

Laws and Regulations

Part

Volume 149

Summary

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Draft Regulations

Draft Regulation

Building Act (chapter B-1.1)

Construction Code Regulation
—Amendment

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (chapter R-18.1), that the Regulation to amend the Construction Code and the Regulation respecting the application of the Building Act, appearing below, may be approved by the Government, with or without amendment, on the expiry of 45 days following this publication.

The draft Regulation amends Chapter V, Electricity, of the Construction Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 2) so as to incorporate therein by reference the 2015 Edition of the Canadian Electrical Code, to which amendments have been made to fulfil the specific needs of Québec. The draft Regulation also renews most of the amendments from Québec made to the preceding edition. The draft Regulation also incorporates the content of 3 sections of the Regulation respecting the application of the Building Act (chapter B-1.1, r. 1) and therefore amends that Regulation to repeal those sections.

In addition, the draft Regulation requires the installation of the basic infrastructure necessary for the future supply of 240-volt charging stations for electric vehicles, right from the initial construction of a single dwelling. Those requirements are made necessary under the *Plan d'action en électrification des transports 2015-2020*, adopted by the Government.

The new regulatory provisions will have an impact on the construction costs for electrical installations.

Further information may be obtained by contacting Pierre Gauthier, Director, Direction de la réglementation et de l'expertise-conseil, Régie du bâtiment du Québec, 800, place D'Youville, 16° étage, Québec (Québec) G1R 5S3; telephone: 418 528-0577; fax: 418 644-0072.

Any person wishing to comment on the matter is requested to submit written comments within the 45-day period to Stéphane Labrie, President and Chief Executive Officer, Régie du bâtiment du Québec, 545, boulevard Crémazie Est, 3° étage, Montréal (Québec) H2M 2V2.

DOMINIQUE VIEN, Minister responsible for Labour

Regulation to amend the Construction Code and the Regulation respecting the application of the Building Act

Building Act (chapter B-1.1, ss. 173, 176, 176.1, 178, 179, 185, pars. 0.1, 3, 6.2, 6.3, 20, 31, 36, 37 and 38, and s. 192)

1. Chapter V of the Construction Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 2) is replaced by the following:

"CHAPTER V ELECTRICITY

DIVISION I

SCOPE

5.01. In this Chapter, unless the context indicates otherwise, "Code" means the Code canadien de l'électricité, Première partie (vingt-troisième edition)", CSA-C22.1-15, published by the CSA Group, as well as any subsequent amendments that may be published by that organization.

That Code is incorporated by reference into this Chapter subject to the amendments provided for in section 5.05.

However, any amendments to that edition published by the CSA Group after (insert the date of coming into force of this section) will apply to construction work only from the last day of the sixth month following the publication of the French and English versions of those amendments. If those versions are not published at the same time, the 6-month period runs from the date of publication of the last version.

The provisions of the third paragraph do not apply to errata, which take effect as soon as they are published by the CSA Group.

- **5.02.** Subject to the exemptions provided for in section 5.03, this Chapter applies to any construction work to an electrical installation within the meaning of the Code covered by the Building Act (chapter B-1.1).
- **5.03.** The following installations are exempt from this Chapter:
- (1) an electric lighting installation attached to a pole used to distribute electric power by a public electricity distribution undertaking;
- (2) an installation used for the operation of a subway and powered exclusively by circuits supplying the railway of that subway.

DIVISION II

REFERENCES

5.04. Unless otherwise provided for, a reference in this Chapter to a standard or code is a reference to that standard or code as adopted by the chapter of the Construction Code or the Safety Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 3) that refers to it.

DIVISION III

AMENDMENTS TO THE CODE

- 5.05. The Code is amended
- (1) in Section 0:
- (1) by striking out the following portion of the second paragraph of "Object": "Safe installations may be also achieved by alternatives to this Code, when such alternatives meet the fundamental safety principles of IEC 60364-1 (see Appendix K). These alternatives are intended to be used only in conjunction with acceptable means to assess compliance of these alternatives with the fundamental safety principles of IEC 60364 by the authorities enforcing this Code.";
 - (2) by striking out the part "Scope";
 - (3) by striking out the definition of "**Energized**";
- (4) by replacing the definition of "**Electrical installation**" by the following:
- "Electrical installation": the installation of any wiring in or upon any land or in a building from the point or points where electric power or energy is delivered therein or thereon by the supply authority or from any other source of supply, to the point or points where such power or energy can be used therein or thereon by any electrical equipment and includes the connection of any such wiring with any of the said equipment. (See Appendix B).";

- (5) by striking out the definition of "**Permit**";
- (6) by striking out the definition of "Current-permit";
- (7) by striking out the definition of "**Energized part**";
- (8) by inserting the following definition after "Conduit":
- "Connecting point: The point at which the consumer's service entrance is connected to the distributor's supply, as specified by the supply authority.";
 - (2) in Section 2:
 - (1) by striking out Rule 2-000;
 - (2) by replacing Rule 2-004 by the following:

"2-004 Declaration of work

- (1) An electrical contractor or owner-builder shall declare to the Régie du bâtiment du Québec the construction work carried out to which Chapter V of the Construction Code applies.
- (2) The declaration shall contain the following information:
 - (a) the address of the work site;
- (b) the name, address and telephone number of the person for whom the work is carried out;
- (c) the name, address, telephone number and licence number of the electrical contractor or owner-builder;
- (d) the dates scheduled for the beginning and end of the construction work;
- (e) the nature and type of work, in particular the specific kind of work and a description of the powers to be installed;
- (f) the use of the building or installation and the number of stories and dwellings in the building.
- (3) The declaration shall be made on the form provided for that purpose by the Board or on any other document containing the information required by Subrule (2).
- (4) The declaration shall be sent to the Board not later than the twentieth day of the month following the date on which the work begins.

- (5) Notwithstanding Subrule (1), the declaration of work is not required
- (a) in the case of work mentioned in an application for a connection made to a supply authority;
- (b) in the case of work involving power of no more than 10 kW that does not require a replacement or addition of wiring; or
- (c) from an owner-builder who keeps a register containing the information mentioned in Subrule (2).";
 - (3) by striking out Rule 2-006;
 - (4) by replacing Rule 2-008 by the following:

"2-008 Levies and fees

- (1) The levy which every electrical contractor shall pay annually to the Régie du bâtiment du Québec is \$787.23 plus an amount corresponding to a non-indexable value of 2.5% of the contractor's payroll.
- (2) For the purposes of this Rule, "payroll" means the total of payments made, before deductions, to apprentice electricians and journeyman electricians carrying out construction work on an electrical installation, including hourly or piece-work wages, commissions, bonuses, pay for leave and any other form of remuneration. The payments made annually to an apprentice electrician or a journeyman electrician by an electrical contractor are presumed to be made to a person assigned to construction work on an electrical installation.
- (3) The following payments are not included in the payroll:
- (a) payments to a person who qualifies an electrical contractor for the issue of a licence because of his or her technical knowledge;
- (b) payments for construction work on an electrical installation at a hydroelectric power station at the time of the original construction.
- (4) An electrical contractor renting the services of an apprentice electrician or a journeyman electrician through a third party that does not hold a licence shall include the cost of those services in calculating the payroll.
- (5) An apprentice electrician or a journeyman electrician who is a partner in a partnership is, for calculation of the payroll, presumed to receive annual wages of \$37,055.86 for the electrical installation work he or she carries out for the partnership.

