

Summary

Table of Contents Coming into force of Acts Regulations and other Acts Decisions Municipal Affairs Index

Legal deposit – 1st Quarter 1968 Bibliothèque nationale du Québec © Éditeur officiel du Québec, 2011

All rights reserved in all countries. No part of this publication may be translated, used or reproduced for commercial purposes by any means, whether electronic or mechanical, including micro-reproduction, without the written authorization of the Québec Official Publisher.

NOTICE TO USERS

The Gazette officielle du Québec is the means by which the Québec Government makes its decisions official. It is published in two separate editions under the authority of the Act respecting the Centre de services partagés du Québec (R.S.Q., c. C-8.1.1) and the Regulation respecting the Gazette officielle du Québec (Order in Council 1259-97 dated 24 September 1997), amended by the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting the Gazette officielle du Québec (Order in Council 264-2004 dated 24 March 2004 (2004, G.O. 2, 1176). Partie 1, entitled "Avis juridiques", is published at least every Saturday. If a Saturday is a legal holiday, the Official Publisher is authorized to publish it on the preceding day or on the following Monday. Partie 2, entitled "Lois et règlements", and the English edition, Part 2 "Laws and Regulations", are published at least every Wednesday. If a Wednesday is a legal holiday, the Official Publisher is authorized to publish them on the preceding day or on the Thursday following such holiday.

Part 2 - LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Internet

The Gazette officielle du Québec Part 2 will be available on the Internet at noon each Wednesday at the following address:

www.publicationsduquebec.gouv.qc.ca

Contents

Part 2 contains:

- (1) Acts assented to, before their publication in the annual collection of statutes;
- (2) proclamations of Acts;
- (3) regulations made by the Government, a minister or a group of ministers and of Government agencies and semipublic agencies described by the Charter of the French language (R.S.Q., c. C-11), which before coming into force must be approved by the Government, a minister or a group of ministers;
- (4) decisions of the Conseil du trésor and ministers' orders whose publications in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* is required by law or by the Government;
- (5) regulations and rules made by a Government agency which do no require approval by the Government, a minister or a group of ministers to come into force, but whose publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* is required by law;
- (6) rules of practice made by judicial courts and quasijudicial tribunals;
- (7) drafts of the texts mentioned in paragraph 3 whose publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* is required by law before their adoption or approval by the Government.

French edition

In addition to the documents referred to in paragraphs 1 to 7 above, the French version of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* contains the orders in council of the Government.

Rates*

1. Annual subscription:

	Printed version	Internet
Partie 1 "Avis juridiques":	\$189	\$166
Partie 2 "Lois et règlements":	\$258	\$223
Part 2 "Laws and Regulations":	\$258	\$223

- 2. Acquisition of a printed issue of the *Gazette officielle du Québec*: \$9.72 per copy.
- 3. Downloading of documents from the Internet version of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* Part 2: \$6.87.
- 4. Publication of a notice in Partie 1: \$1.31 per agate line.
- 5. Publication of a notice in Part 2: \$0.87 per agate line. A minimum rate of \$190 is applied, however, in the case of a publication of fewer than 220 agate lines.
- * Taxes not included.

General conditions

The Division of the Gazette officielle du Québec must receive manuscripts, at the latest, by 11:00 a.m. on the Monday preceding the week of publication. Requests received after that time will appear in the following edition. All requests must be accompanied by a signed manuscript. In addition, the electronic version of each notice to be published must be provided by e-mail, to the following address: gazette.officielle@cspq.gouv.qc.ca

For information concerning the publication of notices, please call:

Gazette officielle du Québec 1000, route de l'Église, bureau 500 Québec (Québec) GIV 3V9 Telephone: 418 644-7794 Fort 418 644-7813

Fax: 418 644-7813

Internet: gazette.officielle@cspq.gouv.qc.ca

Subscriptions

Internet: www.publicationsduquebec.gouv.qc.ca

Printed:

Les Publications du Québec

Customer service – Subscriptions 1000, route de l'Église, bureau 500 Québec (Québec) G1V 3V9 Telephone: 418 643-5150

Toll free: 1 800 463-2100 Fax: 418 643-6177

Toll free: 1 800 561-3479

All claims must be reported to us within 20 days of the shipping date.

807

	Table of Contents	Page
Coming	into force of Acts	
204-2011	Courts of Justice Act and the Act respecting the Ministère de la Justice, An Act to amend the — Coming into force of sections 4 and 13 of the Act	809
Regulat	ions and other Acts	
158-2011 205-2011 206-2011 207-2011 208-2011 250-2011 263-2011 276-2011	Environment Quality Act — Heavy vehicles — Environmental standards (Amend.). Courts of Justice Act — Commissioners for oaths Professional Code — Chartered accountants — Terms of use of the auditor Professional Code — Certified general accountants — Terms of use of the auditor Professional Code — Certified management accountants — Terms of use of the auditor Wood-burning appliances (Amend.) Selection of foreign nationals (Amend.) Contributions to the forestry fund (Amend.)	811 812 813 814 815 816 819
Decision	ıs	
	he National Assembly — Contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer — Contracts nmission de la représentation enacted pursuant to the Election Act	823
Munici	oal Affairs	
183-2011	Rectification of the territorial boundaries of Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli	8/15

Coming into force of Acts

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 204-2011, 16 March 2011

An Act to amend the Courts of Justice Act and the Act respecting the Ministère de la Justice (2009, c. 8)

— Coming into force of sections 4 and 13 of the Act

COMING INTO FORCE of sections 4 and 13 of the Act to amend the Courts of Justice Act and the Act respecting the Ministère de la Justice (2009, c. 8)

WHEREAS the Act to amend the Courts of Justice Act and the Act respecting the Ministère de la Justice (2009, c. 8) was assented to on 28 May 2009;

WHEREAS section 15 of the Act provides that the Act comes into force on 28 May 2009, except sections 4 and 13, which come into force on the date to be set by the Government:

WHEREAS it is expedient to set the date of coming into force of those sections;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice:

THAT sections 4 and 13 of the Act to amend the Courts of Justice Act and the Act respecting the Ministère de la Justice (2009, c. 8) come into force on 14 April 2011.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

1340

Regulations and other Acts

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 158-2011, 2 March 2011

Environment Quality Act (R.S.Q., c. Q-2)

Heavy vehicles

- Environmental standards
- Amendment

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting environmental standards for heavy vehicles

WHEREAS subparagraphs c, d and h to h.2 of the first paragraph of section 31, paragraphs a and c of section 53 and section 109.1 of the Environment Quality Act (R.S.Q., c. Q-2) entitle the Government to regulate the emission of contaminants into the environment;

WHEREAS the Government made the Regulation respecting environmental standards for heavy vehicles by Order in Council 1244-2005 dated 14 December 2005;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1) and section 124 of the Environment Quality Act, a draft of the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting environmental standards for heavy vehicles was published in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 23 June 2010 with a notice that it could be made by the Government on the expiry of 60 days following that publication;

WHEREAS it is expedient to make the Regulation with amendments;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Sustainable Development, Environment and Parks:

THAT the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting environmental standards for heavy vehicles, attached to this Order in Council, be made.

PIERRE REID, Associate Secretary General

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting environmental standards for heavy vehicles*

Environment Quality Act (R.S.Q., c. Q-2, s. 31, 1st par., subpars. c, d, h to h.2, s. 53, pars. a and c, and s. 109.1)

- **1.** The Regulation respecting environmental standards for heavy vehicles is amended by replacing section 2 by the following:
- **"2.** This Regulation applies to vehicles referred to in subparagraphs *a* and *b* of subparagraph 3 of the first paragraph of section 2 of the Act respecting owners, operators and drivers of heavy vehicles (R.S.Q., c. P-30.3), except
- (1) vehicles referred to in paragraph 1 of section 1 of the Regulation respecting the Act respecting owners, operators and drivers of heavy vehicles, made by Order in Council 986-98 dated 21 July 1998;
- (2) vehicles totally exempt from the application of that Act under section 2 of the Regulation respecting the Act respecting owners, operators and drivers of heavy vehicles.".
- **2.** Section 4 is replaced by the following:
- **"4.** Owners of heavy vehicles to which this Regulation applies are persons or municipalities whose name appears on the registration certificate of the vehicle and the persons or municipalities holding, in respect of the vehicle, a right within the meaning of section 2 of the Highway Safety Code (R.S.Q., c. C-24.2).".
- **3.** The following is inserted after section 10:
- **"10.1.** Roadside measurement of air emissions from heavy vehicles is performed by highway controllers of the Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec pursuant to an agreement under sections 519.64 to 519.66 of the Highway Safety Code.

In accordance with the agreement, the Société designates controllers authorized to use the opacimeters and analyzers referred to in sections 13 and 15.".

^{*} The Regulation respecting environmental standards for heavy vehicles, made by Order in Council 1244-2005 dated 14 December 2005 (2005, *G.O.* 2, 5524), has not been amended.

4. The following is added at the end of section 11:

"The owner must keep the attestation for 2 years and, on the Minister's request, produce it to the Minister.".

