- "(2) legal aid was granted, in proceedings under the Youth Protection Act, in order to ensure representation of or assistance to a minor;
- (3) legal aid was granted, in proceedings under the Young Offenders Act, in order to ensure the defense of a young person prosecuted for an offence against persons who, under the first paragraph, would otherwise be required to make such repayment.".
- **28.** The words "to the legal aid centre in the same matter" are substituted for the words "and including, in the case provided for in section 26, the administrative expenses collected by the legal aid centre" in section 40.
- **29.** Paragraph 4 of section 41 is deleted.
- **30.** The following section is inserted in Division VII, before section 44:
- **"43.1** In addition to the legal services for which legal aid is granted under section 4.5 of the Legal Aid Act, that aid shall be granted, in first instance, in any of the following cases:
- (1) to ensure the defense of a person who, being the subject of a conditional sentence order under section 742.1 of the Criminal Code (R.S.C., 1985, c. C-46), appears before the court under section 742.6 of that Code for a breach of a condition of that order; or
- (2) to ensure the defense of a person who, in any of the following cases, is prosecuted before a court for an offence described in paragraph 3 of section 4.5 of the Legal Aid Act:
- (a) the person is detained at the time of his appearance, unless the detention results from his failure to be present in court when required to appear;
- (b) the person is prosecuted for sexual assault or for an offence that consists in having mistreated his spouse or children:
- (c) the person will be brought before the court in the presence of a child under 14 years of age.

Section 4.6 of the Legal Aid Act applies, adapted as required, to appeals lodged and extraordinary recourses exercised in a matter referred to in this section.".

31. The word "suppléent" is substituted for the words "suppléent à" in the French version of paragraph 5 of the statutes of Québec listed in section 44.

- **32.** The following is inserted at the end of Division VII:
- "45.1 Legal advice for which legal aid may be granted under section 4.4 and the second paragraph of section 32.1 of the Legal Aid Act shall be given either by advocates or notaries in the employ of a legal aid centre, or by advocates or notaries in private practice."
- **33.** The provisions of this Regulation will come into force on (enter here the date of the 15th day following the date of its publication in the Gazette officielle du Québec).

1609

Draft Regulation

Legal Aid Act (R.S.Q., c. A-14; 1996, c. 23)

Legal aid plan

— Conditions of practice, procedure for the settlement of disputes and tariff of fees of advocates

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with section 10 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), that the Regulation to ratify the Agreement between the Minister of Justice and the Barreau du Québec entered into on 4 April 1997 respecting the conditions of practice, the procedure for the settlement of disputes and the tariff of fees of advocates under the legal aid plan, the text of which appears below, may be made by the Government upon the expiry of 45 days following this publication.

The purpose of the Draft Regulation is to replace the Regulation respecting the conditions of practice, the procedure for the settlement of disputes and the tariff of fees of advocates under the legal aid plan, made by Order in Council 1171-96 dated 18 September 1996.

In accordance with the first paragraph of section 81 of the Legal Aid Act, the Minister of Justice has negotiated with the Barreau du Québec an Agreement respecting the Tariff of fees of advocates in private practice under the legal aid plan. An Agreement to that effect was entered into on 4 April 1997.

The aim of the Draft Regulation is to ratify that Agreement.

The Draft Regulation has an impact on advocates in private practice who agree to provide services under the legal aid plan, since the Agreement fixes the fees payable to them and some of the conditions for the fulfilment of the mandates they receive.

Further information may be obtained by contacting Mr. Jacques Mercier, 1200, route de l'Église, 4e étage, Sainte-Foy (Québec), G1V 4M1, tel.: (418) 643-7222, fax: (418) 643-9749.

Any interested person having comments to make on the matter is asked to send them in writing to the Minister of Justice, 1200, route de l'Église, 9° étage, Sainte-Foy (Québec), G1V 4M1, before the expiry of 45 days following this publication.

Paul Bégin, Minister of Justice

Regulation to ratify the Agreement between the Minister of Justice and the Barreau du Québec entered into on 4 April 1997 respecting the conditions of practice, the procedure for the settlement of disputes and the tariff of fees of advocates under the legal aid plan

Legal Aid Act (R.S.Q., c. A-14, s. 81; 1996, c. 23, s. 43, par. 2)

- **1.** The Agreement attached hereto entered into on 4 April 1997 between the Minister of Justice and the Barreau du Québec respecting the conditions of practice, the procedure for the settlement of disputes and the tariff of fees of advocates under the legal aid plan is hereby ratified.
- **2.** This Regulation comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication and of the publication of the Agreement it ratifies in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

It has effect since 1 April 1997.

AGREEMENT

PRELIMINARY

- 1. For the purposes of this Agreement, the term "legal aid body" means a legal aid centre, a legal aid bureau or the Commission des services juridiques; it includes any organization or person that issues certificates of eligibility for legal aid.
- 2. This Agreement governs, for the purposes of the legal aid plan, any advocate who agrees to render professional services to a legal aid recipient, with the exception of an advocate who is employed by a legal aid centre.

CHAPTER I CONDITIONS OF PRACTICE

DIVISION I

FREE CHOICE OF AN ADVOCATE

- 3. A person who is financially eligible may consult an advocate in private practice before submitting an application for legal aid under section 62 of the Legal Aid Act.
- 4. An application for legal aid may be submitted by the advocate himself on behalf of a person in favour of whom a conditional certificate of eligibility may be issued under the Act. In such case, the application shall be verbal.
- 5. A legal aid body shall, according to the criteria set forth in the Act, distribute equitably among the advocates the mandates for which recipients wish to be represented by an advocate registered in the legal aid plan but have not chosen a particular advocate.
- 6. Where there is a substitution of attorney to which section 81 of the Regulation respecting the application of the Legal Aid Act applies, the legal aid centre shall inform the advocate of record in writing that the recipient has requested a substitution of attorney and shall inform him of the name of the new attorney.

The preceding provision applies in like manner where the advocate of record or the new attorney is an advocate employed by a legal aid body.

7. An advocate representing a person for the exercising of a right in respect of which the person becomes a legal aid recipient shall retain his mandate, subject to the provisions of the Act.

In such case, the legal aid body issuing the certificate of eligibility shall so inform the advocate of record and shall request his consent to continue the mandate, on the terms set forth by the Legal Aid Act and the Regulations thereunder.

DIVISION IIPROFESSIONAL FREEDOM

- 8. The legal aid plan shall respect an advocate's professional freedom; in particular, the plan shall recognize the advocate's professional autonomy and shall preserve the personal and privileged nature of his relationship with the recipient.
- 9. Under the legal aid plan an advocate shall maintain his professional autonomy. It is his responsibility to

determine which services he must render within the context of a legal aid mandate, while acting in the best interests of the recipient.

An advocate shall comply with the mandate he receives from the legal aid body on behalf of the recipient; the conditions of the mandate are intended to identify the type of legal aid required by the recipient.

- 10. The legal aid body shall refrain from intervening in the conduct of the advocate's mandate; however, it may satisfy itself that the mandate is fulfilled. The conduct of the advocate's mandate includes recourse to any expert reports that, according to recognized professional practices, may be justified by the nature and scope of the case, in conformity with the Act and the Regulations. The advocate shall obtain the authorization of the general manager of the legal aid centre before having recourse to expert reports. The general manager shall fix a maximum amount for the advocate's fees and the fees for expert reports.
- 11. An advocate is at liberty to accept a legal aid mandate.
- 12. He may terminate any mandate in accordance with recognized standards of practice; in such case, he shall so inform the legal aid body and the recipient in writing.
- 13. The advocate shall render an account to the recipient of the conduct of his mandate and shall report to the legal aid body from which he received the mandate concerning the professional services that he has rendered.

In communicating with the Commission or a legal aid body, the advocate shall respect professional secrecy.