- (6) The fixed amount of the levy to be paid under Subrule (1) is established in proportion to the number of months for which the licence is valid, a part of a month being considered a full month.
- (7) In the case of voluntary abandonment of a holder's licence, the validity period of the licence is deemed to have ended on the date on which the Board received a notice to that effect.
- (8) An electrical contractor shall pay the levy under this Rule to the Board not later than:
- (a) 31 May for a payroll calculated for the period from 1 January to 31 March of the current year;
- (b) 31 August for a payroll calculated for the period from 1 April to 30 June of the current year;
- (c) 30 November for a payroll calculated for the period from 1 July to 30 September of the current year;
- (d) 28 February for a payroll calculated for the period from 1 October to 31 December of the preceding year.
- (9) Each payment shall also include the applicable portion of the fixed amount of the levy. An electrical contractor shall provide with each payment a written statement indicating the portion of the payroll applicable to each apprentice electrician or journeyman electrician identified by name. If a licence is issued to the electrical contractor during the year, the first statement and the first payment shall be made on the first date in Subrule (8) that is at least two months after the issue of the licence.
- (10) If an electrical contractor fails to send the statement required under this Rule to the Board, or if the Board has reason to believe that the statement is inaccurate, the Board shall make an estimate of the contractor's payroll. In such a case, it is the contractor's responsibility to demonstrate that the estimate is inaccurate.
- (11) If it is established that an electrical contractor's payroll differs from the amount used to establish the levy, the Board shall bill or credit, as the case may be, an amount equal to the difference between the amount levied and the amount calculated according to the actual payroll.
- (12) The levy that an electrical owner-builder shall pay annually to the Board in accordance with Subrule (8) is \$590.45, plus inspection fees of \$156.13 for the first hour of inspection or fraction thereof and half that rate for each half-hour or fraction thereof of inspection in addition to the first hour; an amount of \$73.46 for each trip related to the inspection shall be added to those fees.

- (13) The fees payable under Subrule (12) shall be paid not later than 30 days after the billing date.";
 - (5) by deleting Rules 2-010 and 2-012;
 - (6) by replacing Rule 2-014 by the following:

"2-014 Plans and specifications

- (1) An electrical contractor or owner-builder shall not start construction work on an electrical installation to which Chapter V of the Construction Code applies unless plans and specifications have been prepared for the work if the installation requires a service exceeding 200 kW.
- (2) The plans and specifications referred to in Subrule (1) shall contain the following information:
- (a) name and address of the person responsible for preparing them;
- (b) type of building or electrical installation and the location of the work;
 - (c) location of the service line and distribution;
- (d) the supply voltage and the single-line diagram of the service line and distribution;
- (e) loads, protection characteristics and identification of the feeder and branch circuits at their respective panelboards;
 - (f) rated power of each apparatus;
 - (g) type and size of raceways to be used;
- (h) number and characteristics of conductors used in the raceways;
 - (i) cable characteristics;
- (j) type of materials, accessories or apparatus installed in hazardous areas:
 - (k) size and location of grounding conductors;
- (1) a description of all underground parts of the installation:
- (m) for an addition to an existing electrical installation, all information on the part of the installation on which work is to be carried out and a list of the existing loads or of the maximum demand loads of the existing installation recorded for the last 12 months;

- (n) for an electrical installation exceeding 750 V, the vertical and horizontal clearances of live parts and a description of the grounding and mechanical protection of live parts.";
 - (7) by deleting Rules 2-016 to 2-020;
 - (8) by replacing Rules 2-024 to 2-028 by the following:
- "2-024 Approval of electrical equipment used in an electrical installation, intended to consume energy from an electrical installation or to supply such an installation (see Appendices A and B)
- (1) The selling or renting of electrical equipment that has not been approved is prohibited.
- (2) All electrical equipment used in an electrical installation shall be approved for the use for which it is intended. In addition, the use of electrical equipment that has not been approved in an electrical installation or the permanent connection of such equipment to such an installation, is prohibited. However, for purposes of a test, exhibition, presentation or demonstration, electrical equipment shall be permitted to be used without being approved if a notice containing the following warning in letters at least 15 mm high is posted: "NOTICE: This electrical equipment has not been approved for sale or rental as required by Chapter V of the Construction Code.
- (3) Subrules (1) and (2) do no not apply to electrical equipment
 - (a) located upstream from the connecting point;
- (b) intended to be interconnected, in accordance with section 84 of the Code;
 - (c) located upstream from a stand-alone inverter; or
- (d) whose power consumption is not more than 100 volt-amperes and whose voltage is not more than 30 V, except in the case of signs, lighting devices, luminaries, thermostats with heat anticipators, electromedical devices or apparatus installed in a hazardous area.

2-025 Approval of a Portable Generator

The selling or renting of a portable generator that has not been approved is prohibited.

2-028 Mark of Approval (see Appendix A)

(1) Electrical equipment that has received certification by a certification organization accredited by the Standards Council of Canada that has notified the Board of its accreditation and whose certification seal or label attests to compliance with Canadian standards is considered to be approved.

- (2) Electrical equipment bearing the label of an organization accredited by the Standards Council of Canada that has notified the Board of its accreditation attesting that, without being certified in accordance with Subrule (1), the equipment is recognized as complying with the requirements of the "Model Code for the Field Evaluation of Electrical Equipment", SPE 1000-13 or with the requirements of "Model Code for the Field Evaluation of Medical Electrical Equipment and Systems", SPE 3000-15, published by the CSA Group, is also considered to be approved. However, amendments or subsequent editions of those Codes apply, for the purposes of this section, from the publication of their French and English versions. If those versions are not published at the same time, the amendments or editions apply as of the publication of the last version.
- (3) Notwithstanding Subrules (1) and (2), approval is not required for each of the components of electrical equipment if the equipment has received an overall approval.";
 - (9) by replacing Rule 2-324 by the following:

"2-324 Electrical equipment near a venting or relief discharge for combustible gas (see Appendix B)

- (1) Arc-producing electrical equipment shall be installed at least 3 m from any venting or relief discharge for combustible gas.
- (2) Notwithstanding Subrule (1), in the case of natural gas, the distance shall be permitted to be 1 m.";
- (10) by adding the following heading and Rule after Rule 2-404:

"Circuits from different buildings

2-500 Feeder or branch circuit from another building (see Appendix B)

- (1) It is prohibited to install a feeder or branch circuit from another building to serve electric equipment linked to a building already supplied by a separate consumer's service, except
 - (a) in the case of emergency power source;
 - (b) in the cases provided for in Rule 6-106.";

- (3) in Section 4:
- (1) by replacing Rules 4-006 (3), (4), (5) and (6) by the following:
- "(3) Except for underground installations, Subrules (1) and (2) shall also apply to any allowable ampacity obtained from tables other than those mentioned in Subrule (1). If values different from those at 90 °C are not indicated in those tables, the correction factors in Table 12C shall then be applied.";
 - (2) by adding the following Subrule in Rule 4.024:
- "(5) Notwithstanding Subrule (3), for underground consumer's services exceeding 600 A fed by parallel conductors, each neutral conductor shall be of a size at least complying with the size in Table 69.";
 - (4) in Section 6:
 - (1) by replacing Rule 6-104 by the following:

"6-104 Number of consumer's services permitted

- (1) The number of low-voltage consumer's services terminating at any one overhead supply service run shall be limited by the following factors:
 - (a) the total calculated load shall not exceed 600 A;
- (b) the number of conductors connected to each supply service conductor shall not exceed four.
- (2) In the case of a change to the electrical installation of a building with more than four conductors connected to one supply service conductor, replacement of the conductors shall be permitted provided that the total number of conductors is not increased and the total calculated load does not exceed 600 A.";
 - (2) in Rule 6-112:
 - (a) by replacing "9 m" in Subrule (2) by "8 m";
 - (b) by adding the following after Subrule (8):
- "(9) Notwithstanding Subrule (2), in the case of an existing installation and where it is impossible to comply with the minimum 1 m clearance set out in Subrule (3), the height of the point of attachment of service conductors shall be not more than 9 m, if such a measurement allows compliance with the clearance required.