5. Section 12 is amended by replacing the table by the following:

Model year	Opacity (%)
Until 30 April 2011	
1991 and newer	40
1990 and older	55
As of 1 May 2011	
1991 and newer	30
1990 and older	40

- **6.** Section 13 is replaced by the following:
- **"13.** The opacity of emissions from diesel-powered heavy vehicles is measured
- (1) by the roadside, using one of the following opacimeters:
 - Red Mountain Engineering's Smoke Check 1667;
- Thermal-Lube's EXL Diesel Emission Detector;
- Thermal-Lube's EXL Combo Opacimeter 5-Gas Analyzer;
- (2) in an accredited establishment, using an opacimeter, in accordance with the Society of Automotive Engineers recommended practice J1667 Snap-Acceleration Smoke Test Procedure for Heavy-Duty Diesel Powered Vehicles.".
- **7.** The first paragraph of section 16 is replaced by the following:
- "16. The measurement of air emissions from heavy vehicles for which a repair notice has been notified by the Minister under section 11 is performed in an establishment accredited by the Minister under section 118.6 of the Environment Quality Act.".

- **8.** The following is inserted after section 21:
- "21.1. The owner of a heavy vehicle not complying with this Regulation who offers the non-compliant vehicle for sale, sells it or otherwise places it at the disposal of another person without having obtained and kept the attestation prescribed by section 11, or who, after the 30-day period set by that section and without having obtained and kept the attestation prescribed by that section, uses or allows the use of the non-compliant vehicle is liable to a fine of
- (1) \$1,250 to \$2,500, in the case of a natural person; and
 - (2) \$2,500 to \$5,000, in the case of a legal person.".
- **9.** This Regulation comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette* officielle du Québec.

1327

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 205-2011, 16 March 2011

Courts of Justice Act (R.S.Q, c. T-16)

Commissioners for oaths

Regulation respecting commissioners for oaths

WHEREAS, under section 216 of the Courts of Justice Act (R.S.Q, c. T-16), the commissions contemplated in sections 214 and 215 of the Act are to be issued for such time only and for such fees as are determined by regulation of the Government;

WHEREAS, under section 214 of the Act, as amended by section 4 of chapter 8 of the Statutes of 2009, commissions issued for the administration of oaths entitle commissioners to administer oaths throughout Québec;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), a draft of the Regulation respecting commissioners for oaths was published in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 20 October 2010 with a notice that it could be made by the Government on the expiry of 45 days following that publication;

WHEREAS it is expedient to make the Regulation with amendments:

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice:

THAT the Regulation respecting commissioners for oaths, attached to this Order in Council, be made.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

Regulation respecting commissioners for oaths

Courts of Justice Act (R.S.Q., c. T-16, s. 216)

- **1.** The commission for a person appointed to administer oaths, issued under section 214 or 215 of the Courts of Justice Act (R.S.Q., c. T-16), is valid for a 3-year period.
- **2.** The fees payable for a commission issued under section 214 of the Act to a person residing in Québec to administer oaths in Québec are \$53 for a first commission and \$36 for every renewal of the commission.

If the commission also allows for administration of oaths outside Québec, the fees payable are increased by \$26.

3. The fees payable for a commission issued under section 215 of the Act to a person residing outside Québec to administer oaths in the person's province, territory or country of residence are \$53 for a first commission and \$36 for every renewal of the commission.

If the commission allows for administration of oaths elsewhere than the person's place of residence, the fees payable are increased by \$26.

- **4.** The Regulation respecting commissioners for oaths, made by Order in Council 493-82 dated 3 March 1982, is revoked.
- **5.** This Regulation comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 206-2011, 16 March 2011

Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26)

Chartered accountants

— Terms of use of the auditor designation

Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Québec chartered accountants

WHEREAS, under section 187.10.2.1 of the Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26), the board of directors of the Ordre professionnel des comptables agréés du Québec must determine, by regulation, the conditions applicable to the use of the title of auditor;

WHEREAS the board of directors of the Order made the Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Quebec chartered accountants;

WHEREAS, pursuant to section 95 of the Professional Code and subject to sections 95.0.1 and 95.2, every regulation made by the board of directors of a professional order under the Code or an Act constituting a professional order must be transmitted to the Office des professions du Québec for examination and be submitted, with the recommendation of the Office, to the Government which may approve it with or without amendment;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), a draft of the Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Quebec chartered accountants was published in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 27 October 2010 with a notice that it could be submitted to the Government for approval on the expiry of 45 days following that publication;

WHEREAS, in accordance with section 95 of the Professional Code, the Office des professions du Québec has examined the Regulation and has submitted it to the Government with its recommendation;

WHEREAS it is expedient to approve the Regulation with amendments;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice: THAT the Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Quebec chartered accountants, attached to this Order in Council, be approved.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Québec chartered accountants

Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26, s. 187.10.2.1)

- **1.** A chartered accountant required to use the title of auditor shall ensure that it is preceded by the "chartered accountant" designation or the initials "C.A.".
- **2.** This Regulation comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette* officielle du Québec.

1342

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 207-2011, 16 March 2011

Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26)

Certified general accountants — Terms of use of the auditor

Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Québec certified general accountants

WHEREAS, under section 187.10.2.1 of the Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26), the board of directors of the Ordre professionnel des comptables généraux accrédités du Québec must determine, by regulation, the conditions applicable to the use of the title of auditor;

WHEREAS the board of directors of the Order made the Regulation respecting the conditions applicable to the use of the title of auditor;

WHEREAS, pursuant to section 95 of the Professional Code and subject to sections 95.0.1 and 95.2, every regulation made by the board of directors of a professional order under the Code or an Act constituting a

professional order must be transmitted to the Office des professions du Québec for examination and be submitted, with the recommendation of the Office, to the Government which may approve it with or without amendment;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), a draft of the Regulation respecting the conditions applicable to the use of the title of auditor was published in Part 2 of the Gazette officielle du Québec of 27 October 2010 with a notice that it could be submitted to the Government for approval on the expiry of 45 days following that publication;

WHEREAS, in accordance with section 95 of the Professional Code, the Office des professions du Québec has examined the Regulation and has submitted it to the Government with its recommendation:

WHEREAS it is expedient to approve the Regulation with amendments;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice:

THAT the Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Quebec certified general accountants, attached to this Order in Council, be approved.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Québec certified general accountants

Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26, s. 187.10.2.1)

- **1.** A certified general accountant required to use the title of auditor shall ensure that it is preceded by the "certified general accountant" designation or the initials "C.G.A.".
- **2.** This Regulation comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

1343

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 208-2011, 16 March 2011

Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26)

Certified management accountants — Terms of use of the auditor

Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Québec certified management accountants

WHEREAS, under section 187.10.2.1 of the Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26), the board of directors of the Ordre professionnel des comptables en management accrédités du Québec must determine, by regulation, the conditions applicable to the use of the title of auditor;

WHEREAS the board of directors of the Order made the Regulation respecting the use of the title of auditor of the Ordre des comptables en management accrédités du Québec;

WHEREAS, pursuant to section 95 of the Professional Code and subject to sections 95.0.1 and 95.2, every regulation made by the board of directors of a professional order under the Code or an Act constituting a professional order must be transmitted to the Office des professions du Québec for examination and be submitted, with the recommendation of the Office, to the Government which may approve it with or without amendment;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), a draft of the Regulation respecting the use of the title of auditor of the Ordre des comptables en management accrédités du Québec was published in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 27 October 2010 with a notice that it could be submitted to the Government for approval on the expiry of 45 days following that publication;

WHEREAS, in accordance with section 95 of the Professional Code, the Office des professions du Québec has examined the Regulation and has submitted it to the Government with its recommendation;

WHEREAS it is expedient to approve the Regulation with amendments;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice:

THAT the Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Quebec certified management accountants, attached to this Order in Council, be approved.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

Regulation respecting the terms of use of the auditor designation for Québec certified management accountants

Professional Code (R.S.Q., c. C-26, s. 187.10.2.1)

- **1.** A certified management accountant required to use the title of auditor shall ensure that it is preceded by the "certified management accountant" designation or the initials "C.M.A.".
- **2.** This Regulation comes into force on the fifteenth day following the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

1344

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 250-2011, 23 March 2011

Environment Quality Act (R.S.Q., c. Q-2)

Wood-burning appliances — Amendment

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting woodburning appliances

WHEREAS subparagraphs a, c and d of the first paragraph of section 31 of the Environment Quality Act (R.S.Q., c. Q-2) empower the Government to make regulations on the matters set forth therein:

WHEREAS the Government made the Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances by Order in Council 508-2009 dated 29 April 2009;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1) and section 124 of the Environment Quality Act, a draft of the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances was published in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 29 December 2010 with a notice that it could be made by the Government on the expiry of 60 days following that publication;

WHEREAS, under the first paragraph of section 18 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), a regulation may come into force on the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* where the authority making it is of the opinion that the urgency of the situation requires it;

WHEREAS, under the second paragraph of section 18 of that Act, the reason justifying the immediate coming into force must be published with the regulation;

WHEREAS the Government is of the opinion that the following urgency justifies such coming into force of the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting woodburning appliances:

- section 10 of the Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances provides that the Regulation applies to furnaces and boilers as of 1 April 2011;
- CAN/CSA Standard CAN/CSA-B415.1, published by the Canadian Standards Association and referred to in section 4 of the Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances, which was to apply to furnaces and boilers with an output of 2 MW or less, was revised in order to apply only to furnaces and boilers with an output of less than 150 KW;
- the necessity of making the amendment before 1 April 2011 so that, as of that date, the manufacturers, distributors or vendors of furnaces and boilers with a nominal heat output of 150 KW or more do not contravene the Regulation;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Sustainable Development, Environment and Parks:

THAT the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances, attached to this Order in Council, be made.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances*

Environment Quality Act (R.S.Q., c. Q-2, s. 31, 1st par., subpars. a, c and d)

- **1.** The Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances is amended in section 1 by replacing "exceeding 2 MW" in subparagraph 2 of the second paragraph by "of 150 kW or more".
- **2.** This Regulation comes into force on the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

1337

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 263-2011, 23 March 2011

An Act respecting immigration to Québec (R.S.Q., c. I-0.2)

Selection of foreign nationals

- Amendment

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting the selection of foreign nationals

WHEREAS, under subparagraph e of the first paragraph of section 3.3 of the Act respecting immigration to Québec (R.S.Q., c. I-0.2), the Government may, by regulation, for the purposes of section 3.2 of the Act, determine, while having particular regard to labour market conditions in Québec, the conditions that must be met by a foreign national seeking to stay temporarily in Québec to work, establish the cases where the Minister may exempt a foreign national from the application of the conditions referred to in the second paragraph of section 3.2 and issue a certificate of acceptance, and determine the classes of foreign nationals who may be excluded from the application of section 3.2;

Whereas, under subparagraph f of the first paragraph of section 3.3 of the Act, the Government may, by regulation, determine the procedure that must be followed in order to obtain a certificate of acceptance under section 3.2 of the Act;

^{*} The Regulation respecting wood-burning appliances, made by Order in Council 508-2009 dated 29 April 2009 (2009, *G.O.* 2, 1657), was amended by Orders in Council 707-2009 dated 18 June 2009 (2009, *G.O.* 2, 1881) and 245-2010 dated 24 March 2010 (2010, *G.O.* 2, 767A).

WHEREAS, under subparagraph f.1.0.1 of the first paragraph of section 3.3 of the Act, the Government may, by regulation, determine the conditions of validity of a certificate of acceptance and its duration;

WHEREAS the Government made the Regulation respecting the selection of foreign nationals (c. I-0.2, r. 4), which provides for the conditions of selection applicable to temporary workers;

WHEREAS, in accordance with sections 10 and 11 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), a draft of the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting the selection of foreign nationals was published in Part 2 of the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of 15 December 2010 with a notice that it could be made by the Government on the expiry of 45 days following that publication;

WHEREAS the 45-day period has expired and comments were received following that publication;

WHEREAS, under the first paragraph of section 18 of that Act, a regulation may come into force between the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* and the fifteenth day after that publication where the authority making it is of the opinion that the urgency of the situation warrants it:

WHEREAS, under the second paragraph of section 18 of that Act, the reason justifying such coming into force must be published with the regulation;

WHEREAS the Government is of the opinion that the urgency due to the following circumstances justifies such coming into force:

- the main purpose of the Regulation is to harmonize the regulatory provisions applicable to temporary workers with those provided for in the Immigration and Refugee Protection Regulations (SOR/02-227) which come into force on 1 April 2011;
- it is important that all the provisions of the Regulation also come into force on 1 April 2011, in accordance with the Canada-Québec Accord Relating to Immigration and Temporary Admission of Aliens;

WHEREAS it is expedient to make the Regulation with amendments;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Immigration and Cultural Communities: THAT the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting the selection of foreign nationals, attached to this Order in Council, be made.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting the selection of foreign nationals

An Act respecting immigration to Québec (R.S.Q., c. I-0.2, s. 3.3, 1st par., subpars. *e*, *f*, and *f*.1.0.1)

- **1.** The Regulation respecting the selection of foreign nationals (c. I0.2, r. 4) is amended by striking out paragraph *a* in section 15.1.
- **2.** Section 50 is replaced by the following:
- **"50.** The Minister issues, on request, a certificate of acceptance to a foreign national wishing to stay temporarily in Québec to work and who meets the following conditions:
- (a) the foreign national has an employment offer that complies with the conditions set out in sections 50.1 and 50.2 or, if the offer is as a live-in caregiver to provide without supervision home care to a child, an elderly person or a handicapped person, complies with the conditions set out in paragraphs c to f of section 50.1 and section 50.2;
- (b) the foreign national undertakes to hold that employment;
- (c) the foreign national undertakes to work for the employer indicated in the foreign national's application or, if the foreign national is a farm worker, for the employers indicated in the foreign national's application, as the case may be; and
- (d) the foreign national meets the conditions of access provided for in the National Occupational Classification to hold that employment and, where applicable, the special conditions specified in the employment offer.
- **50.1.** The employment offered to the foreign national must comply with the following conditions:
- (a) the employment does not and is not likely to adversely affect the settlement of any labour dispute at the workplace where the foreign national would carry

- on the employment, or the employment of any person involved in the dispute, or to contravene the application of the Labour Code (R.S.Q., c. C-27);
- (b) the employment corresponds to the employer's legitimate labour needs;
- (c) the employment comes directly from the employer who made the offer and who is able to comply with the conditions offered, in particular financially and physically;
- (d) the employment does not come from an employer on the list of employers provided for in subsection 6 of section 203 of the Immigration and Refugee Protection Regulations;
- (e) the employment does not come from an employer who, during the two years preceding the application for a certificate of acceptance, has been condemned by a final decision of the Human Rights Tribunal for an application relating to discrimination or reprisals relating to employment or has been convicted of an offence against
- i. section 458 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (R.S.Q., c. A-3.001) for a contravention of the first paragraph of section 32 of that Act, section 461 of that Act for a contravention of section 290, section 463 or section 464 of that Act;
- ii. paragraph 1 or 5 of section 134 of the Charter of human rights and freedoms (R.S.Q., c. C-12) relating to employment;
- iii. section 143 of the Labour Code (R.S.Q., c. C-27) for a contravention of section 14 of that Act;
- iv. section 30 of the Act respecting collective agreement decrees (R.S.Q., c. D-2);
- v. subparagraph 3 of the first paragraph of section 115 of the Pay Equity Act (R.S.Q., c. E-12.001);
- vi. section 139, 140 or 141 of the Act respecting labour standards (R.S.Q., c. N-1.1);
- vii. section 119 of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry (R.S.Q., c. R-20) for a contravention of section 101 of that Act; or
- viii. section 235 of the Act respecting occupational health and safety (R.S.Q., c. S-2.1) or section 236 of that Act for a contravention of section 30 or section 185 of that Act; and

- (f) the employment will likely result in a positive or neutral effect on the labour market in Québec, the Minister's assessment being based on direct employment creation or employment retention, the development or transfer of skills or knowledge, or the filling of a labour shortage in the profession or trade concerned.
- **50.2.** Where the employment offered requires that the foreign national have a skill level lower than "B" within the meaning of the National Occupational Classification, and where the period of temporary stay in Québec for work purposes is more than 30 days, that employment must also be accompanied by a written employment contract with the employer. The contract must contain the following:
- (a) the duration of the contract, the place where the foreign national will be employed, a description of the foreign national's duties, hourly wage, work schedule, vacation and holidays, the deadlines the foreign national and the employer must meet with respect to any notice of resignation or termination of contract, an undertaking on the part of the employer to pay the fees prescribed by law and, in the case of a live-in caregiver who does not understand or speak French, to facilitate the foreign national's access to French courses, outside working hours;
- (b) a provision stipulating that the standards set forth in the Act respecting labour standards with respect to the terms and conditions of wage payment, the computation of overtime, mealtimes, statutory general holidays, family or parental leave and absences, absences owing to sickness, accident or a criminal offence, the indemnities and recourses provided for in that Act are applicable to the foreign national to the extent provided by that Act;
- (c) an undertaking on the part of the employer to pay the contributions necessary for the employee to benefit from the protection under the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases to the extent provided by that Act; and
- (d) if applicable, the social benefits offered, such as health and hospital insurance, the conditions of the foreign national's residence offered by the employer and the terms and conditions of payment by the employer of the foreign national's travel costs for a round trip between the country of residence and the place of employment.
- **50.3.** For the purpose of determining if the employment offered will likely result in a positive or neutral effect on the labour market in Québec within the meaning of paragraph f of section 50.1, the Minister must take into account that it might be a single employment offer or an aggregate of employment offers from an employer or a group of employers, and the following factors:

- (a) the employer has made or has agreed to make reasonable efforts to hire or train Québec residents;
- (b) the working conditions and the wages offered meet the requirements of the Act respecting labour standards, even in the cases where the Act does not apply to certain categories of employees;
- (c) the working conditions and the wages offered are such as to attract Québec residents into holding and continuing to hold the employment; and
- (d) an improvement in the working conditions or in the wages offered would attract Québec residents into holding and continuing to hold the employment.
- **50.4.** A foreign national who wishes to stay temporarily in Québec to work as a live-in caregiver must, in addition to the conditions provided for in section 50, meet the following conditions:
- (a) the foreign national has a secondary school diploma attesting to at least 11 years of full-time elementary and secondary school studies;
- (b) the foreign national had for one year, in the three years preceding the filing of the foreign national's application for a certificate of acceptance, a full-time remunerated employment in that field of employment, including at least six consecutive months with the same employer, or the foreign national has successfully completed, in the same field, full-time vocational training of at least six months in a vocational school; and
- (c) the foreign national understands and speaks French or English.
- **50.5.** A certificate of acceptance is issued for the employment and the employer indicated in the offer, for a duration not exceeding the duration of the employment offered, but not over 48 months.