DIVISION IIIREMUNERATION

14. Every legal service rendered in accordance with the provisions of the Legal Aid Act and this Agreement by an advocate or to the extent provided for in section 52 of the Act, by an advocate in training under his supervision, shall be remunerated according to the tariff appearing in Schedule II to this Agreement.

A professional service related to the exercise of a right consequential to a statute or a regulation and for which this Agreement does not prescribe a rate or the payment of a special consideration is subject to a remuneration.

In such case, the legal aid body shall evaluate the advocate's statement of fees and fix the amount of remuneration. Such decisions may be the subject of a dispute.

15. The advocate shall forward his statement of fees to the legal aid body from which he received his mandate within three years following the end of that mandate. That deadline is mandatory. Payment shall be made within 45 days following receipt of the statement.

In the cases determined by regulation, the statement of fees shall be forwarded to the Commission and shall be paid by it within that same deadline.

Where there is a substitution of advocate under section 81.1 of the Regulation respecting the application of the Legal Aid Act, the statement of fees shall be sent by the advocate who received the mandate and the payment of fees and disbursements is made as if there had been no substitution.

16. A statement of fees may be an interim or final account. Statements shall be submitted on the form provided by the Commission.

An interim account covers professional services rendered in a case ready for hearing at 30 June of a given year. Professional services rendered for the preparation of the personal information forms referred to in section T 193 of Schedule II may be covered by an interim account.

17. Any amount due and unpaid on a statement of fees drawn up in accordance with the Act and this Agreement shall commence to bear annual interest 45 days after it is received by the legal aid body or the Commission, as the case may be.

The interest rate shall be equal to the discount rate of the Bank of Canada in force on 1 April and 1 October each year, plus one and one-half percent (1.5%). The rate thus fixed shall be in force for the following six months.

- 18. A statement of fees is complete when it mentions the services rendered according to the nomenclature in the tariff in Schedule II.
- 19. Disbursements are a part of the statement of fees and include fees for expert reports and other fees pertaining to proceedings incidental to the legal aid mandate, including expenses for subpoena by bailiff or by registered or certified mail.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, disbursements may appear on a separate statement. They shall be paid by the legal aid body which gave the mandate or by the Commission within 45 days of the receipt of a statement of disbursement.

20. An advocate shall receive no reimbursement for travel and parking within a radius of 25 km from his office.

The advocate is entitled to the maximum reimbursement for travel expenses for the use of a personal car, fixed by the rules respecting civil servants travelling expenses made by the Conseil du trésor under the Financial Administration Act (R.S.Q., c. A-6),

- (1) according to the distance actually travelled, in the case of a trip beyond a 25-km radius from his office and within the boundaries of the judicial district where he has his office:
- (2) according to the distance actually travelled, up to 200 km, in the case of a trip beyond a 25-km radius from his office and outside the boundaries of the judicial district where he has his office;
- (3) according to the distance actually travelled, in the case of an attendance at the Supreme Court of Canada, at the Court of Appeal of Québec or at the Federal Court, made beyond a 25-km radius from his office and outside the boundaries of the judicial district where he has his office, or of an attendance at a court or body which carries out its jurisdiction outside the boundaries of the judicial district where the advocate has his office; notwithstanding the preceding, where the advocate has his office in a judicial district other than the one where the legal aid centre which issued the mandate is located, he shall receive, as he chooses, either the reimbursement established in subparagraph 2 or a reimbursement established according to the distance between the place where the mandate was issued and that where the court in question sits;
- (4) according to the distance actually travelled by the advocate, in the case of a trip made with the authorization of the director general of the legal aid centre, outside the boundaries of the judicial district where he has his office, where the nature or complexity of the matter requires that the mandate be given to that advocate.

An advocate who is entitled to a reimbursement under the provisions of this section is also entitled to the reimbursement of any parking expenses he incurs.

The travelling and parking expenses may not exceed the actual travelling expenses paid by the advocate.

- 21. Where the tariff in Schedule II provides for a flatrate fee for a series of services and the mandate is carried out by more than one advocate, each advocate, if he is in private practice, is entitled, subject to the provisions of the third paragraph of section 15, to the part of the flat-rate fee corresponding to the services that he rendered.
- 22. Where the mandates issued in the name of an advocate during a given fiscal period have generated fees for a total exceeding \$125,000, the fees payable to him for the services that he renders within the scope of those mandates and exceeding that amount shall be reduced by 35 %.
- 23. An advocate representing a recipient in respect of whom legal aid is suspended or withdrawn or a recipient who ceases to be eligible for such aid shall be remunerated according to the provisions of this Agreement for the services rendered before receipt of a notice from the legal aid body, sent by mail or by telecommunications, informing him of the cessation of legal aid and the reasons for the decision.

The preceding provision also applies where the recipient chooses to dispense with legal aid.

- 24. In a case where legal aid ceases to be provided, the advocate may nevertheless include in his statement of fees legal services that were rendered after receipt of the notice from the legal aid body, for the delivery of conservatory measures necessary to safeguard the person's rights or requested by the court.
- 25. Where a legal aid body refuses to pay a statement of fees, it shall, within the period allotted for payment of the statement, so notify the advocate in writing, and that notice shall state the reasons for its refusal.

The preceding provision governs the Commission in cases where it assumes the payment of fees.

26. A refusal to pay fees shall be founded upon the non-compliance of the fees claimed under the provisions of the Act and this Agreement.

CHAPTER II

PROCEDURE FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

27. A dispute means any disagreement concerning the interpretation or the application of this Agreement, including any disagreement concerning a statement of fees.

- 28. A dispute may not be founded on a matter within the disciplinary jurisdiction of the Barreau du Québec.
- 29. Before submitting a dispute according to section 32, an advocate may refer the matter for conciliation by means of a notice in writing to the body refusing payment of his statement of fees and to the section of the Barreau du Québec to which he belongs.
- 30. Within 15 days following receipt of the notice, the general manager of the regional centre and the bâtonnier of the section shall each designate an advocate.
- 31. Within 30 days following their designation, the advocates so appointed and the advocate who is the claimant shall meet, examine one another's claims and endeavour to reach an agreement.
- 32. A dispute shall be submitted by the advocate by means of a notice addressed to the regional centre or the Commission, as the case may be. The notice shall contain a summary statement of the facts and the relief sought.

A dispute concerning contested fees shall be submitted within six months following receipt of a notice of refusal to pay or the claim for a reimbursement; in such case, a copy of the notice of dispute shall be forwarded to the regional centre.

- 33. Referral for conciliation interrupts the prescription of six months.
- 34. Upon receipt of a notice of dispute, the regional centre or the Commission, as the case may be, shall give its answer in writing.
- 35. If the advocate is dissatisfied with the answer, or if no answer is forwarded to him within 30 days following submission of the notice of dispute, the advocate shall submit the dispute for arbitration by means of a letter addressed to the Chief Justice of the Court of Québec within six months. A copy of the letter shall be sent by the advocate to the regional centre or the Commission, as the case may be. The Chief Justice or the Senior Associate Chief Justice of the Court of Québec, as the case may be, shall designate one of the judges of that Court to act as arbitrator.
- 36. The Barreau du Québec may directly submit any dispute of general interest for arbitration; in such case, it shall so notify the Commission.

In particular, any alleged infringement of the provisions relating to the free choice of an advocate or professional freedom may be the subject of a dispute of general interest.

37. The arbitrator has jurisdiction, to the exclusion of any court, to rule on a dispute within the meaning of this Agreement. He may uphold, modify or rescind the disputed decision and, by the terms of his award, order a payment or a reimbursement, assess compensation, restore a right or make any other order he considers fair in the circumstances.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the arbitrator may not modify the provisions of this Agreement. The arbitrator's award is final and binding on the parties.