- (10) Notwithstanding Subrules (2) and (9), in the case of an existing installation and where it is impossible to comply with the minimum 1 m clearance set out in Subrule (3), it shall be permitted to install a barrier made of solid material so as to make service conductors exposed to persons from a window, door or porch permanently inaccessible.
- (11) Notwithstanding Subrule (6), in the case of an existing installation in which the service presents no noise problem due to the amplification of vibrations caused by the mutual repulsion of the conductors, it shall be permitted to fasten the service conductor support to a solid wooden structural member of a wall with a lag screw not less than 9 mm in diameter. The threaded part of the lag screw shall penetrate the solid wooden structural member to a depth of at least 75 mm.";
 - (3) in Rule 6-206:
- (a) by inserting ", except in the case of a renovation in a building, provided that the existing clearance is not reduced" after "less than 2 m" in Subrule (1)(c)(iv);
 - (b) by replacing Subrule (3) by the following:
- "(3) Notwithstanding Subrule (1)(c), if the environmental conditions inside the structure are not adequate, it is permitted, where a deviation has been allowed in accordance with Rule 2-030, to place the service disconnecting means on the outside of the building or on a pole provided that it is
- (a) installed in an enclosure approved for the location or of the type approved as protected against the weather; and
- (b) protected against mechanical damage if it is located less than 2 m above ground.";
 - (c) by adding the following Subrules:
- (4) Notwithstanding Subrule (1)(c), in the case of dwelling units, the service box shall be permitted to be a meter mounting device equipped with a combined breaker outside the building or on a post, provided that an associated branch circuit panelboard equipped with a main breaker of a current rating equal to or lower than that of the meter mounting device is used inside the building. The service box shall
- (a) be weatherproof and specifically approved for that use;
- (b) be protected against mechanical damage if installed less than 2 m above ground;

- (c) be equipped with a lockable outside cover; and
- (d) supply only one feeder dedicated to the associated panelboard.
- (5) The meter mounting devices installed in compliance with Subrule (4) shall be grouped.
- (6) The consumer's service heads connected to the meter mounting devices installed in accordance with Subrules (4) and (5) shall be grouped so as to require a single connecting point.";
- (4) by replacing Rule 6-300(1)(b)(ii)(B) by the following:
- "(B) where a cable transition is necessary to compensate for a voltage drop provided for in Rule 8-102, provided that the conditions set out in Rule 12-112 (5) (a) or (b) are complied with (see Appendix B).";
 - (5) by replacing Rule 6-302(2) by the following:
- "(2) Except for an installation or an existing trestle, no portion of the conductors that is run on the supply side of the consumer's service head on outside building surfaces shall be permitted to be run as exposed wiring.";
- (6) in Rule 6-308, by inserting "Except for 347/600 V underground consumer's service in a raceway," at the beginning;
 - (7) by replacing Rule 6-310 (c) by the following:
- "(c) where a conductor transition is necessary to make up for the voltage drop provided for in Rule 8-102, provided that the conditions set out in Rule 12-112(5) are complied with.";
 - (5) in Section 8:
 - (1) by striking out Rule 8.002;
 - (2) by striking out Rule 8-102(3) and (4):
 - (3) by replacing Rule 8-106(6) to (10) by the following:
- "(6) The ampacity of conductors of feeders or branch circuits shall be determined in accordance with the Section(s) dealing with the type of equipment being supplied.
- (7) Notwithstanding the requirements of this Section, the ampacity of the conductors of a feeder or branch circuit is not required to exceed the ampacity of the conductors of the service or of the feeder from which they are supplied.

- (8) Where additional loads are to be added to an existing service or feeder, the augmented load shall be permitted to be calculated by adding the sum of the additional loads, with demand factors as permitted by this Code to the maximum demand load of the existing installation as measured over the most recent 12-month period, but the new calculated load shall be subject to Rule 8-104(5) and (6).
- (9) The method of calculation in Subrule (8) shall be permitted to be used for the replacement of a service or feeder of an existing installation, with or without additional load.":
 - (4) in Rule 8-108:
- (a) by replacing the part of Subrule (1) preceding Subrule (1)(a) by the following:
- "(1) For a single dwelling, the panelboard shall provide space for at least the equivalent of the following number of 120 V branch circuit overcurrent devices, including enough space for two 35 A double-pole overcurrent devices and for all the other devices required:";
 - (b) by replacing Subrule (2) by the following:
- "(2) Notwithstanding Subrule (1), the panelboard shall include at least two spaces to add new devices and, in the case of a single dwelling with a garage, carport or parking area, offer an additional space for a double-pole overcurrent device of at least 40 A for a separate branch circuit, dedicated to supply electric vehicle supply equipment and referred to in Rule 86-202.";
 - (5) in Rule 8-200:
- (a) by replacing "the greater of Item (a) or (b)" in the part of Subrule (1) before Item (a) by "the greater of Item (a) or (b), and be increased to include the load provided for in Item (c) in the case of a single dwelling referred to in that Item";
- (b) by replacing Items (vi) and (vii) of Subrule (1)(a) by the following:
- "(vi) any loads provided for in addition to those outlined in Items (i) to (v) at 25% of the rating of each load with a rating in excess of 1500 W if an electric range has been provided for, or 100% of the rating of each load up to a total of 6000 W, plus 25% of the load in excess of 6000 W if an electric range has not been provided for; or";
- (c) in Subrule (1), by adding the following after Item (b):

- "(c) in the case of a single dwelling with a garage, a carport or a parking area, a load provided for the supply referred to in Rule 86-202(1) for the first electric vehicle supply equipment and, if applicable, a load provided for the supply of additional electric vehicle supply equipment, according to the following cases:
- (i) 2500 W for the first supply equipment and 6000 W for the second, if an electric range and electric water heater have been provided for and in addition the electric space-heating load does not come from a central unit and is at least 14 kW;
- (ii) 5000 W for the first supply equipment and 7500 W for the second, if an electric range and electric water heater have been provided for and the electric space-heating load does not come from a central unit and is less than 14 kW;
- (iii) 7500 W per supply equipment in the cases not covered by Items (i) and (ii).";
 - (d) by adding the following after Rule 8-200(3):
- "(4) For the purposes of this Rule, it is prohibited using, to calculate the minimum ampacity of service or feeder conductors for a single dwelling with a garage, carport or parking area, the relaxations provided for in Rule 8-106 (1).";
 - (6) in Rule 8-202:
 - (a) by adding the following after Subrule (1)(a)(vii)(B):
- "(C) Notwithstanding Items (A) and (B), in the case of a load for the supply of electric vehicle supply equipment, that load shall be calculated in accordance with the method provided for in Rule 8-200(1)(c); or";
 - (b) by replacing Subrule (3)(e) by the following:
- "(e) in addition, any lighting, heating, and power loads not located in dwelling units shall be added to the preceding loads, by using a demand factor of 75%, except automobile heater receptacles included in the basic load of each dwelling.";
 - (7) by replacing Rule 8-204(1)(c) by the following:
- "(c) electric space-heating, air-conditioning, and total loads of other permanently connected equipment based on the rating of the equipment installed, subject to Rule 8-106(4); plus";

- (8) by replacing Rule 8-206(1)(c) by the following:
- "(c) electric space-heating, air-conditioning, and total loads of other permanently connected equipment based on the rating of the equipment installed, subject to Rule 8-106(4); plus";
 - (9) by replacing Rule 8-208(1)(c) by the following:
- "(c) electric space-heating, air-conditioning, and total loads of other permanently connected equipment based on the rating of the equipment installed, subject to Rule 8-106(4); plus";
 - (10) in Rule 8-400:
 - (a) by replacing Subrule (1) by the following:
- "(1) In the application of this Rule, the following definition shall apply:

Controlled — supply to the receptacle is cycled by other than a manual operation.";

- (b) by replacing Subrules (3) to (5) by the following:
- "(3) Service or feeder conductors shall be considered to have a basic load of
 - (a) 1300 W for each of the first 30 duplex receptacles;
- (b) 1100 W for each of the next 30 duplex receptacles; and
 - (c) 900 W for each additional duplex receptacle.
- (4) If the load is controlled, the ampacity of the service or feeder conductors shall:
- (a) be determined in accordance with Subrule (3), considering only the maximum number of duplex receptacles that can be supplied simultaneously; or
- (b) not be lower than 125% of the rating of the load controller.
- (5) For the purposes of Subrules (3) and (4), two single receptacles shall be considered to be one duplex receptacle.";
- **(6)** In Section 10, by replacing Rule 10-812 by the following:
- "10-812 Grounding conductor size for ac systems and for service equipment (see Appendix B)