On the expiry of the period of validity of a certificate of acceptance, a new certificate may be issued, on request, to a foreign national who meets the conditions provided for in section 50.

A foreign national who wishes to modify the undertakings made under paragraphs b and c of section 50 must file a new application for a certificate of acceptance.

The Minister may refuse a foreign national's application if, during the period of validity of a certificate previously issued, the foreign national failed to comply with the undertakings made under paragraphs *b* and *c* of section 50, unless more than six months have elapsed since the Minister became aware of the failure."

- **3.** Section 53 is replaced by the following:
- "53. For the purposes of this Subdivision, a foreign national who is staying temporarily in Québec to work for 30 days or less or to work while the foreign national's admission to Canada is not governed by the requirements concerning the determination of the positive or neutral effect on the labour market, according to Part 11 of the Immigration and Refugee Protection Regulations, is exempt from the application of section 3.2 of the Act.".
- **4.** Section 57 is amended by striking out the third paragraph.
- **5.** Section 57.1 is amended by adding the following paragraph at the end:

"The fees must be paid when the application is filed.".

- **6.** Paragraph *e* of section 50.1 introduced by section 2 of this Regulation does not apply to a conviction prior to 1 April 2011 or to a conviction after that date against an offence committed before 1 April 2011.
- **7.** This Regulation comes into force on 1 April 2011.

1345

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 276-2011, 23 March 2011

Forest Act (R.S.Q., c. F-4.1)

Forestry fund

- Contributions
- Amendment

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting contributions to the forestry fund

WHEREAS, under the first paragraph of section 73.4 of the Forest Act (R.S.Q., c. F-4.1), every holder of a timber supply and forest management agreement must, at such intervals as are determined by regulation of the Government, pay to the Minister of Natural Resources and Wildlife a contribution for the financing of activities related to forest management;

WHEREAS, under the second paragraph of that section, the contribution, paid into the forestry fund under section 73.5 of the Forest Act, is to be established by the Minister on the basis of a rate per cubic metre of timber, fixed by regulation of the Government, that is

applicable to the volume of timber allotted to the agreement holder in the agreement and is determined on the date or dates fixed by the regulation;

WHEREAS, under section 95.2.1 of the Forest Act, sections 73.4 and 73.5 of the Act apply to the holder of a wood processing plant operating permit who has entered into an auxiliary timber supply guarantee agreement as if the permit holder were the holder of a timber supply and forest management agreement;

WHEREAS, under the second paragraph of section 92.0.2 of the Forest Act, a holder of a wood processing plant operating permit who acquires timber from an agreement holder authorized to send it to the permit holder must pay a contribution to the Minister for the financing of activities related to forest management;

WHEREAS, under the third paragraph of that section, the contribution paid into the forestry fund is to be established by the Minister on the basis of a rate per cubic metre of timber, set by regulation of the Government, applicable to the volume of timber acquired by the holder of a wood processing plant operating permit from the agreement holder;

WHEREAS, under subparagraph 3 of the first paragraph of section 92.0.3 of the Forest Act, the Minister may, if considered expedient by the Minister, accredit the holder of a wood processing plant operating permit to enable the permit holder to obtain a management permit in a management unit to supply the holder's plant where a volume of timber is made available following a person's waiver of the right provided for in a reservation agreement entered into pursuant to section 170.1 or by reason of the failure by that person to exercise that right in a previous year;

WHEREAS, under the second paragraph of section 92.0.11 of the Forest Act, in such a case, the holder of a wood processing plant operating permit must also pay a contribution to the Minister for the financing of activities related to forest management;

WHEREAS, under the third paragraph of that section, the contribution paid into the forestry fund is to be established by the Minister on the basis of a rate per cubic metre of timber, set by regulation of the Government, applicable to the volume of round timber indicated in the accreditation;

WHEREAS, under subparagraphs 18.2 and 18.2.1 of the first paragraph of section 172 of the Forest Act, the Government may, by regulation, set the rate referred to in the second paragraph of section 73.4 and in the third paragraph of sections 92.0.2 and 92.0.11 and determine the date and other terms of payment of the contribution referred to in those sections:

WHEREAS the Government made the Regulation respecting contributions to the forestry fund (c. F-4.1, r. 2);

WHEREAS the Regulation was amended by Order in Council 1188-2006 dated 18 December 2006 in order to set new rates to implement the measure consisting in resuming charge of forest seedling production to enhance the Silvicultural Investment Strategy to support the forest industry;

WHEREAS the Regulation was amended by Order in Council 536-2009 dated 6 May 2009 in order to extend until 31 March 2010 the period during which the rates referred to in sections 2 and 3.3 of the Regulation will be effective:

WHEREAS the Regulation was amended by Order in Council 181-2010 dated 10 March 2010 in order to extend until 31 March 2011 the period during which the rates referred to in sections 2 and 3.3 of the Regulation will be effective;

WHEREAS it is expedient to again amend the Regulation in order to extend until 31 March 2012 the period during which the rates referred to in sections 2 and 3.3 of the Regulation will be effective;

WHEREAS, under section 12 of the Regulations Act (R.S.Q., c. R-18.1), a proposed regulation may be made without having been published, if the authority making it is of the opinion that the urgency of the situation requires it;

WHEREAS, under section 18 of that Act, a regulation may come into force on the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* where the authority that has made it is of the opinion that the urgency of the situation requires it;

WHEREAS, under sections 13 and 18 of that Act, the reason justifying the absence of prior publication and such coming into force must be published with the regulation;

WHEREAS the Government is of the opinion that the urgency due to the following circumstances justifies the absence of prior publication and such coming into force:

— the amendments in the Regulation attached to this Order in Council extend by one year the assistance measure; without the extension, the forest industry would have to pay the costs for forest seedling production for the reforestation of Québec's forests during that period;

— since the forest industry is already greatly affected by the current economic conditions, any delay in the coming into force of the Regulation would expose the industry to additional expenses, which could lead to layoffs and plant closures in the regions;

WHEREAS it is expedient to make the Regulation;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Natural Resources and Wildlife:

THAT the Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting contributions to the forestry fund, attached to this Order in Council, be made.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

Regulation to amend the Regulation respecting contributions to the forestry fund

Forest Act (R.S.Q., c. F-4.1, ss. 73.4, 92.0.2, 92.0.11, 95.2.1 and 172, 1st par., subpars. 18.2 and 18.2.1)

- **1.** The Regulation respecting contributions to the forestry fund (R.R.Q., c. F-4.1, r. 2) is amended in section 2 by replacing "31 March 2011" in the second paragraph by "31 March 2012".
- **2.** Section 3.3 is amended by replacing "31 March 2011" in the second paragraph by "31 March 2012".
- **3.** This Regulation comes into force on the date of its publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

1346

Decisions

Decision 1553-2, 24 February 2011

Election Act (R.S.Q., c. E-3.3)

CONCERNING the Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer and the Regulation respecting contracts of the Commission de la représentation enacted pursuant to the Election Act

WHEREAS the Office of the National Assembly, in decision number 1155-2 of July 15 2003, approved the Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer and the Regulation respecting contracts of the Commission de la représentation;

WHEREAS, on 1 October 2008, the Act respecting contracts by public bodies (R.S.Q., c. C-65.1) came into force and the Gouvernement du Québec adopted three regulations pursuant to that Act;

WHEREAS the said Act and the said three regulations do not apply to the Chief Electoral Officer or to the Commission de la representation, but these two bodies have decided to adhere voluntarily to the principles and rules set out therein;

WHEREAS, pursuant to sections 488.1 and 540.1 of the Election Act (R.S.Q., c. E-3.3), the Chief Electoral Officer and the Commission de la représentation may, by regulation, determine the conditions of the contracts into which they may enter;

WHEREAS, in accordance with these sections, the said regulations shall come into force on the date on which they are approved by the Office of the National Assembly, and shall be published in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*;

WHEREAS the Chief Electoral Officer, on 11 November 2010, adopted the Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer;

WHEREAS the Commission de la représentation, on 19 November 2010, adopted the Regulation respecting contracts of the Commission de la représentation;

WHEREAS it is appropriate for the Office of the National Assembly to approve the said regulations;

THE OFFICE HAS DECIDED:

THAT the Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer and the Regulation respecting contracts of the Commission de la représentation, attached hereto, are approved;

THAT this decision replaces decision 1155-2 of 15 July 2003;

WHEREAS this decision and the Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer and the Regulation respecting contracts of the Commission de la représentation, which are attached hereto, shall be published in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

YVON VALLIÈRES, President of the National Assembly

Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer

Election Act (R.S.Q., c. E-3.3, s. 488.1)

CHAPTER I

PURPOSE, SCOPE AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

- **1.** The purpose of this Regulation is to determine the conditions that are to govern the contracts that the Chief Electoral Officer may enter into with any for-profit legal person established for a private interest, a general partnership, a limited partnership, an undeclared partnership, an individual undertaking or an undertaking the majority of whose employees are handicapped persons.
- **2.** The conditions determined by this Regulation aim to promote:
 - (1) transparency in contracting processes;
 - (2) the honest and fair treatment of tenderers;
- (3) the opportunity for qualified tenderers to compete in calls for tenders made by the Chief Electoral Officer:

- (4) the use of effective and efficient contracting procedures, including careful, thorough evaluation of procurement requirements that reflects the Government's sustainable development and environmental policies;
- (5) the implementation of quality assurance systems for the goods, services or construction work required by the Chief Electoral Officer; and
- (6) accountability reporting by the Chief Electoral Officer to verify the proper use of public funds.
- **3.** This Regulation applies to the following contracts entered into by the Chief Electoral Officer:
- (1) service contracts including damage insurance contracts, affreightment contracts, contracts of carriage other than those subject to the Education Act (R.S.Q., c. I-13.3) and contracts of enterprise other than construction contracts:
- (2) supply contracts, including contracts for the purchase, lease or rental of movable property, which may include the cost of installing, operating and maintaining the property;
- (3) construction contracts to which the Building Act (R.S.Q., c. B-1.1) applies and for which the contractor must hold the licence required under Chapter IV of that Act;
- (4) mixed contracts for construction work and professional services; and
- (5) contracts to lease immovables, other than occupation agreements between the Chief Electoral Officer and the Société immobilière du Québec, by which the right to occupy an immovable is acquired for a certain time in return for rent.
- **4.** This regulation does not apply to contracts under a cooperation agreement financed in whole or in part by an international cooperation organization if the agreement contains contract rules.
- **5.** Every contract referred to in this Regulation must be signed by the Chief Electoral Officer in person or by a person authorized to sign on behalf of the Chief Electoral Officer, unless expressly stated otherwise.
- **6.** For the purposes of this Regulation, the electronic tendering system is the system approved by the Government under sections 11 and 56 of the Act respecting contracting by public bodies (R.S.Q., c. C-65.1).