- 38. The arbitrator may issue an interim award at any time.
- 39. Stenography and tape recording fees, if any, shall be borne by the regional centre or the Commission, as the case may be.
- 40. The arbitrator shall forward any award by registered letter to the parties and to the Barreau du Québec.

CHAPTER III MISCELLANEOUS

DIVISION I STANDING COMMITTEE

- 41. The Minister of Justice and the Barreau du Québec shall form a committee that is entrusted with the supervision of the application of this Agreement and of the Legal Aid Act; they shall determine the committee's mandate.
- 42. The committee shall be made up of a maximum of 3 representatives of the Ministère de la Justice and of a maximum of 3 representatives of the Barreau du Québec. The chairman of the Commission des services juridiques or his representative shall take part in the meetings of the committee in an advisory capacity.
- 43. Upon request, the Commission des services juridiques and the legal aid centres shall provide the committee with the documents, statistics and information that it requires in the conduct of its mandate.
- 44. The committee shall take the minutes of its meetings. Copies thereof shall be sent to the Minister of Justice and to the Bâtonnier du Québec.

DIVISION IICONSULTATION AND INFORMATION

- 45. The Minister shall consult the Barreau du Québec concerning any regulation that the Commission submits to him for approval by the Government.
- 46. The Minister shall consult the Barreau du Québec concerning the draft of any regulation respecting the exclusivity of services referred to in section 52 of the Legal Aid Act that he intends to propose to the Government for adoption. He shall also inform the Bar of the facts that warrant the adoption of such regulation.
- 47. The Commission shall consult the Barreau du Québec concerning the draft of any directive respecting an application for or the granting of a certificate of qualification or the services of an advocate.
- 48. The Commission shall consult the Barreau du Québec when implementing necessary administrative mechanisms to ensure the exercise of the free choice of an advocate.
- 49. The Commission shall consult the Barreau du Québec where it intends to draft or modify the forms that an advocate must fill out for the purposes of the legal aid plan.
- 50. In accordance with section 22.1 of the Legal Aid Act, the Commission des services juridiques and the legal aid centres shall send to the Barreau du Québec a copy of any guide for the administration of the Legal Aid Act and the regulations made thereunder, as well as of any directive related thereto and dealing with financial eligibility and services for which legal aid is granted. The Commission and the legal aid centres shall also send to the Barreau du Québec any updating of such guide or directives.
- 51. Schedule I reproduces the directive of the Commission des services juridiques respecting the procedure for the application of section 69 of the Legal Aid Act.
- 52. This Agreement replaces the Regulation respecting the conditions of practice, the procedure for the settlement of disputes and the tariff of fees of advocates under the legal aid plan, made by Order in Council 1171-96 dated 18 September 1996.
- 53. Mandates issued between 17 October 1996 and 1 April 1997 continue to be governed by the Regulation respecting the conditions of practice, the procedure for the settlement of disputes and the tariff of fees of advocates under the legal aid plan, made by Order in Council 1171-96 dated 18 September 1996.

54. This Agreement comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

It applies to mandates given from 1 April 1997, except section T-87 of Schedule II, which applies to mandates given from 17 October 1996.

This Agreement terminates on 1 April 1999. Notwithstanding its expiry, it shall continue to apply until replaced.

SCHEDULE I

(s. 51)

DIRECTIVE OF THE COMMISSION DES SERVICES JURIDIQUES RESPECTING THE APPLICATION OF SECTION 69 OF THE LEGAL AID ACT

To all general managers of legal aid centres:

The purpose of the Legal Aid Act is to allow financially eligible persons access to legal services. Notwithstanding the preceding, the legal aid plan does not have to pay costs that an applicant can pay from the amount that he is likely to receive upon settlement of his case. Therefore, where an agreement can be reached between an applicant and an advocate in private practice regarding extrajudicial fees in cases where such fees are warranted, the general manager or his representative shall refer the applicant to the advocate in private practice.

This directive also applies to matrimonial proceedings in which the state and faculties of the spouse are such that it is reasonable to anticipate the granting to the applicant of support in excess of the eligibility criteria for legal aid or of a compensatory benefit or of a benefit equivalent to his share of the family patrimony which would normally make that person ineligible for legal aid.

Chairman

SCHEDULE II

(s. 14)

PART 1

GENERAL RULES OF INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION

Advice

T 1. The fees of an advocate mandated by a legal aid body as a consultant shall be subject to an application for a special consideration.

PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE

T 2. In a case warranting assistance by junior counsel, the junior counsel shall receive fees equivalent to one-fifth of the fees of the advocate assuming the mandate, for the services in respect of which his assistance was required.

An advocate wishing to be so assisted shall obtain prior authorization from the legal aid body.

This section does not apply in cases where this Schedule provides for professional assistance and fixes the applicable fees.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATION

T 3. Payment for the professional services of an advocate may exceed the fees prescribed in the tariff where the legal aid mandate is of an exceptional nature owing to the circumstances of the work or the complexity of the case.

In such case, the advocate shall submit an application for a special consideration with his statement of fees, according to the form provided by the Commission.

- T 4. The Commission shall examine the application and shall fix the amount of the excess fees. Such decisions may be subject to dispute in accordance with Chapter II of the Agreement.
- T 5. In reviewing a decision concerning the expediency of granting a special consideration, the arbitrator shall verify whether the legal aid mandate is of an exceptional nature owing to the circumstances of the work or the complexity of the case.
- T 6. In reviewing a decision concerning the amount of the excess fees, the arbitrator shall be guided by the precedents in the application of section 15 of the Tariff of judicial fees relating to a special fee (R.R.Q., 1981, c. B-1, r. 13).
- T 7. Sections 3 to 6 apply *mutatis mutandis* in respect of professional services for which this Schedule expressly prescribes the payment of a special consideration.

PART 2

SPECIAL RULES OF INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION IN CIVIL MATTERS

- T 8. The words "application", "case" or "action" mean a proceeding, whether it is commenced by a statement, writ, motion, joint factum or any other originating document.
- T 9. The word "proof" means the examination of a party or a witness as well as the presentation before the court of any document containing an admission of facts, followed by an address.
- T 10. The word "contestation" includes any opposition to an application by another party.
- T 11. An advocate who accepts a mandate from a legal aid body shall apply for costs in his statement of claim.
- T 12. Where the advocate of a recipient is entitled to costs awarded against an adverse party who is not a recipient, the advocate may either collect his costs from the adverse party or claim payment from the legal aid body from which he received his mandate, in accordance with this Schedule.
- T 13. The collecting of costs from an adverse party has the effect of a discharge by the advocate in favour of the legal aid body from which he received his mandate.

Where the advocate chooses to claim payment from the legal aid body, he shall subrogate that body in his rights up to the amount of his bill of costs.

T 14. An advocate shall receive a fixed amount of \$10 as a reimbursement of his cost of photocopies, facsimile copies, messenger services and stamps.

PART 3

GENERAL CIVIL TARIFF

Classes of actions

- T 15. I. An application in which the amount or value in dispute is less than \$1 000;
 - II. An application in which the amount or value in dispute
 - (a) is \$1 000 or more but less than \$3 000;
 - (b) is \$3 000 or more but less than \$10 000;

- III. An application in which the amount or value in dispute
- (a) is \$10 000 or more but less than \$25 000;
- (b) is \$25 000 or more but less than \$50 000;
- IV. An application in which the amount or value in dispute is \$50 000 or more.
- T 16. For proceedings or actions not provided for specifically by the tariff but governed by the Code of Civil Procedure, the fees are fixed according to the provisions of the Agreement in respect of similar proceedings or actions. Such proceeding or action in which the amount or value in dispute is indeterminable or inexistent falls under Class II-A.
- T 17. Hypothecary actions are considered to be purely personal actions.
- T 18. In an action by a creditor to enforce a right to become the absolute owner of an immovable, the class of the action is determined according to the balance due on the claim.
- T 19. Unless otherwise provided by law, every action to set aside a contract or a will is classified according to the value of the contract or the succession; if in addition a sum of money is claimed, the total amount determines the class of the action.
- T 20. Where two or more defendants file separate contestations, the advocate of the plaintiff receives for each additional contestation one-half of the fee prescribed in section T-29 or section T-30 of this Schedule, according to the stage of the proceedings. For the purposes of this rule, the intervenor, the impleaded party and the defendant on warranty, if they ask for dismissal of the main action, are each considered to be a defendant filing a separate contestation.
- T 21. Where two or more incidental applications can be framed in a single proceeding, the fees are payable only once notwithstanding the multiplicity of proceedings.
- T 22. In the matter of a declaratory judgment and a decision on a point of law, the interest in dispute, if it can be evaluated in money, determines the class of the action; otherwise, the fees are those prescribed for Class II-B.