- (1) Subject to Subrule (2), the copper grounding conductor size connected to a grounding electrode shall not be less than No. 6 AWG.
- (2) The copper grounding conductor size connected to water distribution metal piping shall be determined according to the ampacity of the largest ungrounded conductor in the circuit or the equivalent for multi-conductors and shall be sized not smaller than
 - (a) No. 6 AWG for an ampacity of 250 A or less;
 - (b) No. 3 AWG for an ampacity of 251 A to 500 A;
 - (c) No. 0 AWG for an ampacity of 501 A to 1000 A; and
 - (d) No. 00 AWG for an ampacity of 1001 A or more.
- (3) If a material other than copper is used for a grounding conductor, the material shall have a conductivity equivalent to what is required in Subrule (1) or (2).";
 - **(7)** in Section 12:
 - (1) by replacing Rule 12-012(8) by the following:
- "(8) Raceways shall be permitted to be installed directly beneath a concrete slab at grade level, provided that the concrete slab is not less than a nominal 100 mm in thickness, the location is adequately marked, and the raceway will not be subject to damage.";
 - (2) by adding the following after Rule 12-020:

"12-022 Wiring under the metal deck of a roof

Except for rigid metal conduits, no wiring shall be installed less than 38 mm from the underside of the metal deck of a roof.":

- (3) by replacing Rules 12-108(2) and (3) by the following:
- "(2) Notwithstanding Subrule (1)(a), a single splice per conductor shall be permitted if a transition between conductors is necessary to compensate for the maximum voltage drop provided for in Rule 8-102, provided that it is spliced in the same manner, and that
- (a) in the case of an aerial installation, the splice is thermit-welded or made by means of a compression connector applied with a compression tool compatible with the particular connector; or

- (b) in the case of an underground installation, the splice complies with the conditions set out in Rule 12-112(5)(a) or (b).
- (3) Notwithstanding Item (1)(f), conductors of one phase, polarity, or grounded circuit conductor shall not be required to have the same exact length as those of another phase, polarity, or grounded circuit conductor.";
 - (4) by adding the following Subrule in Rule 12-116:
- "(5) Cutting or adding strands or altering conductors in any other way to connect them to terminal parts, lugs or other junctions is prohibited.";
 - (5) by replacing Rule 12-312 by the following:

"12-312 Conductors over buildings

Only conductors entering a building shall be permitted to run over the building.";

- (6) by adding the following Subrule to Rule 12-510:
- "(5) Except in the locations provided for the installation of cupboards or counters, non-metallic-sheathed cables concealed in the inside walls of a dwelling unit that are located 1 to 2 m from the floor shall
 - (a) be installed in a completely vertical manner;
- (b) have their outer surface located more than 32 mm from the hidden edge of the finishing element; or
- (c) be effectively protected from mechanical damage from driven nails or screws.";
 - (7) by replacing Rule 12-516 by the following:

"12-516 Protection for non-metallic-sheathed cable in concealed installations (see Appendix G)

- (1) The outer surfaces of the non-metallic-sheathed cable shall be kept a distance of at least 32 mm from the edges of the members intended to be used as support for sheathing or cladding, or the cable shall be effectively protected from mechanical damage.
- (2) Where the non-metallic-sheathed cable passes through a metal member, it shall be protected by an insert approved for the purpose and adequately secured in place.
- (3) Where the non-metallic-sheathed cable is installed behind a baseboard, moulding or other similar finishing element, its outer surfaces shall be kept a distance of at

- least 32 mm from the hidden edge of the element or it shall be effectively protected from mechanical damage from driven nails or screws.";
 - (8) by adding the following Subrule to Rule 12-616:
- "(3) The installation of armoured cable in a concealed space in a metal element constituting the roof deck of a building or structure is prohibited.";
 - (9) in Rule 12-904:
 - (a) by striking out "metal" in Subrule (1);
 - (b) by replacing Item (1)(b) by the following:
- "(b) each enclosure includes an equal number of conductors from each phase, including the neutral conductor and the bonding conductor, if required; and";
- (c) by striking out "Except for cable tray," at the beginning of Subrule (2);
- (10) by striking out "either during installation or afterwards" in Rule 12-1106;
- (11) by striking out "either during installation or afterwards" in Rule 12-1404(a);
- (12) by replacing Rule 12-2200(7) and (8) by the following:
- "(7) At least one expansion joint shall be installed in any cable tray run where the expansion of the cable tray due to the maximum probable temperature change could damage the cable tray.";
 - (13) by replacing Rule 12-2208 by the following:

"12-2208 Provisions for bonding

- (1) Where metal supports for metal cable trays are bolted to the tray and are in good electrical contact with the grounded structural metal frame of a building, the tray shall be deemed to be bonded to ground.
- (2) If Subrule (1) does not apply, metal cable tray shall be properly bonded at intervals not exceeding 15 m and the size of bonding conductors shall be based on the ampacity of the largest ungrounded conductor as specified in Rule 10-814 in the circuits carried by the cable tray.";
 - (8) in Section 14, by striking out Rule 14-104(2);

- (9) in Section 26:
- (1) by striking out Rule 26-700(13);
- (2) in Rule 26-710:
- (a) by adding "and" at the end of Item (m);
- (b) by replacing "; and" at the end of Item (n) by ":";
- (c) by striking out Item (o);
- (3) in Rule 26-712:
- (a) by replacing Items (iv) and (v) in Item (d) by the following:
- "(iv) at least one receptacle (15 A split or 20 A T-slot) installed at each permanently fixed island counter space;
- (v) at least one receptacle (15 A split or 20 A T-slot) installed at each peninsular counter space, except if the wall adjacent to the mating edge of the peninsula is equipped with a receptacle provided for in Item (iii);";
 - (b) by replacing Item (g) by the following:
- "(g) all receptacles of CSA configuration 5-15R and 5-20R shall be tamper-resistant receptacles and shall be so marked.":
 - (c) by striking out Item (h);
- (4) by inserting "ground floor" before "single dwelling" in Item(a) of Rule 26-714;
 - (5) in Rule 26-722:
 - (a) by adding "and" at the end of Item (e);
 - (b) by replacing "; and" at the end of Item (f) by ".";
 - (c) by striking out Item (g);
 - (10) in Section 28:
 - (1) by adding the following Subrule to Rule 28-204:
- "(5) Where a feeder supplies electric equipment, such as a splitter, motor control centre, switchgear or switchboard, it is permitted that the overcurrent protection that supplies the feeder be determined according to the value of the rating of the circuit, provided that it does not exceed the value of the rating indicated on that equipment, unless Rule 14-104 authorizes it.";

- (2) by replacing Items (a), (b) and (c) of Rule 28-604(4) by the following:
- "(a) it is capable of safely making and interrupting the locked rotor current of the connected load; and
 - (b) it is capable of being locked in the open position.";
 - (11) in Section 30:
 - (1) by replacing Rule 30-308(4) by the following:
- "(4) Each fluorescent luminaire installed in a branch circuit conductor exceeding 150 volts-to-ground shall
- (a) include a disconnecting means integrated into the luminaire, that cuts simultaneously all the circuit conductors between the branch circuit conductors and the ballast supply conductors; and
- (b) bear a conspicuous marking, legible and permanent, adjacent to the disconnecting means, identifying the intended purpose.";
- (2) by replacing item (b) of Rule 30-320(3) by the following:
- "(b) if the requirement of Item (a) cannot be complied with, be protected by a Class A ground fault circuit interrupter and be installed inside the room without being located within the perimeter of the bath or shower.";
 - (3) by striking out Rules 30-500 to 30-510.
 - **(12)** in Section 32:
 - (1) by replacing Rule 32-000(1) by the following:
- "(1) This Section applies to the installation of fire pumps required by Chapter 1 of the Construction Code.";
 - (2) by striking out Rules 32-100 to 32-110;
 - (3) by replacing Rule 32-200 by the following:
 - "32-200 Conductors (see Appendices B and G)