CHAPTER II

AWARDING OF CONTRACTS

DIVISION I

CONTRACTS SUBJECT TO PUBLIC CALLS FOR TENDERS

- §1. General provisions
- **7.** The Chief Electoral Officer must use the public call for tender process described in this division for all contracts involving an expenditure equal to or greater than:
 - (1) \$100,000 for service or construction contracts;
 - (2) \$25,000 for supply contracts.
- **8.** The Chief Electoral Officer may not split or segment its procurement requirements or amend a contract for the purpose of avoiding the obligation to make a public call for tenders or any other obligation under this Regulation.
- §2. Tender documents
- **9.** Every public call for tenders is made by publishing a notice on the electronic tendering system identified in section 6.

The notice forms part of the tender documents and must specify:

- (1) the identification of the "Chief Electoral Officer";
- (2) a brief description of the services, needs or work required, as well as, where applicable, the date of delivery or execution;
- (3) the nature and amount of any required tender security;
- (4) the place where the tender documents or information may be obtained;
- (5) the place as well as the closing and opening dates and times, the closing date being not less than 10 days after the date on which the notice is published; and
- (6) the fact that the Chief Electoral Officer is not bound to accept any tender.
- **10.** In its tender documents, the Chief Electoral Officer must provide:

- (1) a description of the services, needs or construction work and the conditions governing execution or delivery;
- (2) the eligibility requirements for service providers, suppliers or construction contractors and the compliance requirements for tenders;
- (3) a list of the documents or other items required from the service providers, suppliers or construction contractors:
 - (4) the tender opening procedure;
- (5) where a quality evaluation of tenders is to be made, the evaluation rules, including the criteria selected and, for the purpose of Schedule 2, their respective weighting;
- (6) the contract awarding rule, including any calculation to be applied before awarding the contract;
 - (7) the contract to be signed; and
- (8) any other particulars required under this Regulation or under a policy of the Chief Electoral Officer pursuant to section 87.
- **11.** In order to submit a tender, a service provider, supplier or contractor must meet the following eligibility requirements:
- (1) have all the necessary qualifications, authorizations, permits, licences, registrations, certificates, accreditations and attestations:
- (2) have, in Québec or in a territory covered by an applicable intergovernmental agreement, an establishment where activities are carried out on a permanent basis, clearly identified under the service provider's name and accessible during regular business hours; and
- (3) meet any other eligibility requirement specified in the tender documents.

Notwithstanding subparagraph 2 of the first paragraph, if competition is insufficient, the Chief Electoral Officer may make eligible any service provider, supplier or contractor that has an establishment in a territory not covered by an applicable intergovernmental agreement, provided that the Chief Electoral Officer so specifies in the tender documents.

A service provider, supplier or contractor who fails to comply with any of these requirements is ineligible.

- **12.** Compliance requirements must specify the cases that will entail automatic rejection of a tender, namely:
- (1) the place or closing date for reception of bids has not been complied with;
 - (2) a required document is missing;
- (3) the required signature of an authorized person is missing;
- (4) an erasure of or correction to the tendered price is not initialled:
 - (5) the tender is conditional or restrictive;
- (6) the price tendered and the quality demonstration are not presented separately as required by section 19, where applicable; and
- (7) any other compliance requirement stipulated in the tender documents as entailing automatic rejection of a tender has not been complied with.
- **13.** Provided that it is specified in the tender documents, the Chief Electoral Officer may refuse to consider any service provider, supplier or construction contractor who, in the four years preceding the tender opening date, has been given an unsatisfactory performance report by the Chief Electoral Officer, has failed to follow up on a tender or contract, or has had a contract cancelled because of failure to comply with the contract conditions.
- **14.** The Chief Electoral Officer may amend the tender documents by sending an addendum to the service providers, suppliers or construction contractors concerned.

If the amendment is likely to affect the prices, the addendum must be sent at least seven days before the deadline for receipt of tenders; if the seven-day period cannot be complied with, the deadline for receipt of tenders must be extended by the number of days needed to ensure compliance with that period.

15. For construction contracts, the Chief Electoral Officer must also specify, in the tender documents, what securities are required and the form and conditions to be complied with.

Tender security is required by the Chief Electoral Officer if the estimated amount of the contract is equal to or greater than \$500,000, and may be required in all other cases.

Where tender security is required, the contractor must also, prior to the signing of the contract, provide performance security and security for the contractor's obligations with respect to wages, materials and services.

16. For construction contracts, tender security in the form of a bond must be submitted i accordance with the requirements of Schedule 3.

The performance guarantee or security for the contractor's obligations with respect to wages, materials and services in the form of a bond must be submitted in accordance with the requirements of Schedule 4 or Schedule 5, as the case may be.

The bond referred to in the first or second paragraph must be issued by a financial institution that is an insurer holding a licence issued under the Act respecting insurance (R.S.Q., c. A-32) authorizing the financial institution to transact guarantee insurance, or by a trust company having a licence issued under the Act respecting trust companies and savings companies (R.S.Q., c. S-29.01), or by financial services cooperative to which the Act respecting financial services cooperatives (R.S.Q., c. C-67.3) applies, or by a bank within the meaning of the Banks Act (S.C. 1991, c. 46).

- §3. Calling for and opening of tenders
- **17.** The Chief Electoral Officer solicits only a price to award a service contract of a technical nature, a supply contract or a contract for construction work.
- **18.** The Chief Electoral Officer must evaluate the quality of a tender to award a professional service contract; it must request a price, if required, and a quality demonstration based on predetermined evaluation criteria.

The price and the quality demonstration must be presented separately so that the first paragraph of section 28 may apply.

19. Tenders are opened by the Chief Electoral Officer at a public opening, in the presence of a witness, at the designated place and on the date and time fixed in the tender documents, unless the tenders are in the form of a price list whose scope or layout does not make it possible to specify a total price.

At the public opening, the names of the service providers, suppliers or construction contractors and their respective total prices are disclosed, subject to subsequent verification.

Notwithstanding the second paragraph, for a professional service contract, only the names of the service providers are disclosed.

The Chief Electoral Officer shall, within four business days, make the results of the public opening of tenders available on the electronic tendering system.

- §4. Evaluation of tenders and awarding of contract
- **20.** The Chief Electoral Officer evaluates the tenders received, ensuring that the service providers, suppliers or contractors are eligible and that their tenders are compliant.

If the Chief Electoral Officer rejects a tender because the tenderer is ineligible or because the tender is noncompliant, it must so inform the service provider, supplier or contractor concerned, and give the reason for the rejection, no later than 15 days after awarding the contract.

- **21.** In the case of a contract for professional services, the Chief Electoral Officer must evaluate the quality of the tenders as provided in Schedule 1 or Schedule 2, as the case may be.
- **22.** In the case of a contract for professional services, where the evaluation is based on a minimum level of quality, the Chief Electoral Officer must apply the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 1, and award the contract to the service provider who submitted the lowest price.
- **23.** In the case of a contract for professional services, where the evaluation is based on a measurement of the level of quality followed by a calculation of the price-quality ratio, the Chief Electoral Officer must apply the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 2, and award the contract to the service provider who submitted the lowest adjusted price.
- **24.** In the case of a contract for professional services, where the evaluation is based solely on a measurement of the level of quality, the Chief Electoral Officer must apply the evaluation terms and conditions set out in sections 1 to 7 of Schedule 2, and award the contract to the service provider whose acceptable tender obtained the highest final score.
- **25.** In the case of a contract for professional services, the Chief Electoral Officer may solicit only a quality demonstration if a tariff applicable to the contract concerned exists and has been established under an Act or approved by the Government or the Conseil du trésor.
- **26.** Notwithstanding section 25, the Chief Electoral Officer must solicit only a quality demonstration to award an architectural or engineering contract.

27. In the case of a contract for professional services, the Chief Electoral Officer may make a public call for tenders in two stages in order to award the contract.

In the first stage, the Chief Electoral Officer selects service providers by soliciting only a quality demonstration. The tender documents must indicate whether every selected service provider or only a limited number of them will be invited to take part in the second stage.