- T 23. In the case of a review of taxation of a bill of costs, the costs are based on the class of action corresponding to the amount of the costs in dispute.
- T 24. There are no separate fees in the case of a cross demand, but the class of action corresponds to the highest of the amounts for which judgment is recovered.
- T 25. If a settlement is reached between the parties or proceedings are withdrawn before the issue of the originating process, the advocate is entitled to the fees prescribed for an action of that class in the case of such settlement reached after the issue of the originating process and before the serving of any defence or contestation on the merits.

TT

TTT

IV

First instance

		I	I	I	II	IV	
			1-3	3-10	10-25	25-50	50
			A	В	A	В	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
T26	(a) For every notice or putting in default preceding the originating process and required by law	18	30	30	30	30	30
	(b) For every notice or putting in default preceding the originating process and not required by law, only one fee is payable	18	24	24	24	24	24
T27	For every action settled after the originating process and before service of a defence or contestation on the merits:						
	(a) to the plaintiff's attorney	90	150	180	240	330	420
	(b) to the defendant's attorney	36	90	150	210	330	390

		I	I	I	II	Ι	IV			I	I	I	II	I	IV
			1-3	3-10	10-25	25-50	50				1-3	3-10	10-25	25-50	50
			A	В	A	В					A	В	A	В	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
T28	For judgment on the merits, by default or <i>ex parte</i> , to the plaintiff's attorney: (a) without proof	108	168	210	300	390	480	T32	For the examination of a party before or after the defence is filed, excluding an						
	(b) with proof to the	120	210	270	360	450	540		examination during an incidental measure or the						
	defendant's attorney:								trial	24	36	36	36	36	36
	(c) if he is not present at the proof or if there is no proof	36	60	96	120	162	210	T33	When the judge requests or permits arguments in writing,						
	(d) if there is a proof and he is present	90	120	180	240	330	420	T34	additional fees of (a) For	36	60	60	120	120	120
T29	For an action settled after service of a defence or contestation on the merits, or for an application								registration, at the registry office, of the judgment or any other act for the preservation of real rights	18	30	30	30	30	30
	dismissed on a motion under article 165 C.C.P	120	300	420	540	660	780		(b) For the preparation and registration, at the registry office, of a						
T30	For judgment on the merits of the case in a contested action	240	420	600	840	960	1200		hypothec or a demand under article 1743 of the Civil Code of						
T31	(a) On every contested incidental proceeding	24	60	60	60	60	60		Québec (c) For the preparation and	36	90	90	90	90	90
	(b) Where the incidental proceeding puts an end to the dispute, the fees applicable are those of section $2a$								registration of an application for the cancellation of the registration of a right	18	30	30	30	30	30

	I	I	I	IJ	I	IV
		1-3	3-10	10-25	25-50	50
		A	В	A	В	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(d) For the filing of a declaration of voluntary payment into court of salary or wages and claim on seizure by garnishment	18	30	30	30	30	30
(a) For the issue of all writs of execution, whatever their nature or number, only one fee according to the class of the amount claimed	18	30	30	30	30	30
	10	30	30	30	30	50
under article 543 C.C.P.	12	18	18	18	18	18
For any judgment by default against a garnishee or on his declaration	18	30	30	30	30	30
For any seizure before judgment, additional fees according to the class of the main action	24	48	48	48	48	48
(a) Where a case lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day	50	100	100	100	100	100
(b) Where the court declines to proceed and so declares in the presence of the parties on the day fixed for the hearing	24	60	60	60	60	60
	a declaration of voluntary payment into court of salary or wages and claim on seizure by garnishment (a) For the issue of all writs of execution, whatever their nature or number, only one fee according to the class of the amount claimed (b) Examination under article 543 C.C.P. For any judgment by default against a garnishee or on his declaration For any seizure before judgment, additional fees according to the class of the main action (a) Where a case lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day (b) Where the court declines to proceed and so declares in the presence of the parties on the day	\$ (d) For the filing of a declaration of voluntary payment into court of salary or wages and claim on seizure by garnishment (a) For the issue of all writs of execution, whatever their nature or number, only one fee according to the class of the amount claimed 18 (b) Examination under article 543 C.C.P. 12 For any judgment by default against a garnishee or on his declaration 18 For any seizure before judgment, additional fees according to the class of the main action 24 (a) Where a case lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day (b) Where the court declines to proceed and so declares in the presence of the parties on the day	(d) For the filing of a declaration of voluntary payment into court of salary or wages and claim on seizure by garnishment 18 30 (a) For the issue of all writs of execution, whatever their nature or number, only one fee according to the class of the amount claimed 18 30 (b) Examination under article 543 C.C.P. 12 18 For any judgment by default against a garnishee or on his declaration 18 30 For any seizure before judgment, additional fees according to the class of the main action 24 48 (a) Where a case lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day 50 100 (b) Where the court declines to proceed and so declares in the presence of the parties on the day	1-3 3-10 A B	1-3 3-10 10-25 A B A (d) For the filing of a declaration of voluntary payment into court of salary or wages and claim on seizure by garnishment 18 30 30 30 30 (a) For the issue of all writs of execution, whatever their nature or number, only one fee according to the class of the amount claimed 18 30 30 30 30 (b) Examination under article 543 C.C.P. 12 18 18 18 For any judgment by default against a garnishee or on his declaration 18 30 30 30 For any seizure before judgment, additional fees according to the class of the main action 24 48 48 48 (a) Where a case lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day (b) Where the court declines to proceed and so declares in the presence of the parties on the day	1-3 3-10 10-25 25-50

T 39. In the case of any pre-trial conference held according to the provisions of article 279 C.C.P. and prior to the day fixed for proof and hearing, the fees are those prescribed in section T-32.

- An injunction applied for without other conclusions that those of article 751 C.C.P. is considered to be an action of Class II-B. If other conclusions are sought, the fees are those of the class prescribed for such conclusions, but are not less than those prescribed in Class II-B. The fees shall be calculated in the following manner: when the judgment on the motion for an interlocutory injunction terminates the case or the judgment on the motion for a permanent injunction is not preceded by a judgment on a motion for an interlocutory judgment, the advocate is entitled to the fees taxable on a judgment on the merits of the case. Where the judgment on the motion for a permanent injunction follows a judgment on a motion for an interlocutory injunction, the advocate is entitled to the fees taxable on a judgment on the merits increased by onehalf.
- T 41. In proceedings for boundary delimitation, possessory or petitory proceedings, proceedings for appointment of a receiver, and in actions for declaration or denial of a servitude, the fees are those prescribed for Class II-B.
- T 42. In proceedings for judicial partition and licitation, the class of actions is in accordance with the value of the matter in dispute.
- T 43. In proceedings respecting legal persons, for extraordinary recourses and for *habeas corpus* under Titles V, VI and VII of Book V of the Code of Civil Procedure, the fees are those prescribed for Class II-B.
- T 44. In non-contentious proceedings, the fees are those of section 31a, Class II, with the exception of the procedure governing the sale of the property of others provided for in Chapter X of Book VI of the Code of Civil Procedure, the class being determined by the value of the property.
- T 45. In adoption proceedings, the fees are those prescribed for Class II-A.