Conductors from the emergency power source to a fire pump shall have an ampacity not less than

i. 150% of the full load current rating of the motor, where an individual motor is provided with the fire pump; and

- ii. 150% of the sum of the full load currents of the fire pump, jockey pump, and the fire pump auxiliary loads, where two or more motors are provided with the fire pump.";
 - (4) by replacing Rule 32-206 by the following:

"32-206 Disconnecting means and overcurrent protection (see Appendices B and G)

- (1) No device capable of interrupting the circuit of the fire pump, except for a breaker labelled in a conspicuous manner, legible and permanent, identifying it as the fire pump disconnecting means, shall be placed between the service box of the normal supply circuit or between the main protection of the emergency generator and a fire pump transfer switch or a fire pump controller.
- (2) The circuit breaker referred to in Subrule (1) shall be lockable in the closedoff position.
- (3) Notwithstanding Subrule (1), the circuit breaker referred to in Subrule (1) may be used in a separate service box, including the one referred to in Rule 32-204, but no other device capable of interrupting the fire pump circuit shall then be placed between the separate service box and a fire pump transfer switch or a fire pump controller.
- (4) The breaker's overcurrent protection referred to in Subrule 1 shall have a rating or setting that can bear indefinitely the motor locked rotor current of the fire pump.
- (5) Where the circuit breaker referred to in Subrule (1) is installed in an emergency supply circuit between the emergency generator and the transfer switch, the circuit conductors may be connected on the supply side of the generator's main protection device.
- (6) If required by the supply authority, it is permitted to install, notwithstanding Subrule (1) and regardless of the presence or not of the breaker referred to in Subrule (1), an unfused switch between the service box (or equivalent) of the normal supply circuit and a fire pump transfer switch or a fire pump controller. That switch shall
- (a) be capable of safely making and interrupting the locked rotor current of the connected load;
- (b) comply with the requirements of the supply authority;
- (c) bear a mark indicating the need to maintain it at all times in the on position to ensure functionality of the fire pump; and

- (d) be equipped with an integral device connected to the fire alarm system to signal the provisional deactivation of the fire pump.".
- (13) by striking out Section 38 Elevators, dumb-waiters, material lifts, escalators, moving walks, lifts for persons with physical disabilities, and similar equipment;
 - (14) in Section 44, by striking out Rule 44-100;
 - (15) in Section 46:
 - (1) by adding the following Subrule to Rule 46-108:
- "(6) Notwithstanding Subrules (4) and (5), it shall be permitted to provide power to new life safety system loads, provided that they are
- (a) located in the same building and supplied from a panel put into place before 1 March 2011 in that same building; or
- (b) supplied from a new panel, located in a new part of the building, provided that the panel is supplied by a single feeder from a panel put into place before 1 March 2011.";
 - (2) by replacing Rule 46-202(3) by the following:
 - "(3) Where a generator is used, it shall be
 - (a) of sufficient capacity to carry the load; and
- (b) arranged to start automatically without failure and without undue delay upon the failure of the normal power supply to any transfer switch connected to the generator.";
 - (3) by striking out Rule 46-204;
- (16) by striking out Section 54 Community antenna distribution and radio and televisions installations;
- (17) by striking out Section 58 Passenger ropeways and similar equipment;
 - **(18)** in Section 60:
 - (1) by striking out Rule 60-108;
 - (2) by striking out Rules 60-500 to 60-510;
 - (3) by striking out Rules 60-600 to 60-604;
 - (19) in Section 62:
- (1) by inserting the following definition in Rule 62-104 in alphabetical order:

- "Wire mesh heating system any heating system that uses concrete-embedded wire mesh as a heating element.":
 - (2) by striking out Rule 62-108(4);
- (3) by inserting "Except for branch circuits supplying water heaters," at the beginning of Rule 62-114(7);
- (4) by adding the following heading and Rules at the end of Section 62:

"Wire mesh heating systems

62-500 Wire mesh heating systems

Rules 62-502 to 62-506 apply to the supply and connection of wire mesh embedded in a concrete slab or concrete wall for heating, from the point of emergence of the wire mesh at the slab level. However, those rules do not apply to the wire mesh or to the part of busbars embedded in concrete.

62-502 Use

- (1) Connection of wire mesh to the electrical supply if the wire mesh is installed in shower rooms, in or around swimming pools or in other locations involving similar hazards, is prohibited.
- (2) If a wire mesh heating system produces electrical currents in metallic parts other than the mesh, the mesh shall be supplied only if the currents have been eliminated.

62-504 Other conductors and outlets in a heated slab

- (1) Any other conductor shall be located at least 50 mm from the wire mesh and busbars and shall be considered to operate at an ambient temperature of $40 \, ^{\circ}$ C.
- (2) Any outlet to which a lighting fixture or other heatproducing equipment is likely to be connected shall be located at least 200 mm from the wire mesh.

62-506 Transformers for wire mesh heating systems

- (1) Transformers supplying wire mesh heating systems shall have a grounded electrostatic shield between the primary and secondary windings.
- (2) The secondary voltage of a transformer supplying a wire mesh heating system shall not exceed 30 V measured on the secondary side of a single-phase transformer or between two phases on the secondary side of a three-phase transformer.

- (3) The conductors connected to the secondary side of a transformer supplying a wire mesh heating system do not require overcurrent protection.";
- (20) by striking out Section 64 Renewable energy systems;
 - (21) in Section 66:
- (1) by replacing Rule 66-000(2) and (3) by the following:
- "(2) The requirements of this Section supplement or amend the general requirements of this Code.";
- (2) by adding the following heading and Rules at the end of Section 66:

"Itinerant rides

66-600 Bonding

- (1) Notwithstanding Rules 66-200 and 66-202, an itinerant ride shall be permitted to be bonded by one of the following means:
- (a) a loop-shaped copper conductor at least equal in size to that specified in Table 16 A, but not less than No. 6 AWG, installed so as to form a loop around the ride or around the group of rides connected to the supply system of those rides; the ends of the loop shall be connected to a copper busbar whose terminals are connected to the grounded neutral conductor of the supply system. The non-current-carrying parts of the supply system and of the rides connected to the system shall be connected to the loop-shaped conductor by means of a copper conductor at least equal in size to that specified in Table 16 A, but not less than No. 6 AWG;
- (b) an insulated copper conductor, attached to the supply cable, at least equal in size to that specified in Table 16 A, but not less than No. 6 AWG.

66-602 Splitter

An itinerant ride shall be permitted to be connected to the supply system by means of a movable splitter provided that the splitter is water and dustproof and is raised at least 25 mm from the surface on which it is installed.

66-604 Live bare parts

The cover of a box containing live parts shall be screwed shut or key-locked. Failing that, the box shall be inaccessible to the public.

66-606 Supply

A receptacle used to supply an amusement ride shall be of the locking type or the equivalent. In addition, a receptacle that does not ensure the simultaneous disconnecting of all conductors shall be inaccessible to the public.";

(3) by replacing Rule 68-304 by the following:

"68-304 Control

- (1) The electric controls of a hydromassage bathtub shall
 - (a) be located in the room where the bathtub is; and
- (b) unless the controls are an integral part of an approved factory-built hydromassage bathtub, be equipped with an on-off switch located behind a barrier or not less than 1 m horizontally from the wall of the bathtub.";
- (22) in Section 72, by adding the following Subrules in Rule 72-110:
- "(5) Each recreational vehicle lot equipped with sewers shall be provided with at least one receptacle of each type described in Subrule (1)(a) or (b) and (1)(c).
- (6) Each recreational vehicle lot equipped with only one water outlet shall be provided with one receptacle of the type described in Subrule (1)(a) or (b).";
 - (23) in Section 76:
- (1) in Rule 76-014 by replacing "except by special permission" by "unless an appropriate warning is displayed at all the points of interconnection or other hazardous areas";
- (2) in Rule 76-016 by replacing "CSA configuration 5-15R or 5-20R" by "15 A and 20 A to 125 V";
- (24) in Section 86 by inserting the following Rule after Rule 86-200:

"86-202 Branch circuits for single dwellings

(1) For each single dwelling equipped with a garage, a carport or a parking area, a conduit or cable must be installed in anticipation of a separate branch circuit dedicated to supply electric vehicle supply equipment, in accordance with Section 12.