The selection committee evaluates the quality of a tender according to the following conditions and procedure:

- (1) if all the selected service providers are invited to take part in the second stage, the quality of a tender is evaluated in accordance with the evaluation conditions set out in Schedule 1, and all the providers who meet at least the minimum quality level are retained;
- (2) if only a limited number of service providers are invited to take part in the second stage, the quality of a tender is evaluated in accordance with the evaluation conditions set out in sections 1 to 7 of Schedule 2, and only those who obtain the highest final scores are retained.

In the second stage, the Chief Electoral Officer invites the selected service providers to submit a tender that includes only a price, or a quality demonstration with or without a price.

If only a price is required, sections 17, 19, 20 and 32 to 34 apply, and where the quality level of a tender is evaluated, sections 18 to 26 and 28 to 30 apply.

28. In the case of a contract for professional services, tenders must be evaluated by a selection committee set up for that purpose by the Chief Electoral Officer. If a price is submitted, the committee must evaluate quality without knowing the price.

The selection committee must be composed of a secretary in charge of coordinating activities, and of at least three members.

- **29.** The provisions of sections 33 and 34 apply to every contract for professional services, subject to the condition stipulated in subparagraph 1 of the second paragraph of section 36, that only one service provider has submitted an acceptable tender.
- **30.** In the case of a contract for professional services, The Chief Electoral Officer must inform each tenderer of the results of the tender quality evaluation within 15 days after awarding the contract.

- If Schedule 1 applies, the particulars sent to tenderers are:
- (1) confirmation that their tender was accepted or not; and
- (2) the name of and price submitted by the successful tenderer.

If Schedule 2 applies, the particulars sent to tenderers are:

- (1) confirmation that their tender was accepted or not;
- (2) their quality score, their adjusted price and their rank according to the adjusted prices, where applicable; and
- (3) the name, quality score and, where applicable, price of the successful tenderer, and the resulting adjusted price.
- **31.** Except in the case of a contract for financial or banking services, section 18 and sections 20 to 30 apply where the Chief Electoral Officer evaluates the quality of a tender following an invitation to tender. However, the composition of the selection committee provided for in the second paragraph of section 28 may differ.
- **32.** Except in the cases provided for in section 26, the Chief Electoral Officer awards the contract to the supplier or contractor who submits the lowest price.

In the case of a supply contract, the Chief Electoral Officer may, in determining the lowest price, include the cost of the impact related to their acquisition and adjust the submitted prices accordingly. This price adjustment must, however, be founded on quantifiable and measurable factors that are clearly identified in the tender documents.

- **33.** Where several service providers, suppliers or contractors obtain identical results following a call for tenders, the contract is awarded by a drawing of lots.
- **34.** The Chief Electoral Officer awards the contract on the basis of the procurement requirements described and the rules established in the tender documents, and according to the price submitted.

The Chief Electoral Officer may, however, negotiate the price submitted and the price stipulated in the contract may be less than the price submitted if:

(1) only one service provider, supplier or contractor submitted a compliant tender;

- (2) the service provider, supplier or contractor has agreed to a new price; and
- (3) it is the only change made to the conditions set out in the tender documents or to the tender in the course of the negotiation.
- **35.** In the case of a construction contract, where it is decided, after the tenders are opened, that a contract will not be awarded following a public call for tenders, or, if a quality evaluation is to be made, after a meeting of the selection committee, the tenderer that would have been awarded the contract receives as compensation and in final settlement for expenses incurred, an amount of:
- (1) \$2,000.00, if the tender is equal to or greater than \$500,000 but less than \$1,000,000; or
- (2) \$5,000 if the tender is equal to or greater than \$1,000,000.

DIVISION II

CONTRACTS NOT SUBJECT TO THE PUBLIC TENDER PROCESS

36. In awarding contracts involving an expenditure below the public tender threshold described in section 7, the Chief Electoral Officer must proceed in accordance with the principles set out in this Regulation, particularly those stated in section 2.

To ensure sound management of such contracts, the Chief Electoral Officer must, among other things, consider whether to:

- (1) make a public call for tenders or issue an invitation to tender;
- (2) use a rotation system among the tenderers or contractors with which it deals, or seek new tenderers or contractors;
- (3) implement provisions to control the amount of such contracts and of any related additional expenditure, especially in the case of contracts by mutual agreement, in compliance with section 37; or
- (4) set up a monitoring mechanism to ascertain the effectiveness and efficiency of the contracting process used for contracts involving an expenditure below the public tender threshold specified in section 7.
- **37.** Every contract contemplated by this Regulation, involving an expenditure above the public tender threshold specified in section 7, may be entered into by mutual agreement in any of the following circumstances:

- (1) if there is an emergency that threatens the safety of human beings or property;
- (2) if there is only one possible contractor because of the existence of a guarantee, a right of ownership or an exclusive right such as a copyright or a right based on an exclusive licence or patent, or because of the artistic, heritage or museological value of the required property or service:
- (3) if the contract involves confidential or protected information whose disclosure in a public call for tenders could compromise its confidential nature or otherwise hinder the public interest;
- (4) if the Chief Electoral Officer considers that it would be able to prove, in accordance with the principles set out in section 2, that a public call for tenders would not serve the public interest, given the object of the contract concerned;
 - (5) in the case of a contract for legal services;
- (6) in the case of a contract for financial or bank services;
- (7) in the case of a supply contract related to research and development activities or teaching activities where, for technical or scientific reasons, only one supplier is able to carry out the contract and there is no other alternate solution or substitute goods;
- (8) if the Chief Electoral Officer is of the opinion that, due to the special requirements or time limits involved, the call for tenders procedure prescribed in this Regulation would compromise the carrying out of an electoral activity stipulated by law, for which the Chief Electoral Officer is responsible;
- (9) if the Chief Electoral Officer is of the opinion that a call for tenders would likely compromise the carrying out of an investigation or of a verification procedure, reveal its confidential nature or constitute a hindrance to the exercise of its duties;
- (10) in the case of a contract concerning the renewal of a contract to lease immovable.

In all cases covered by this section, and notwithstanding section 5, the contract must be authorized and signed by the Chief Electoral Officer personally.

DIVISION IIISPECIAL RULES FOR THE AWARDING OF CONTRACTS

§1. Task order contracts

- **38.** In the case of contracts for services or construction work, the Chief Electoral Officer may enter into a task order contract with one or more service providers or with a construction contractor when the procurement requirements are recurrent and the number of requests, the rate or the frequency at which they are to be performed are uncertain.
- **39.** In the case of contracts for services or construction work, the Chief Electoral Officer may indicate, in the tender documents, the approximate monetary value of the services or construction work that it intends to request or have carried out.
- **40.** In the case of contracts for services, where the task order contract is entered into with more than one service provider, the performance requests are submitted to the service provider who submitted the lowest price, unless it cannot perform the service, in which case the other providers are solicited according to their respective ranks.
- **41.** In the case of construction work, a task order contract is entered into for a term not exceeding three years, including any renewal.
- **§2.** Delivery order supply contracts
- **42.** The Chief Electoral Officer may enter into a delivery order contract with one or more suppliers when the procurement requirements are recurrent and the quantity of goods, the rate or the frequency at which they are acquired are uncertain.
- **43.** The Chief Electoral Officer must indicate, in the tender documents, the approximate quantities of goods likely to be acquired or, failing that, the approximate monetary value of the contract and, where applicable, the places of delivery.
- **44.** If the delivery order contract is entered into with more than one supplier, the orders are directed to the supplier who submitted the lowest price, unless that supplier cannot fill the orders, in which case the other suppliers are solicited according to their respective ranks.

Such orders may, however, be awarded to any of the selected suppliers whose submitted price does not exceed the lowest price by more than 10%, as long as the awarding rule is authorized by the Chief Electoral Officer before the notice of call for tenders is published.

- §3. Contracts for services of a technical nature
- **45.** Notwithstanding section 17, the Chief Electoral Officer may decide to evaluate the quality of a tender in order to award a contract for services of a technical nature, and must, in such cases, apply the provisions set out in sections 18 to 31.
- §4. Contracts for professional services
- **46.** Notwithstanding section 18, the Chief Electoral Officer may, except in the cases provided for in section 26, decide to solicit only a price in order to award a contract for professional services; the Chief Electoral Officer must then apply the provisions of sections 17, 19, 20 and 32 to 35.
- §5. Contracts awarded following a quality evaluation
- **47.** For supply contracts, and notwithstanding section 18, the Chief Electoral Officer may decide to evaluate the quality of a tender; in such a case, it must request a price and a quality demonstration based on predetermined evaluation criteria.

The Chief Electoral Officer must specify, in the tender documents, the rules to be used to evaluate the quality of tenders, including the evaluation criteria selected and, for the purposes of Schedule 2, their respective weighting.

The price and the quality demonstration must be presented separately so that the first paragraph of section 54 may apply. In addition to the cases referred to in section 13, the compliance conditions must state that failure to comply with this requirement will entail automatic rejection of a tender.

48. In the case of contracts for construction work, and notwithstanding section 17, the Chief Electoral officer may decide to evaluate the quality of a tender by making a call for tender in two stages.

The first stage consists in selecting contractors by soliciting only a quality demonstration in accordance with the evaluation conditions set out in Schedule 1. The second stage consists in inviting the selected contractors to submit a tender that includes only a price.