An application for a declaration of eligibility for adoption, an application for placing a child and an application for adoption constitute separate proceedings. Any other application constitutes an incidental proceeding and is remunerated as such.

Where an advocate submits separate applications for two or more children in the same family and the grounds for the applications are identical, the fee payable for each additional application after the first is \$33.

- T 46. In property assessment proceedings, including the quashing or contesting of a role, the fees both before the Bureau de révision d'évaluation foncière and in appeal before the Court of Québec are those prescribed for Class II-A of the tariff at first instance; section T-48 does not apply thereto and the cost of expert reports is not included in the bill of costs.
- T 47. In expropriation proceedings, the class of the action is determined by the amount of the compensation.

Additional fees of 1 % of the compensation are added to the fees when, upon a motion accompanied by an affidavit of the advocate, it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Court of Québec, Expropriation Division, that the advocate's services during the preparation of the case or at proof and hearing, or during the negotiations leading to a compromise, so justify.

Contestation of the right to expropriation is a separate proceeding. The fees applicable are those prescribed for Class II-B.

For any proceeding commenced under the Expropriation Act before a court other than the Court of Québec, Expropriation Division, the fees applicable are those prescribed for Class II-B, section T-31a.

For any uncontested proceeding respecting payment of the money awarded, the fees are those prescribed in section T-34*b*.

- T 48. Upon judgment in a contested case ordering the defendant to pay an amount greater than \$100 000 in principle, the following additional fees are taxable in favour of the plaintiff:
 - 1 % of the amount in excess of \$100 000, up to a judgment of \$1 000 000;
 - plus, where the amount of the judgment exceeds \$1 000 000, 1/10 of 1 % of the amount in excess of \$1 000 000.

Upon judgment dismissing an action in which the amount claimed is greater than \$100 000, the following additional fees are taxable in favour of the defendant:

- 1 % of the amount in excess of \$100 000, up to an amount claimed of \$1 000 000;
- plus, where the amount claimed in the action exceeds \$1 000 000, 1/10 of 1 % of the amount in excess of \$1 000 000.

Where there is an out-of-court settlement before a defence has been filed, the advocate is entitled to only one-third of the additional fees prescribed in this section.

Where there is an out-of-court settlement after a defence has been filed, the advocate is entitled to only two-thirds of the additional fees prescribed in this section.

The additional fees are payable to an advocate once only, regardless of the number of plaintiffs or defendants.

REPRESENTATION OF CHILDREN IN SUPERIOR COURT

T 49. All services rendered up to and including a final decision for representing a child within the scope of article 394.1 C.C.P

(a) uncontested \$198

(b) contested \$227

SPECIAL TARIFF FOR MATRIMONIAL PROCEEDINGS

The rules of Part I, Part II and Part III of this Schedule apply *mutatis mutandis* to matrimonial proceedings.

Principal proceedings

T 50 (a) Upon reconciliation or withdrawal of proceedings after the issue of the originating process; to the plaintiff's attorney \$150

(b) Upon reconciliation or withdrawal of proceedings after appearance or before service of a contestation; to the defendant's attorney

\$150

(c) Upon reconciliation or withdrawal of proceedings for separation by consent or for divorce by consent before judgment; to the attorney representing both parties

T 51 On reconciliation or withdrawal of proceedings after service of a contestation and before judgment on

the merits;

to the plaintiff's attorney to the defendant's attorney

\$336 \$224

\$252

T 52	For judgment <i>ex parte</i> or by default; to the plaintiff's attorney	\$401		(b) For examination of a party, before or after the filing of a defence, excluding an examination during an	
T 53	For judgment <i>ex parte</i> or by default; to the defendant's attorney	\$285		incidental measure or the trial	\$35
T 54	(a) For judgment on the merits in a contested case with or without a cross			(c) Where the judge requests or authorizes written arguments	\$58
	demand by the defendant; to each attorney	\$489		(d) If the hearing lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day	\$58
	(b) For judgment on the merits granting a separation or divorce by consent; to the attorney representing both parties	\$580	Т 58.	(e) Where the court declines to proceed at the hearing on the merits and so declares in the presence of the parties on the day fixed for the hearing Where a separate motion is presented by	\$58
proce	sional measures, interim orders and inc edings in matrimonial proceedings	idental	1 36.	party regarding the same provisional or i measure, one fee only is payable regard the number of motions.	nterim
T 55	For the first judgment for measures applicable during the proceedings, whether a judgment for provisional measures or an interim order, to each attorney, one fee only		T 59.	Where a new mandate is issued for one or new proceedings for separation from be board or for divorce within 12 months issue of the first mandate, only one-half above fees is payable where the same at	ed and of the of the
	(a) after settlement or transaction	\$200		represents the same plaintiff on each occin every other case where a new many	asion;
	(b) after proof	\$227		issued within that same period, the fees ar able in full.	e pay-
T 56	For every judgment rendered under sections T-50 to T-62, following a judgment referred to in section T-55		Execu	tion of judgment	
	and		T 60	(a) For an examination under article 543 C.C.P.	\$18
	(a) extending the application of the measures ordered by the preceding judgment or repelling the preceding judgment: to each attorney, one fee			(b) For a requisition for a writ of seizure before judgment	\$29
	only Each advocate is entitled to such fee	\$58		(c) For a requisition for a writ of seizure after judgment of movables or immovables or both together	\$29
	for a maximum of two of these judgments in each case.			(d) For a requisition for a writ of seizure by garnishment after judgment	\$29
	(b) amending the measures ordered or extended by the preceding judgment: to each attorney, one fee only			(e) For a judgment for seizure by garnishment after judgment	\$58
	(a) after settlement or compromise	\$200		(f) Only one of the two fees prescribed in paragraphs d and e may	
	(b) after proof	\$227		be claimed.	
Т 57	(a) For any contested incidental proceeding not governed by sections T-55 and T-56	\$58		(g) For registration of the judgment at the registry office	\$29

Motio	Motions subsequent to final judgment			Courts of appeal						
T 61	(a) Designation of practitioner	\$12			I	I	I	Ι	II	IV
	(b) Homologation of practitioner's report	\$12						10-25		50
	(c) Inscription following homologated report	\$12			\$	A \$	B \$	A \$	B \$	\$
	 (d) For any judgment on a motion for variation of support, custody of children, right of access, without proof of an issue; to each attorney, one fee only (e) For a judgment after proof of an issue with respect to all measures 	\$200	T65	Disbursements incurred for the preparation of the joint record and the printing of factums are added to the statement of fees						
	described in paragraph d ; to each attorney, one fee only Paragraphs d and e apply subject to the provisions of section T-56.	\$227	T66	Sections T-41 to T-43 of the tariff at first instance apply to the Court of Appeal						
Motions under article 813.8 C.C.P.			T67	After filing of the inscription; for every						
T 62	(a) For any judgment without proof of an issue relating to a motion under article 813.8 C.C.P.;			case terminated or appeal abandoned	120	120	300	360	480	600
	to each attorney (b) For any judgment in a contested case after proof of an issue and concerning a motion under article 813.8 C.C.P.;	\$200	T68	After filing of the factum of the appellant; for every case terminated or appeal abandoned:						
	to each attorney	\$227		(a) to the appellant	300	360	540	660	840	1020
	This section applies subject to the provisions of section T-56.			(b) to the respondent	150	180	360	420	540	660
Decla T 63	Drafting and registration, at the registry office, of a declaration of family residence	\$75	T69	After filing of the factum of the respondent and before the hearing; for every case terminated or appeal						
Gene	ral provision	,		abandoned	360	420	600	720	900	1080
T 64	The fact that an advocate files evidence davit without being present at the proof d change the fee payable under sections T-62.	loes not	T70 T71	For judgment on the merits of the case For a motion for leave to appeal, a motion for dismissal	540	600	900	1020	1200	1440
				of the appeal or any other contested incidental proceeding	120	120	120	120	120	120