- (2) The installation provided for in Subrule (1) shall be capable of supplying a circuit of a minimum capacity of 40 A.
- (3) The installation provided for in Subrule (1) shall come from a panelboard and end into an outlet box approved for the location and intended to receive a receptacle conforming to CSA configuration 6-50R, 14-50R, L6-50R or L14-50R, located in the garage, in the carport or near the parking area of the single dwelling.";
- (25) in Table 1, by replacing the allowable ampacities in the first three lines and in columns 2 (60 °C), 3 (75 °C) and 4 (90 °C) by the following:

(26) in Table 2, by replacing the allowable ampacities in the first three lines and in columns 2 (60 °C), 3 (75 °C) and 4 (90 °C) by the following:

(27) in Table 3, by replacing the allowable ampacities in the first three lines and in columns 2 (60 °C), 3 (75 °C) and 4 (90 °C) by the following:

(28) in Table 4, by replacing the allowable ampacities in the first three lines and in columns 2 (60 °C), 3 (75 °C) and 4 (90 °C) by the following:

(29) by striking out Table 68;

(30) by adding the following after Table 68:

"Table 69

Minimum size of each neutral conductor for the consumer's underground services of more than 600 A supplied by conductors in parallel

[See Rule 4-024 (5)]

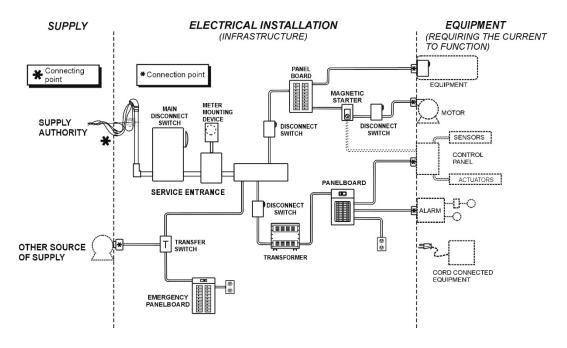
Rating of the service box A	AWG size of each copper neutral conductor	AWG size of each aluminium neutral conductor
601 to 1200	0	000
1201 to 2000	00	0000
2001 and more	000	250 kemil

(31) in Appendix B:

(1) in Section 0, by inserting the following Note in alphabetical order:

"Electrical installation

From the definition of "electrical installation" it is understood that installations, from the connecting point where the supply authority supplies the customer or from any other supply, to the connection point where the fixture receives its power to function, are electrical installations as defined in the Code. "Electrical installation" therefore means the "infrastructure" used to direct the electrical current to equipment requiring the current to function (appliance, equipment, specialized system) but not such equipment. The following systems in particular are not electrical installations as defined in the Code: intercommunication systems, public address systems, synchronized clock systems, visual, sound or voice signalling systems, telephony systems, their interconnection to the telephone network, closed circuit television systems, access cards, community antennae, instrumentation and regulation systems related to heating, air conditioning, air venting and industrial processes, burglar alarm systems, fire alarm systems and the metering equipment of the supply authority.



,,

(2) in Section 2, by replacing the Note to Rule 2-324 by the following:

"Rule 2-324

Flowmeters are not considered to be devices equipped with a vent or relief discharge for combustible gas.

The prescribed distances are measured from the combustible gas relief device and not from the appliance. An appliance may be located near arc-producing equipment provided that an airtight conduit conveys the exhaust gas beyond the prescribed distances.";

(3) in Section 2, by adding the following Note after the Note to Rule 2-400:

"Rule 2-500

The intent of this Rule is to limit as much as possible the mixing of circuits of one building with those of another so as to ensure the safety of occupants, particularly in cases of emergency or maintenance work.";

- (4) in Section 4, by striking out the Note to Rule 4-006;
- (5) in Section 4, by striking out the Note to Rule 4-006(4) and (5);
- (6) in Section 6, by replacing "that does not exceed 200 A and 750 V, and whose supply service span length is 30 m or less," in the Note to Rule 6-112(4) by "that does not exceed 750 V";
- (7) in Section 6, by inserting the following after the Note to Rule 6-206(2):

"Rule 6-300(1)(b)(ii)(B)

The joints and splices should be installed

- (a) in a junction box adequately protected from mechanical damage, located at least 1 m above the ground and attached to a building or post; or
- (b) with devices or material specifically approved to make underground joints and splices.

The compatibility of the conductors' material with the material of the devices used to make the joints and splices should be ensured.

Special care should be given to the location of those joints and splices to limit as much as possible the length of the shortest conductors. All the precautions necessary should also be taken regarding a possible movement of the soil (in particular frost), as specified in Rule 12-012(12).

"Rule 6-310(c)

See the Note to Rule 6-300(1)(b)(ii)(B).";

- (8) in Section 8, by striking out the Note to Rule 8-002;
- (9) in Section 8, by striking out the Note to Rule 8-102(3);
- (10) in Section 8, by striking out the Note to Rule 8-106(10);
- (11) in Section 10, by replacing the Note to Rule 10-802 by the following:

"Rule 10-802

Although copper is the most common material used to manufacture grounding conductors, other materials may also be used, like aluminium, copper-clad steel, steel-clad copper or steel-clad aluminium. For that purpose, copper-clad aluminium is not accepted. Where materials other than copper is used, precautions must be taken, both at the terminations and all along the route as well. Most of the grounding electrical equipment available on the market is compatible with copper only. Different solutions exist to make the materials compatible with the terminations. Thermit-welding or approved adaptors are used the most.

Even if adaptors are used at the terminations to ensure longevity, documentations confirming the pertinence of the material may be required, especially if there is a risk that the conductor made from a material other than copper come into contact with dissimilar metals along its route. Subrule (2) as well as Rules 2-112 and 10-602 require that consideration be given to materials subject to galvanic action or corrosion. For instance, copper conductors in contact with aluminium are subject to galvanic action. Building covering materials and aluminium conductors in contact with masonry or earth are also subject to corrosion. Precautions should be taken at all times to ensure that deterioration from corrosion or galvanic action will be avoided all along the route. The durability of the grounding, which is essential, must be ensured at all times.";

(12) in Section 12, by inserting the following after the Note to Rule 12-108:

"Rule 12-108(2)(b)

See the Note to Rule 6-300(1)(b)(ii) (B).";

(13) in Section 26, by striking out the Note to Rules 26-700(13) and 26-712(h);

(14) in Section 26, by inserting the following after the Note to Rule 26-704:

"Rule 26-710(e)(iv)

It is understood from the expression "unfinished" that even after the installation of the wall covering (gypsum, etc.) it may be impossible to find the appropriate location for the installation of the receptacles required by Rule 26-712(a), if partitions and usable wall space have not yet been delimited. A basement is not considered to be a "finished basement" if the foundation walls are finished but the ceiling is not finished or is partly finished. However, the installation of a duplex receptacle required under Rule 26-710(e)(iv) does not remove the requirement to install the receptacles for specific use already required by other rules of the Code.";

- (15) in Section 26, by striking out the Note to Rule 26-710(o);
- (16) in Section 26, by striking out the Note to Items (iv) and (v) of Item (d) of Rule 26-712;
- (17) in Section 26, by striking out the Note to Rule 26-712(d)(v);
- (18) in Section 32, by replacing the Note to Rule 32-200 by the following:

"Rule 32-200

In the light of the requirement in Rule 32-206(4) concerning the setting of the overcurrent protection for the circuit breaker located upstream from the supply conductors of the fire pump, the supply conductors between the fire pump and the normal and emergency supplies may be subject to the locked rotor current of the fire pump. The intent of this Rule is to select the size of the conductors so as not to compromise the integrity of their insulation when they are temporarily subject to the locked rotor current.