The Chief Electoral Officer must specify, in the tender documents, the rules to be used to evaluate the quality of tenders, including the evaluation criteria.

The Chief Electoral Officer awards the contract to the contractor that submits the lowest price.

49. In the case of mixed contracts for construction work and professional services, the Chief Electoral Officer may consider the quality of a tender. To that end, the Chief Electoral Officer applies the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 2.

In such a case, the Chief Electoral Officer must specify, in the tender documents, the rules to be used to evaluate the quality of tenders, including the evaluation criteria selected and their respective weighting.

The price and the quality demonstration must be presented separately so that the first paragraph of section 54 may apply. In addition to the cases referred to in section 12, the compliance conditions must state that failure to comply with this requirement will entail automatic rejection of a tender.

The Chief Electoral Officer awards the contract to the contractor that submits the lowest adjusted price.

50. In the case of mixed contracts for construction work and professional services, the Chief Electoral Officer may also make a public call for tenders in two stages in order to award a contract.

In the first stage, the Chief Electoral Officer selects contractors by soliciting only a quality demonstration. The tender documents must indicate whether every selected contractor or only a limited number of contractors will be invited to take part in the second stage.

The selection committee evaluates the quality of a tender according to the following conditions and procedure:

- (1) if all the selected contractors are invited to take part in the second stage, the quality of a tender is evaluated in accordance with the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 1 and all the contractors that meet at least the minimum quality level are retained; or
- (2) if only a limited number of selected contractors are invited to take part in the second stage, the quality of a tender is evaluated in accordance with the evaluation terms and conditions set out in sections 1 to 7 of Schedule 2, and only those contractors who obtain the highest final scores are retained.

In the second stage, the Chief Electoral Officer invites the selected contractors to submit, separately, a price and a quality demonstration, in accordance with the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 2.

- **51.** At the public opening of tenders, as provided in section 19, only the names of the suppliers or contractors are disclosed, and the results of the opening are made available in accordance with the fourth paragraph of that section.
- **52.** In the case of a supply contract, the Chief Electoral Officer must evaluate the quality of tenders as provided in Schedule 1 or Schedule 2, as the case may be.
- 53. In the case of a supply contract, where an evaluation is based on a minimum level of quality, the Chief Electoral Officer must apply the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 1 and award the contract to the supplier who submitted the lowest price.

Where an evaluation is based on a measurement of the quality level followed by a calculation of the pricequality ratio, the Chief Electoral Officer must apply the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 2 and award the contract to the supplier who submitted the lowest adjusted price.

54. In the case of a supply contract or a construction contract, tenders must be evaluated by a selection committee set up for that purpose by the Chief Electoral Officer. The committee evaluates the quality without knowing the price submitted.

When the tender evaluation is to award a contract involving an expenditure equal to or above the public tender threshold, the selection committee must be composed of a secretary in charge of coordinating the activities, and of at least three members.

- **55.** For the purposes of section 34 with respect to a contract awarded following a quality evaluation, the condition in subparagraph 1 of the second paragraph of that section is that only one contractor must have submitted an acceptable tender.
- **56.** The Chief Electoral Officer must inform each tenderer of the results of the tender quality evaluation within 15 days after awarding the contract.

If Schedule 1 applies, the particulars sent to tenderers are:

- (1) confirmation that their tender was accepted or not; and
- (2) the name of and price submitted by the successful tenderer.

If Schedule 2 applies, the particulars sent to tenderers are:

- (1) confirmation that their tender was accepted or not;
- (2) their quality score, their adjusted price and their rank according to the adjusted prices, where applicable; and
- (3) the name, quality score and, where applicable, price submitted by the successful tenderer, and the resulting adjusted price.

CHAPTER III

SPECIAL CONTRACTS

DIVISION I

ADVERTISING CAMPAIGN CONTRACTS

57. The Chief Electoral Officer may solicit only a quality demonstration to award an advertising campaign contract.

The amount indicated in the contract may not be greater than the amount predetermined in the tender documents.

DIVISION II

TRAVEL SERVICE CONTRACTS

58. The Chief Electoral Officer may solicit only a quality demonstration to award a travel service contract involving an expenditure equal to or above the public tender threshold.

In such cases, the Chief Electoral Officer negotiates the amount of the contract with the service provider whose acceptable tender obtained the highest score for quality.

CHAPTER IV

QUALIFICATION OF SERVICE PROVIDERS

- **59.** The Chief Electoral Officer may qualify service providers prior to the acquisition process if:
- (1) the qualification of service providers is preceded by a public notice to that effect on the electronic tendering system;
- (2) the list of qualified service providers is published on the electronic tendering system and every provider is informed that its entry on the list has been accepted, or of the reason for refusal if entry is denied; and

- (3) a public notice of qualification is published again at least once a year, even though the Chief Electoral Officer may qualify service providers at intervals varying from one to three years.
- **60.** When the Chief Electoral Officer evaluates the quality of applications for qualification, it must set up a selection committee within the meaning of section 28, and must apply the evaluation terms and conditions set out in Schedule 1 or in sections 1 to 7 of Schedule 2.
- **61.** Except in the cases described in section 39, every contract subsequent to the qualification of service providers is limited to qualified providers only and, if such a contract involves an expenditure equal to or above the public tender threshold, it must be awarded through a public call for tenders.

CHAPTER V

CONDITIONS TO BE MET BEFORE ENTERING INTO CONTRACTS

DIVISION I

REQUIRED AUTHORIZATION

62. The authorization of the Chief Electoral Officer, in person, is required for every contract of a repetitive nature with an expected term, including any renewal, is greater than three years.

For a task order contract or a delivery order contract, the Chief Electoral Officer cannot authorize a contract with a planned duration, including any renewals, that is greater than five years.

Such authorization is also required before entering into a contract involving an expenditure equal to or above the public tender threshold if:

- (1) only one service provider, supplier or contractor submitted a compliant tender;
- (2) only one service provider, supplier or contractor submitted an acceptable tender following a quality evaluation.

In the case provided for in subparagraph 2 of the third paragraph, or for a mixed contract for construction work and professional services, the selection committee must not know the price, and the Chief Electoral Officer in person shall determine whether or not the awarding process should be continued.

In the case of construction work, the authorization of the Chief Electoral Officer is required before publishing the notice of call for tenders, where the period for which tenders are valid exceeds 45 days.

DIVISION IIAFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM

63. Where the amount of a service contract is \$100,000 or more, or where the amount of a service subcontract is \$100,000 or more, the contract or subcontract may not be entered into with a service provider, supplier or subcontractor in Québec whose business employs more than 100 persons, unless the service provider, supplier or subcontractor has made a commitment to implement an affirmative action program that complies with the Charter of human rights and freedoms (R.S.Q., c. C-12) and holds an attestation to this effect issued by the Chair of the Conseil du trésor.

If such a contract or subcontract must be entered into with a service provider, supplier or subcontractor from outside Québec but within Canada, whose business employs more than 100 persons, the service provider, supplier or subcontractor must provide an attestation to the fact that it has already made a commitment to implement an employment equity program of the province or territory concerned, where one exists, or, failing that, to implement a federal employment equity program.

64. A service provider or supplier whose attestation, issued pursuant to section 63, is cancelled by the Chair of the Conseil du trésor for failure to fulfill a commitment to implement an affirmative action program may not enter into a service or supply contract or subcontract as long as it has not obtained a new attestation.

A service provider or supplier located outside Québec but within Canada whose attestation referred to in the second paragraph of section 63 has been revoked may not enter into a service or supply contract or subcontract as long as it has not obtained a new attestation.

DIVISION III

QUALITY ASSURANCE, SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENT

assurance system, including the ISO 9001: 2000 standard, or a specification relating to sustainable development and the environment, for the carrying out of a contract. The Chief Electoral Officer must specify the requirement in the tender documents.

If such a requirement unduly reduces the competition, the Chief Electoral Officer must allow any service provider, supplier or contractor to submit a tender and grant a preferential argin not exceeding 10% to the tenderer that fulfills the requirement referred to in the first paragraph. In this latter case, the price submitted by such a

service provider, supplier or contractor is, for the sole purpose of determining the successful tenderer, reduced by the preferential margin, with no effect on the price for the purpose of awarding the contract.

The percentage of the preferential margin to be applied must be indicated in the tender documents.

In the case of a contract for which the quality evaluation is based solely on the quality measurement, the Chief Electoral Officer must ascertain that there is enough competition to allow for the application of the first paragraph.

DIVISION IV

ATTESTATION BY THE MINISTÈRE DU REVENU

that involves an expenditure that is equal to or greater than \$25,000 must be entered into with a service provider, supplier or contractor that has obtained an attestation from the Ministère du Revenu du Québec to the effect that it has produced the returns and reports it is required to produce under the taxation legislation, and that it has no outstanding accounts payable to the Minister of Revenue of Québec, particularly if recovery of such an account has been legally suspended or if an arrangement has been made for payment and the service provider, supplier or contractor is not in default in this respect.

The service provider, supplier or contractor must submit the attestation to the Chief Electoral Officer along with its tender if the contract is awarded following a call for tenders, or before the contract is signed if it is awarded by mutual agreement. The attestation must not have been issued more than 90 days before the deadline for receipt of tenders, nor after that date or, in the case of a contract by mutual agreement, more than 90 days prior to the date on which the contract is awarded.

The holding of an attestation is considered to be a condition of eligibility within the meaning of section 11.