- T 72 For an appeal from any interlocutory judgment, excluding the injunction, extraordinary recourses and *habeas corpus*, the fees applicable are one-half of the fees prescribed for a final judgment, according to the class of action determined by the amount in dispute.
- An injunction applied for without other conclusions than those of article 751 C.C.P. is considered to be an action of Class II-B. If other conclusions are sought, the fees are those of the class prescribed for such conclusions, but are not less than those prescribed for Class II-B. The fees are calculated in the following manner: when the judgment of the Court of Appeal on the motion for an interlocutory injunction terminates the case or the judgment of the Court of Appeal on the action for a permanent injunction is not preceded by a judgment of the Court of Appeal on a motion for an interlocutory injunction, the advocate is entitled to the fees taxable for a judgment on the merits by the Court of Appeal. Where the judgment of the Court of Appeal on the action for an injunction follows a judgment of the Court of Appeal on a motion for an interlocutory injunction, the amount of the fees for the judgment on the merits is equal to one-half of the fees of the class which applies thereto.
- T 74. In proceedings for extraordinary recourses and *habeas corpus* under Titles VI and VII of Book V C.C.P., the fees for a judgment on the merits are those prescribed for Class II-B.

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IV

			1-3	3-10	10-25	25-50	50
			A	В	A	В	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
T75	For the filing of an additional factum at the request of the court	120	180	180	180	180	180
T76	Where the hearing of a case lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day	120	120	120	120	120	120

SPECIAL TARIFF FOR MATRIMONIAL PROCEEDINGS ON APPEAL

- T77 The disbursements incurred for preparation of the joint record and printing of the factums are added to the statement of fees.
- T78 After filing of the inscription; for any case terminated or appeal abandoned

\$168

- T79 After filing of the appellant's factum; for any case terminated or appeal abandoned:
 - (1) to the appellant

\$392

(2) to the respondent

\$224

T80 After filing of the respondent's factum and before hearing;

for any case terminated or appeal abandoned

\$504

T81 For judgment on the merits of the case

\$672

T82 For a motion for leave to appeal, a motion for dismissal of the appeal or any other contested incidental proceeding

\$112

- T83 For an appeal from an interlocutory judgment, the fees are one-half of the fees prescribed for a final judgment.
- T84 For the filing of an additional factum at the request of the court

\$168

T85 Where the hearing of the case on the merits lasts more than one day, for each additional half-day

\$112

SUPREME COURT OF CANADA

T 86. Services rendered in a proceeding before the Supreme Court of Canada are subject to an application for a special consideration.

PART 4

TARIFF IN CRIMINAL AND PENAL PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE YOUNG OFFENDERS ACT

Special interpretation and application rules

- T 87. Where a flat-rate remuneration is prescribed by this Part for professional services, the advocate who receives the mandate during the proceedings and who sees the case through is entitled to the full flat-rate remuneration, if no other legal service was rendered to the recipient in the same case, within the framework of the Legal Aid Act or not, by an advocate employed by a legal aid centre or by another advocate in private practice.
- T 88. Where the tariff prescribes a *per diem* remuneration for professional services, the advocate is entitled to only one-half of the fees prescribed where his presence in Court was not required for more than one half-day.

For the purposes of this section, 1:00 p.m. is the middle of the day.

Professional services rendered by an advocate at a hearing held in the evening (after 7:00 p.m.) entitle him to remuneration equivalent to one half-day in addition to any remuneration to which he may be entitled under the preceding sections.

- T 89. Remuneration payable for professional services rendered by an advocate on a finding or a plea of guilty to a lesser and included offence is that which would have been payable in respect of the offence charged.
- T 90. Where an advocate represents a client who has been charged under more than one count and the proceedings on the various counts are held in the same court at or about the same time, the advocate is entitled only to the remuneration prescribed for a single count, except in the case of a special consideration.

The remuneration which applies in such case is that prescribed for the highest paid professional service.

T 91. Where an advocate represents two or more recipients charged with the same offence or with a like offence arising from the same course of events, and where the proceedings are held in the same court at or about the same time, the

- advocate is entitled to one-half of the remuneration prescribed for the professional services rendered to each of the other recipients, except in the case of a special consideration.
- T 92. At first instance, subject to any provision to the contrary, the remuneration prescribed in this tariff applies only to the professional services rendered to the accused.

On appeal, subject to any provision to the contrary, the remuneration prescribed in this tariff applies only to the professional services rendered to the person who, at first instance, was the accused.

- T 93. An advocate is not entitled to reimbursement of his cost of photocopies, facsimile copies, messenger services and stamps and case-law research.
- T 94. Appearance before a justice and appearance before a judge for the purpose of entering a plea of not guilty or making an election and adjournment are not considered to be essential aspects of the advocate's mandate.

FIRST INSTANCE

Indictable offences within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Superior Court of criminal jurisdiction, under section 469 of the Criminal Code (Canada)

- T95 Preparation of the preliminary inquiry, including interviews with the accused and witnesses, visits to the scene of the crime and legal research (up to and including preliminary inquiry) \$228
- T96 All services rendered on a preliminary objection presented aside from the preliminary inquiry or the trial, where the judgment granting it terminates the prosecution
- T97 Preparation for trial, including interviews with the accused and witnesses, visit to the scene of the crime and legal research (between preliminary inquiry and sentence if any)

That fee shall be payable only where the trial is actually held and judgement delivered. \$300

\$456

T98	Appearance and all stages of proceedings completed on the same day The fee prescribed above includes the remuneration for the preparation work for those stages of the proceedings.	\$58	Indictable offences other than those within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Superior Court of criminal jurisdiction, under section 469 of the Criminal Code (Canada) and other than those within the exclusive jurisdiction of a judge of the provincial court under section 553 of the Crimin Code (Canada)					
T99	Bail hearing (if held after the day of appearance)	\$94	T110	All professional services rendered up to the final disposition of the case at first instance	\$465			
T100	Waiver of preliminary inquiry under section 549 of the Criminal Code (Canada)	\$35	T111	Notwithstanding section T-110 and if applicable, where the prosecution objects to release, for a bail hearing				
T101	Preliminary inquiry, per day	\$181		actually held	\$100			
T102	Attendance for order on preliminary inquiry or for voluntary examination (where witnesses are not heard)	\$20	T112	Notwithstanding section T-110, where the case requires a trial lasting more than one day, per additional half-day of trial:				
T103	Trial, per day	\$364		(a) trial before judge and jury	\$250			
T104	Junior counsel at trial, per day	\$117		(b) trial before judge only	\$190			
	The fee prescribed above applies only in cases of first-degree or second-degree murder and with the express prior consent of the general manager. The junior counsel is not entitled to preparation fees.		of the	able offences under section 553 Criminal Code (Canada) All professional services rendered up to the final disposition of the case at				
T105	Attendance for the purpose of entering a plea of guilty	\$117	T 114	first instance Notwithstanding section T-113, where the case requires a trial lasting more	\$215			
T106	Withdrawal of plea of guilty	\$117		than one day, per additional half-day of trial	\$190			
T107	Submissions as to sentence or submissions and sentence	\$117		es brought under Part XXVII of the	ψ170			
T108	Sentence only	\$20		nal Code of Canada)				
	The fees prescribed in section T-107 or T-108 apply only to attendance for sentence on a day other than the day on which the client was found guilty		T 115	All professional services rendered up to the final disposition of the case at first instance	\$215			
T109	or on which he entered a plea of guilty. Attendance for adjournment before the Superior Court of criminal jurisdiction	#20	T 116	Notwithstanding section T-115, where the case requires a trial lasting more than one day, per additional half-day of trial	\$190			
	or before a court of criminal jurisdiction	\$20	Heari	ngs under section 742.6 of the Criminal	Code			
	The advocate may not claim fees for more than two adjournments obtained at his request.		T 117	All professional services rendered up to the final disposition of the case	\$200			