The intent of this Rule is also to protect the feeder conductors between a fire pump and an emergency power source from fire damage.

Chapter I, Building, of the Construction Code requires that conductors supplying life and fire safety equipment be protected against exposure to fire to ensure continued operation of this equipment for a period not less than 1 hour.

Standard NFPA 20 also mandates protection of circuits feeding fire pumps against damage by fire.

The following examples illustrate acceptable methods for achieving this protection:

- (a) using mineral-insulated cables conforming to fire rating requirements as specified in Clause 5.3 of CSA Standard C22.2 No. 124;
- (b) embedding the raceway containing fire pump feeder conductors in not less than 50 mm of concrete; or
- (c) installing the raceway containing fire pump feeder conductors in a shaft enclosure or service space of at least 1 hour fire resistance construction.

Specific requirements pertaining to the fire resistance rating of a material or an assembly of materials can be found in Chapter I, Building, of the Construction Code or in the appropriate municipal legislation.";

(19) in Section 32, by replacing the Note to Rule 32-206 by the following:

"Rule 32-206

Besides the relaxation permitted by Subrule (6), this Rule provides that only a circuit breaker lockable in the closed position and identified as the fire pump disconnecting means may be installed upstream from the fire pump controller in a normal power supply circuit, or upstream from the fire pump transfer switch in an emergency power supply circuit. It is also intended by this Rule that this circuit breaker potentially be used in the fire pump service box (or equivalent) described in Rule 32-204.

The intent of this Rule is also to require that the circuit breaker installed in a normal power supply circuit or an emergency power supply circuit, upstream from the fire pump controller or the fire pump transfer switch, be set to bear indefinitely the locked rotor current of the fire pump. A typical locked rotor current for a fire pump is at least 500% of the full load current. Therefore, users of the Code should consult the fire pump suppliers to determine accurately the locked rotor current of the fire pump selected for their application.

The setting of the overcurrent protection of the circuit breaker referred to in Subrule (4) must be coordinated with the overcurrent protection integrated into the fire pump controller or transfer switch in such a manner that the upstream overcurrent device does not disconnect the circuit prior to the operation of the overcurrent protection of the fire pump controller or transfer switch.

The intent of Subrule (5) is to recognize that NFPA 20 allows the direct connecting of the circuit protected by the circuit breaker required by Subrule 4 into the generator by skirting the generator's main protection. By reason of that relaxation, users of the Code do not have to take the measures required by Rule 46-208(1) in order to provide selective operation of the overcurrent device between the generator's main protection and the protection of the fire pump circuit.";

- (20) in Section 62, by striking out the Note to Rule 62-108(4);
- (32) by striking out Appendix L Engineering guidelines for determining hazardous area classifications.

DIVISION IV

OFFENCES

- **5.06.** Any contravention of any provision of this Chapter, except Rule 2-008 introduced by subparagraph 4 of paragraph 2 of Rule 5.05 of this Chapter, constitutes an offence."
- **2.** Sections I.1 and II.1 of the Regulation respecting the application of the Building Act (chapter B-1.1, r. 1) are revoked.
- **3.** This Regulation comes into force on the 60th day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

Despite the foregoing, the former provisions of Chapter V, Electricity, of the Construction Code, as they read on (insert the date of the day preceding the coming into force of this Regulation), may apply to construction work to an electrical installation that begins before (insert the date occurring 6 months after the date of coming into force of this Regulation).

103145

Draft Regulation

Building Act (chapter B-1.1)

Safety Code —Amendment

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (chapter R-18.1), that the Regulation to amend the Safety Code, appearing below, may be approved by the Government, with or without amendment, on the expiry of 45 days following this publication.

The draft Regulation amends Chapter II, Electricity, of the Safety Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 3) so as to use, for certain terms, the definitions in Chapter V, Electricity, of the Construction Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 2) in force during the construction work for the installation concerned. The draft Regulation also reduces the distance of the clearance with respect to the requirement to have protection by a ground fault circuit interrupter, in the case of a receptacle outlet located near a bathtub or shower unit. Lastly, the draft Regulation provides that all electrical equipment in a hazardous location must comply with the provisions of the Construction Code applicable at the time of its installation, instead of the provisions of the current Code.

The new regulatory provisions will allow for a reduction in the costs assumed by owners of electrical installations.

Further information may be obtained by contacting Pierre Gauthier, Director, Direction de la réglementation et de l'expertise-conseil, Régie du bâtiment du Québec, 800, place D'Youville, 16° étage, Québec (Québec) G1R 5S3; telephone: 418 528-0577; fax: 418 644-0072.

Any person wishing to comment on the matter is requested to submit written comments within the 45-day period to Stéphane Labrie, President and Chief Executive Officer, Régie du bâtiment du Québec, 545, boulevard Crémazie Est, 3° étage, Montréal (Québec) H2M 2V2.

DOMINIQUE VIEN, Minister responsible for Labour

Regulation to amend the Safety Code

Building Act (chapter B-1.1, ss. 175, 176, 176.1, 178 and 185, par. 38)

- **1.** The Safety Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 3) is amended in Chapter II
 - (1) by replacing section 9 by the following:
- "9. In this Chapter, the terms "accessible", "electrical equipment", "permanently connected equipment", "approved", "hydromassage bathtub", "therapeutic pool", "service", "circuit breaker", "ground fault circuit interrupter", "overcurrent device", "hazardous location", "readily accessible", "inaccessible", "electrical installation", "swimming pool", "receptacle" and "alive or live" have the meaning given by Chapter V, Electricity, of the Construction Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 2) in force during the construction work for the electrical installation concerned.";

- (2) by replacing paragraph 5 of section 22 by the following:
- "(5) receptacle outlets located in a bathroom and installed less than 1.5 m from the bathtub or shower unit. That requirement does not apply to a receptacle combined with an isolating transformer or to an outlet for a washing machine where it is located on the wall behind the machine no more than 600 mm above the floor.";
 - (3) by replacing section 24 by the following:
- **"24.** All electrical equipment must comply with the regulatory provisions in force at the time of its installation, if the equipment is in the presence of flammable gases or vapours or airborne combustible dusts or fibres in sufficient quantity to constitute a fire or explosion hazard."
- **2.** This Regulation comes into force on the 30th day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette* officielle du Québec.

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Erratum

M.O., 2017

Order of the Minister responsible for Higher Education dated 10 July 2017

General and Vocational Colleges Act (chapter C-29)

CONCERNING the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting certain conditions of employment of senior executives of general and vocational colleges

Gazette officielle du Québec, Part 2, August 30, 2017, Volume 149, No. 35, page 2595.

On page 2596 and following, beginning with section 12, the regulation should read as follows:

- **12.** Section 47 of the Regulation is amended:
 - 1° by replacing the first subparagraph by the following:
- (1) "he may retain the services of a specialized placement or career management firm which include resourcing, counselling and assessment of potential as well as support activities in the development of his relocation plan, job search and outplacement designed to assist senior executives in finding suitable employment. These services shall be provided by an external resource specialized in this field;";
- 2° by adding in the second paragraph after the words "from the date he finds employment", "in an agency in the public or parapublic sector".
- **13.** Section 75 of the Regulation is amended by adding the word "total" before "disability".
- **14.** Section 78 of the Regulation is amended by adding the following paragraphs at the end:

"For the purposes of the short-term salary insurance plan, period of total disability means any continuous period of total disability or any series of successive periods of total disability resulting from the same illness or accident, separated by fewer than 15 days of actual full-time work or, as the case may be, part-time work in accordance with the senior executive's regular position. The computation of the 15-day period of actual work shall not take into account vacation, paid legal holidays, leaves without pay, leaves related to parental rights or any other absence, remunerated or not.

