and nine metres and thirty-four centimetres (1,609.34 m or 1.0 mi.) east of point I; from said point, south for a distance of sixty metres and ninety-six centimetres (60.96 m or 200.0 ft.) to the highwater mark of the Great Whale River; thence, generally west following the high-water mark of the Great Whale River to point I, or the point of commencement.

Note that the lakes having the following approximate geocentric co-ordinates are included in Block 7:

West	North
77° 44' 37"	55° 17' 00"
77° 43′ 51″	55° 17' 49"
77° 38' 45"	55° 20' 25"
77° 38' 06"	55° 19' 13"

While the lakes having the following approximate geocentric co-ordinates are excluded:

West	North
77° 42' 41"	55° 19' 08"
77° 41' 53"	55° 19' 31"
77° 38' 42"	55° 19' 32"
77° 38' 35"	55° 19' 24"
77° 27' 35"	55° 16' 55"

Block 7, which consists of Category IA lands, covers an area of two hundred and four square kilometres and sixty-five hundredths of a square kilometre (204.65 km<sup>2</sup> or 79.0 sq. mi.).

In this description, the International System of Units (SI) is used to indicate distances and astronomic azimuths are used. Values in this description, with the exception of those between terminus markers 4 and 83-22 (point I) and between terminus markers 17-1 and 27, were taken from the description prepared on December 3, 1979 by land surveyor Georges-Henri Huard and revised on February 10, 1984 by land surveyor Michel Samson.

All monuments marking the boundaries of this block are aluminum terminus-type markers, except for markers 83-1 to 83-16 and 83-18 to 83-22, which are iron rods measuring between one and three metres in length and one inch in diameter.

This territorial description supersedes the description of Block 7 in the Great Whale River Basin prepared on December 3, 1979 by land surveyor G H Huard and revised on February 10, 1984 by land surveyor Michel Samson, as well as the description prepared by the undersigned on February 20, 1990.

QUEBEC CITY, March 29, 1993

ROBERT BUSSIÈRES, land surveyor

Enc.: "Divers" 12/402

NOTE: Where the French and English texts differ, the French text prevails.

1823

Gouvernement du Québec

## O.C. 1391-97, 22 October 1997

An Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories (R.S.Q., c. R-13.1)

Transfer to the Government of Canada of the administration, management and control of Category 1A lands

— Waskaganish Band

— Amendment

Amendment to Order in Council 146-95 dated 1 February 1995 concerning the transfer to the Government of Canada, by final deed, of the administration, management and control of Category 1A lands for the exclusive use and benefit of the Waskaganish Band, under section 22 of the Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories

WHEREAS under section 18 of the Act respecting land regime in the James Bay and New Québec territories