Preve	ntive detention		T 128	Hearing on appeal from a judgment and a sentence, per day	\$322
T 118	Preparation of the record for a contestation of an application for preventive detention under Part XXIV		Appea	l by way of case stated	φ <i>322</i>
	of the Criminal Code (Canada), including interviews and other necessary services	\$760	T 129	Drafting and preparation of an application for a case stated	\$182
T 119	Hearing of a motion for preventive detention, per day	\$228	T 130	Attendance necessary before the trial court judge for the preparation of a case stated	\$91
	ordinary remedies as Corpus, Certiorari, Prohibition,		T 131	Preparation of all other proceedings including attendance	\$91
	Preparation and service of the proceeding	\$250	T 132	Preparation and drafting of notice of appeal	\$28
T 121	Hearing on the merits	\$190		Hearing of appeal	\$273
	cation for bail or for review of bail for cused charged with an indictable offence			l to Court of Appeal on questions in summary conviction proceedings	
T 122	For all services related to a motion addressed to a judge of the Superior Court of criminal jurisdiction	\$152	T 134	Preparation of all proceedings preliminary to the hearing, including drafting, filing of notice of appeal, preparation of joint record and necessary attendances	\$91
Specia	d provisions applicable to young offende	ers	T 135	Hearing of application for leave to	
T 123	All services rendered up to and including a final decision on an application for transfer under			appeal Preparation of argument and factum	\$182 \$273
	section 16 of the Young Offenders Act	\$400		Hearing of appeal	\$273 \$273
T 124	All services rendered up to and including a final decision on an application for review under			l to Court of Appeal	Ψ273
	sections 28 to 32 of the Young Offenders Act	\$175	(A) A 1	fter verdict by jury	
APPE		7-75	T 138	Preparation of all proceedings preliminary to the hearing, including drafting, filing of notice of appeal,	
(befor	ll by way of trial <i>de novo</i> e a judge of the Superior Court of crimi iction)	inal		preparation of joint record and necessary attendances	\$182
_	Drafting of all proceedings prior to	\$91	T 139	Hearing of application for leave to appeal	\$182
	the hearing, including attendances		TE 1 10	D	
T 126	Hearing on appeal from a judgment, per day	\$273	T 140	Preparation of argument and factum, where applicable	\$364

	ppeal from a judgment delivered by a ju it jury, a judge of the Court of Québec,	ıdge	Appea	l to the Supreme Court of Canada	
Crimi Québe	nal Division, or a judge of the Court of ec, Youth Division, under the Young ders Act		T 152	Application for leave to appeal, including preparation of notice of application for leave to appeal, memorandum of discussion and all	
T 142	Preparation of all proceedings preliminary to the hearing, including drafting, filing of notice of appeal,			other necessary preliminary proceedings, including attendances	\$140
	preparation of joint record and necessary attendances	\$182	T 153	Preparation prior to hearing of application for leave to appeal	\$182
T 143	Hearing of application for leave to appeal	\$182	T 154	All proceedings for bail, including the hearing of the application for leave to appeal	\$455
T 144	Preparation of argument and factum, where applicable	\$273	T 155	All proceedings for bail, including hearing and any other attendance	\$224
T 145	Hearing of appeal	\$273			Ψ221
	ppeal from sentence only		T 156	Drafting, service and filing of the notice of appeal and preparation of joint record	\$140
T 146	Preparation of all proceedings preliminary to the hearing, including drafting, filing of notice of appeal,		T 157	Preparation of the case and factum	\$546
	preparation of joint record and necessary attendances	\$182		Hearing of appeal	\$546
T 147	Hearing of application for leave to appeal	\$182	Appea detent	l from a judgment in respect of preven ion	itive
T 140			T 159	Preparation of all proceedings	
1 148	Preparation of argument and factum, where applicable	\$182		preliminary to the hearing, including drafting, filing of notice of appeal, preparation of joint record and	
T 149	Hearing of appeal	\$182		necessary attendances	\$182
(D) A	ppeal from verdict or judgment and ser	ntence	T 160	Preparation of argument and factum, where applicable	\$364
T 150	The fees prescribed in <i>A</i> or <i>B</i> are added to those prescribed in <i>C</i> with the exception of		T 161	Hearing of appeal	\$273
	•			d in respect of extraordinary remedies	
	(1) Hearing of applications for leave to appeal (T-139, T-147)	\$182	(Habe	as Corpus, Certiorari, Prohibition, Mand	damus)
	(2) Hearing of appeals (T-141, T-149)	\$364	T 162	Preparation of all proceedings preliminary to the hearing, including	
(E) B a				drafting, filing of notice of appeal, preparation of joint record and necessary attendances	\$182
T 151	Application for bail pending appeal (all proceedings, including hearing)	\$224	T 163	Preparation of argument and factum, where applicable	\$364

\$70

\$22

	n of condition r section 738(4) of the Criminal Code ada)		Т 173.	An advocate receives a fixed amount of reimbursement of his cost of photocopi simile copies, messenger services and st	ies, fac-		
T 165	Appearance and all stages of the		Youth	Protection Act			
	proceedings completed on the same day The fee prescribed above comprises remuneration for preparation work for those stages of the proceedings.	\$23	T 174	Intervention with the Director of Youth Protection, including any voluntary measures prior to intervention in court; per attendance	\$50		
T 166	All professional services rendered after the day of appearance, including the hearing	\$76	T 175	All services rendered before the Court of Québec, Youth Division, up to a final decision, including any order on a motion to declare the safety or development of a child to be			
PART	5			endangered	\$330		
	F FOR MISCELLANEOUS PROCEEDING Interpretation and application rules	NGS	T 176	All services rendered before the Court of Québec, Youth Division, up to and including a final decision upon a			
Т 167.	Where an advocate represents two or more cipients who are joined in law or in fact parties to one or more issues based on a caction of the same nature and heard before same court or the same administrative borough about the same time, the advocate is constructed for the same services rendered to one recipient to the case of a special consideration.	and are cause of ore the dy at or entitled he proent, ex-		motion for review of a decision or order Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the final decision under sections T-175 and T-176 is delivered without any substantial contestation at the hearing on the merits, an advocate is entitled to only half of the fees, specifically	\$330 \$165		
T 168.	Where a hearing does not terminate 7:00 p.m. on the day on which it begi advocate is entitled to an additional fee for the evening and for each additional has For the purposes of this rule, 1:00 p.m middle of the day.	ins, the of \$98 alf-day.	Т 178	Where the recourse under section T-175 or T-176 is terminated by discontinuance: (a) before the hearing (b) at the hearing	\$110 \$165		
Т 169.	Where an appeal is heard in the Court of Court o	II-A of	T 179	(a) All services rendered up to and including a final decision upon a motion for temporary shelter	\$115		
Т 170.	Where an appeal is heard in Superior Co fees are those prescribed for Class II-B civil tariff at first instance <i>mutatis mutan</i>	of the		(b) Where the recourse is terminated by discontinuance	\$70		
Т 171.	Where an appeal is heard in the Court of Athe fees are those prescribed for Class II-l tariff of the Court of Appeal.		T 180	(a) All services rendered up to a final decision upon a motion for extension of an emergency order	\$115		
	tains of the Court of Appear.			(b) Where the recourse is terminated			

T 172. Discontinuance at the hearing means discontinu-

party.