Total disability resulting from a deliberately self-inflicted illness or injury, alcoholism or drug addiction, service in the armed forces, active participation in a riot or insurrection, or from indictable or other offences shall not be recognized as a period of total disability. However, in the case of alcoholism or drug addiction, the period during which a senior executive is receiving treatment or medical care with a view to his rehabilitation shall be recognized as a period of total disability. Also, the period of disability related to an organ donation without compensation shall be recognized as a period of total disability.".

- **15.** Section 79 of the Regulation is repealed.
- **16.** Section 121 of the Regulation is amended by replacing "Human Resources and Skills Development Canada (HRSDC)" by "Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC)".
- **17.** Section 121.2 of the Regulation is amended by adding at the end, the words "as well as the responsibility premiums to the exclusion of others".
- **18.** Section 131 of the Regulation is amended:
 - 1° by replacing the first paragraph by the following:

"A senior executive who has accumulated 20 weeks of service and who is eligible for benefits under the Québec Parental Insurance Plan shall receive for the 21 weeks of her maternity leave an allowance based on the following formula:

- (1) sum of:
- (a) the amount equal to 100% of the senior executive's basic weekly salary up to \$225; and
- (b) the amount equal to 88% of the difference between the senior executive's basic weekly salary and the amount determined under subparagraph a above; and
- (2) from which sum, the amount of maternity or parental benefits that the senior executive is receiving or would receive under the Québec Parental Insurance Plan after submitting an application is deducted.";
- 2° by replacing, in the fourth paragraph, "93% of the basic salary" by "the amount determined in paragraph 1 of the first paragraph".

- **19.** Section 135 of the Regulation is amended by replacing "93% of the basic salary paid" by "the gross amount determined in paragraph 1 of the first paragraph of section 131. The formula must be applied to the sum of the basic weekly salaries received".
- **20.** Section 136 of the Regulation is amended:
 - 1° by replacing the first paragraph by the following:
- "A senior executive who has accumulated 20 weeks of service and who is eligible for benefits under the Employment Insurance Plan, but is not eligible for benefits under the Québec Parental Insurance Plan, is entitled to receive during her maternity leave of 20 weeks, an allowance based on the following formula:
- A) For each week of the waiting period prescribed by the Employment Insurance Plan, an allowance calculated as follows:

sum of:

- (a) the amount equal to 100% of the senior executive's basic weekly salary up to \$225; and
- (b) the amount equal to 88% of the difference between the senior executive's basic weekly salary and the amount determined under subparagraph a above.
- B) For each week following the period prescribed in paragraph A), an allowance based on the following formula:
 - (1) sum of
- (a) the amount equal to 100% of the senior executive's basic weekly salary up to \$225; and
- (b) the amount equal to 88% of the difference between the senior executive's basic weekly salary and the amount determined under subparagraph a above; and
- (2) from which sum, the amount of maternity or parental benefits that the senior executive is receiving or would receive under the Employment Insurance Plan after submitting an application is deducted.";
 - 2° by replacing, in the fourth paragraph:
- (a) "93% of the basic salary" by "the amount determined in paragraph 1 of paragraph B) of the first paragraph";
 - (b) "HRSDC" by "ESDC";

- 3° by replacing, in the fifth paragraph:
- (a) "HRSDC" by "ESDC";
- (b) "in the first subparagraph of paragraph b" by "in paragraph B) of the first paragraph".
- **21.** Section 137 of the Regulation is amended by replacing the second paragraph by the following:

"However, the senior executive who has accumulated 20 weeks of service is entitled to an allowance based on the following formula for 12 weeks, if she is not receiving benefits under a parental rights plan established by another province or territory:

sum of:

- (a) the amount equal to 100% of the senior executive's basic weekly salary up to \$225; and
- (b) the amount equal to 88% of the difference between the senior executive's basic weekly salary and the amount determined under subparagraph a above.

Sections 133 to 135 apply to this subdivision with the necessary changes.".

- **22.** Section 138 of the Regulation is amended:
- 1° by replacing, in the third paragraph of sub-paragraph b:
- (a) "Ministry of Employment and Social Solidarity" by "Ministère du Travail, de l'Emploi et de la Solidarité sociale":
 - (b) "HRSDC" by "ESDC";
- 2° by replacing, in the first paragraph of paragraph c, "health and social service agencies" by "integrated health and social services centres (CISSS) and integrated university health and social services centres (CIUSSS)";
- **23.** Section 141 of the Regulation is amended:
- 1° by adding in the first paragraph after the words "the senior executive", "who has completed 20 weeks of service":
- 2° by replacing, in the second paragraph, "subparagraph *b* of section 136" by "paragraph B) of the first paragraph of section 136";

3° by adding, after the second paragraph, the following:

"The senior executive shall accumulate service if his absence is authorized, particularly for disability, and includes benefits or remuneration.".

24. Section 141.1 of the Regulation is amended:

- 1° by adding at the end, ", if the senior executive has completed 20 weeks of service";
 - 2° by adding the following second paragraph:

"The senior executive shall accumulate service if his absence is authorized, particularly for disability, and includes benefits or remuneration.".

- **25.** Section 141.2 of the Regulation is amended by replacing "Subparagraphs *a* and *b* of section 138 apply" by "Section 138 applies".
- **26.** Section 142.3 of the Regulation is amended:
- 1° by adding in the first paragraph after the words "the senior executive", "who has completed 20 weeks of service";
- 2° by replacing, in the second paragraph, "subparagraph *b* of section 136" by "paragraph B) of the first paragraph of section 136";
 - 3° by adding, after the second paragraph, the following:

- "The senior executive shall accumulate service if his or her absence is authorized, particularly for disability, and includes benefits or remuneration.".
- **27.** Section 142.4 of the Regulation is amended:
- 1° by adding at the end, ", if the senior executive has completed 20 weeks of service";
 - 2° by adding the following second paragraph:

"The senior executive shall accumulate service if his or her absence is authorized, particularly for disability, and includes benefits or remuneration.".

- **28.** Section 146 of the Regulation is amended by replacing "Subparagraphs *a* and *b* of section 138 apply" by "Section 138 applies".
- **29.** Section 215 of the Regulation is replaced by the following:
- **"215.** The honoraria and fees of the chairman shall be borne by the party that loses, withdraws or requests a postponement of the hearing.

However, in the case of a disagreement relating to a dismissal, the honoraria and fees of the chairman shall be borne by the Minister.

In all other cases, the honoraria and fees of the chairman shall be borne equally by the parties.".

30. Section 2 of Schedule II of the Regulation is replaced by the following:

"2. Salary Scales

CLASSES	Rates on 2016-12-30 (\$)		Rates on 2017-04-01 (\$)		Rates on 2018-04-01 (\$)			
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum		
15	116 949	155 928	118 996	158 657	121 376	161 830		
14	110 485	147 310	112 418	149 888	114 666	152 886		
13	104 379	139 169	106 206	141 604	108 330	144 436		
12	98 611	131 478	100 337	133 779	102 344	136 455		
11	93 161	124 212	94 791	126 386	96 687	128 914		
10	88 012	117 347	89 552	119 401	91 343	121 789		
9	83 148	110 861	84 603	112 801	86 295	115 057		

" '

- **31.** The Regulation respecting certain conditions of employment of senior executives of general and vocational colleges is amended by replacing the reference "R.S.Q." by "CQLR", wherever it is found.
- **32.** The provisions of Chapter IX of the Regulation respecting certain conditions of employment of senior executives of general and vocational colleges as they read on the day before the day on which this Regulation comes into force continue to apply to the senior executive already on maternity, paternity or adoption leave for the duration of the leave applicable to the event.
- **33.** This Regulation comes into force on the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*."

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Abbreviations: A: Abrogated, N: New, M: Modified

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