ance in open court in the presence of the adverse

by discontinuance

judgment

T 181 Attendance for adjournment or

\$98

Régie	Régie du logement			Proceedings in respect of work accidents and occupational diseases, crime victims compensation				
T 182	All services rendered before the commissioner where resiliation or eviction is not sought:		income security, unemployment insurance or employment insurance, pensions or automobile insurance or proceedings under the Act to secure the handicapped in the exercise of their rights					
	(a) Upon a final decision in uncontested proceedings, including an agreement reached at the hearing or upon a final decision embodying a			eview of the decision of an administrati				
	discontinuance at the hearing	\$98	T 186	All services rendered upon a motion for revew in a matter of work accident				
	(b) Upon a final decision in contested proceedings	\$131		or occupational disease	\$250			
	(c) Upon filing of an out-of-court settlement reached before the hearing or upon filing of a discontinuance made before the hearing	\$65	Т 187	All services rendered upon a motion for review in a matter other than the one governed by section T-186 up to and including a final decision	\$220			
T 183	All services rendered before the commissioner where resiliation or	ΨΟΣ		pplication before an administrative trib instance	ounal			
	eviction is sought:		T 188	All services rendered up to and including a final decision	\$459			
	(a) Upon a final decision in uncontested proceedings, including an agreement reached at the hearing or upon a final decision embodying a	Ф107		Where the appeal terminates by discontinuance or an out-of-court settlement:				
	discontinuance at the hearing	\$197		(a) before the hearing	\$125			
	(b) Upon a final decision in contested proceedings	\$262		(b) at the hearing	\$300			
	(c) Upon filing of an out-of-court settlement reached before the hearing		Motio	n for clinical psychiatric examination				
	or upon filing of a discontinuance made before the hearing	\$65	T 189	(a) All services rendered up to and including a final judgment	\$164			
T 184	(a) All services rendered upon a motion for review before the Board			(b) Upon filing of a discontinuance	\$66			
	up to and including a final decision	\$262	Bankr	ruptcy				
	(b) Upon filing of an out-of-court settlement or upon filing of a		(A) \mathbf{A}	pplication for discharge				
	discontinuance	\$130	T 190	All services rendered up to and including a final judgment:				
T 185	Incidental motion	\$66		(a) uncontested	\$98			
				(b) contested	\$262			
				ontestation of the application for an orc ing payment of a part of salary to the t				

T 191 All services rendered up to and including a final judgment

(C) Motion to withdraw property from the assets assigned to creditors		Appea	Appeal before the National Parole Board				
	1 , 1		T 200	Standard application			
T 192 All services rende including a final j		\$98		(a) Preparation of standard hearing	\$304		
Immigration Act				(b) Standard hearing, per day	\$273		
(A) Immigration and R	efugee Board			(c) Standard hearing, per half-day	\$136.50		
T 193 Preparation of the Information Form	e Personal n:			(d) Hearing on record and written submissions	\$76		
(a) main claiman	t form	\$150	T 201	"Post Suspension" hearing			
(b) form of each family in the sam	other member of the e file	\$50		(a) Preparation of "post suspension" hearing	\$100		
T 194 (a) All the other to and including a	services rendered up	1		(b) "Post suspension" hearing, per day	\$273		
before the adjudic refugee determina appeal division of	cation division, the ation division or the f the Immigration			(c) "Post suspension" hearing, per half-day	\$136.50		
and Refugee Boar (b) Services rend		\$250		(d) "Hearing on record and written submission	\$76		
hearing concerning the IRB	ng detention before	\$100	T 202	Adjournment			
(B) Federal Court (trial	division)			Attendance for adjournment	\$20		
T 195 Preparation of the authorization to it review proceeding	nstitute judicial	\$304	or the	al before the National Parole Board Commission judiciaire des libération tionnelles	ıs		
T 196 Hearing on the m	erits, per half-day	\$136.50	T 203	Same advocate at the hearing for parole			
(C) Federal Court (app	eal division)			(a) Meeting(s) with the recipient	\$91		
T 197 After filing of the for any case terms abandoned		\$300		(b) Preparation of the appeal factum	\$182		
T 198 Hearing of the ap	neel on the merits	\$900	T 204	New advocate for appeal			
	•	Ψ)00		(a) Meeting(s) with the recipient	\$91		
Tariff in parole proceed		4:		(b) Preparation of the appeal factum	\$273		
Before the Commission conditionnelles	quebecoise des fibe	rations	Corre	ctional law in disciplinary proceeding	ţS		
Application for review of for review of a condition				(a) Preparation for hearing	\$100		
application				(b) Hearing	\$91		
	decision, whether the after examination of on the written						

\$200

submissions or after the hearing

Coroner's inquest

T 206 Preparation for coroner's inquest, including interviews with all witnesses, any visit to the scene of the death and legal research

\$76

T 207 Attendance at coroner's inquest, per day

\$181

1610

Draft Regulation

Highway Safety Code (R.S.Q., c. C-24.2)

Medical and optometrical standards for driving a road vehicle

— Amendments

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), that the "Regulation amending the Regulation respecting medical and optometrical standards for driving a road vehicle and the condition attached to a licence," the text of which appears hereafter, may be enacted by the government upon the expiry of 45 days following this publication.

Chapter 56 of the 1996 Statutes will, beginning on December 1, 1997, make it possible to require of a person who applies for a licence, an examination or assessment report prepared by a psychologist, an occupational therapist or a nurse. In addition, this act will make it possible to require that the examination or assessment be performed in a hospital centre or in a rehabilitation centre designated the Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec. To reflect these changes, this act will replace the concept of medical and optometrical standards by one of driver's health standards.

Furthermore, current regulatory provisions covering medical and optometrical standards with regard to alcoholism or drug dependency that apply to the issuing of a licence, and those invoking criteria whereby a licence is subject to a condition, do not operate efficiently in combating the problems of drug abuse and alcoholism.

This draft regulation amends these standards by prescribing that any person who has a drug or alcohol related problem, certified by a medical specialist or some other health professional, must produce an examination or assessment report that includes a supervision plan, and have satisfied the objectives set out in the plan. This draft regulation also makes it possible to subject the licence to a condition the purpose of which is to

restrict the driving of a road vehicle equipped with a device designed to ascertain the presence of alcohol in the driver's body and to prevent the vehicle from being started. Moreover, this draft regulation ensures concordance with chapter 56 of the 1996 Statutes on the aforementioned issues.

Further information may be obtained by contacting Ms. Huguette Dugas, Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec, 333, boulevard Jean-Lesage, C-4-1, C.P. 19600, Québec (Québec) G1K 8J6, Telephone (418) 528-3512.

Any interested person having comments to make on the matter is asked to send them in writing, before the expiry of the deadline to the Minister of Transportation, 700, boulevard René-Lévesque Est, 29th floor, Québec (Québec), G1R 5H1.

JACQUES BRASSARD, Minister of Transport

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting medical and optometrical standards for driving a road vehicle and the conditions attached to a licence

Highway Safety Code (R.S.Q., c. C-24.2, s. 619, pars. 2 and 8; 1996, c. 56, s. 133, par. 2)

1. The Regulation respecting medical and optometrical standards for driving a road vehicle and the conditions attached to a licence, made by Order in Council 32-89 dated 18 January 1989 and amended by section 258 of Chapter 83 of the statutes of 1990 and by the Regulation made by O.C. 169-93 dated 10 February 1993, is amended by substituting the following for the title:

"Regulation respecting access to driving a road vehicle in connection with the health of drivers"

- **2.** The following is substituted for sections 45 and 46 of the Regulation:
- **"45.** Chronic alcoholism or pharmaco-physiological dependence on ethyl alcohol is essentially inconsistent with driving a road vehicle unless the person meets the following conditions:
- (1) he submits to the Société an examination or health assessment report covered by section 73 of the Highway Safety Code, as replaced by section 16 of Chapter 56 of the statutes of 1996, which includes a plan setting forth objectives to be reached that are consistent with driving a road vehicle;