67. Section 66 does not apply to a service provider, supplier or contractor that does not have an establishment in Québec at which it exercises its activities on a permanent basis, which is clearly identified in its name and is accessible during regular business hours.

It also does not apply in the following cases:

(1) if a contract must be entered into in an emergency that threatens the safety of human beings or property;

- (2) if the Chief Electoral Officer is of the opinion that, due to the special requirements or time limits involved, the carrying out of an electoral activity stipulated by law, for which the Chief Electoral Officer is responsible, would be compromised;
- (3) if the Chief Electoral Officer is of the opinion that the carrying out of an investigation or of a verification procedure may be compromised, or the exercise of its duties would be hindered.

CHAPTER VI

CONTRACT AMENDMENTS

68. A contract may be amended if the amendment is accessory and does not change the nature of the contract.

However, if the contract involves an expenditure above the public tender threshold stipulated in section 7, an amendment that entails an additional expenditure must also be authorized by the Chief Electoral Officer in person. The Chief Electoral Officer, in writing and to the extent specified, may delegate the power to authorize such an amendment. Additional expenditures authorized under a given delegation may not total more than 10% of the initial amount of the contract

Notwithstanding the second paragraph, an amendment does not require authorization if it is due to a variation in the amount to which a predetermined percentage is to be applied or, subject to section 8, to a variation in a quantity for which a unit price has been agreed.

CHAPTER VII

PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION

69. Following a public call for tenders, the Chief Electoral Officer must publish, on the electronic tendering system, within 15 days of the awarding of the contract, the name of the successful tenderer and the amount of the contract or, in the case of a task order or delivery order contract, the estimated amount of the expenditure.

In addition, if a contract involves renewal options, the Chief Electoral Officer also publishes the total amount of the expenditure that would be incurred if all options were exercised.

70. In the case of a task order or delivery order contract involving several service providers or suppliers, the Chief Electoral Officer must publish the names of the service providers or suppliers retained, and their respective total prices.

If such a contract involves price lists whose scope or layout prevents the publication of the results, the Chief Electoral Officer must indicate, on the electronic tendering system, how information on the results may be obtained.

- **71.** The Chief Electoral Officer must publish, on the electronic tendering system, and at least once every six months, a list of the contracts involving an expenditure greater than \$25,000 entered into by mutual agreement or following an invitation to tender, except contracts involving confidential or protected information within the meaning of subparagraph 3 or subparagraph 9 of the first paragraph of section 37.
- **72.** The list to be published pursuant to section 71 must contain at least the following information:
- (1) the name of the service provider, supplier or contractor, the date and the amount of the contract or, in the case of a task order or delivery order contract, the estimated amount of the expenditure;
- (2) in the case of a contract that involves renewal options, in addition to the information required in paragraph 1, the total amount of the expenditure that would be incurred if all options were exercised;
- (3) the nature of the service, goods or construction work to be provided under the contract; and
- (4) in the case of a contract by mutual agreement involving an expenditure above the public tender threshold, the provision in this Regulation under which the contract was awarded.

CHAPTER VIII

CONTRACT MANAGEMENT CONDITIONS

DIVISION I

CHANGE ORDERS FOR CONSTRUCTION WORK

- **73.** In the case of construction contracts, the Chief Electoral Officer may make changes to the work by issuing a change order.
- **74.** The value of a change is determined as follows:
- (1) estimation, negotiation and acceptance of a detailed lump sum that takes into account, for the contractor's overhead, administrative costs and profits, the markup percentage in paragraph *a* or *b* of subparagraph 3, as the case may be

- (2) if the nature of the change in the work is such that a lump sum cannot be estimated, application of the unit prices indicated in the contract or subsequently agreed on; or
- (3) if the nature of the change is such that a lump sum or unit price cannot be estimated, addition of the cost of labour, materials and equipment related to the change, and increased:
- a) by 15% if the work is performed by the contractor; or
- b) by 10% for the contractor and 15% for the subcontractor if the work is performed by a subcontractor.

For the purposes of subparagraph 3 of the first paragraph, the cost of labour, materials and equipment corresponds to the actual cost of the items listed in Schedule 6. The increase includes the contractor's overhead, administrative costs and profits.

- **75.** If the Chief Electoral Officer and the contractor cannot agree on the value of a change at the first negotiation, the detailed estimate of the change required is then determined by the Chief Electoral Officer and paid according to the conditions stipulated in the contract.
- **76.** The contractor may file a dispute over the value of a change, in writing, to the Chief Electoral Officer, within 15 days of the issuing of the change order pursuant to section 75. In such a case, the parties must pursue the negotiations in accordance with section 79 or sections 80 to 82, as the case may be.
- **77.** If a contract related to a building involves an expenditure equal to or greater than \$3,000,000 and the proposed change order increases the total value of the changes by more than 10% of the initial value of the contract, the Chief Electoral Officer may issue the change order or any subsequent change order only if it confirms to the contractor that it has the money necessary to perform the change.
- **78.** No change may be required after the work has been received with reservation.

DIVISION IISETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

§1. General rules

79. The Chief Electoral Officer and the service provider, supplier or contractor must attempt to reach an amicable settlement of any difficulty that may arise out of a contract by resorting to the dispute settlement clauses, if any, in the contract.

If the matter cannot be settled in that manner, it may be referred to a court of justice or an adjudicative body, as the case may be, or to an arbitrator.

- **§2.** Special rules relating to a construction contract for a building
- **80.** The Chief Electoral Officer and the contractor must attempt to reach an amicable settlement of any difficulty arising from a contract, by performing the following steps and procedures:
- (1) a manager representing the Chief Electoral Officer and an officer of the contractor shall attempt to settle all or some of the disputed issues, within 60 days after receipt of the notice of dispute from the contractor; the parties may agree to extend that period; and
- (2) if the negotiations do not enable the dispute to be settled in full, the Chief Electoral Officer or the contractor may, by sending a written notice to the other party within ten days after the end of the preceding step, require mediation of the unsettled issues, which must be carried out within 60 days following receipt of the notice of mediation; the parties may agree to extend that period.

If a notice of mediation is not sent within the time specified in subparagraph 2 of the first paragraph, the negotiation process is then terminated.

81. The mediator is chosen by mutual agreement between the Chief Electoral Officer and the contractor. The function of the mediator is to assist the parties in clarifying the dispute and defining their positions and interests, and to discuss and explore mutually satisfying solutions to settle the dispute.

The parties, along with the mediator, define the rules applicable to the mediation, set its duration, and specify their commitments, expectations and needs, as well as the role and duties of the mediator. The fees and expenses of the mediator must be paid in equal parts by the parties, unless a different sharing arrangement has been agreed upon.

The representative of each party must be duly authorized by the Chief Electoral Officer in person or by the officer of the contractor, as the case may be, to proceed with the mediation.

82. In the absence of an agreement between the Chief Electoral Officer and the contractor following mediation, the parties retain all their rights and remedies, in particular those under the second paragraph of section 79.

DIVISION IIIPERFORMANCE EVALUATION

- **83.** The Chief Electoral Officer must record, in a report, the evaluation of any service provider, supplier or contractor whose performance is considered to be unsatisfactory.
- **84.** The Chief Electoral Officer must complete its evaluation not later than 60 days after the end of the contract and send a copy of the evaluation to the service provider, supplier or contractor.
- **85.** The service provider, supplier or contractor may forward comments to the Chief Electoral Officer within 30 days following receipt of a report of unsatisfactory performance.
- **86.** Within 30 days after the expiry of the time in section 85 or following receipt of comments from the service provider, supplier or contractor, as the case may be, the Chief Electoral Officer personally must uphold or cancel the evaluation and inform the service provider, supplier or contractor of the decision.

If the Chief Electoral Officer fails to act within the prescribed time, the performance of the service provider, supplier or contractor is considered to be satisfactory.

CHAPITRE IX

POWERS OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

- **87.** The Chief Electoral Officer may establish policies for the management of the supply, service and construction contracts it requires, and sees to the implementation of the policies and their application.
- **88.** The Chief Electoral Officer may prescribe model contract forms or other standard documents to be used by the institution.

CHAPTER X

TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

- **89.** Procedures for awarding contracts covered by this Regulation but undertaken before 24 February 2011 shall be continued in accordance with the provisions in force on the date on which the procedures were undertaken.
- **90.** Any contract in progress on 24 February 2011 shall be continued in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, unless this Regulation is incompatible with a provision of the contract, in which case the latter provision shall prevail.

- **91.** This regulation replaces the Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer, adopted on 10 June 2003 and approved by the Office of the National Assembly on 15 July 2003 in decision 1155-1.
- **92.** This Regulation comes into force on 24 February 2011.

SCHEDULE 1

(ss. 21, 22, 27, 30, 48, 50, 52, 53, 56, 60)

QUALITY EVALUATION CONDITIONS FOR THE AWARDING OF A CONTRACT BASED ON THE LOWEST PRICE

- 1. At least three criteria are required for quality evaluation
- **2.** The Chief Electoral Officer must specify in the tender documents, for each criterion, the elements of quality required to reach an "acceptable level of performance", which corresponds to its minimum expectations for the criterion.
- **3.** An acceptable tender in terms of quality is a tender that, for each criterion, meets the "acceptable level of performance". A tender that does not reach this level of performance in respect of any criterion is rejected.

SCHEDULE 2

(ss. 21, 23, 24, 27, 30, 47, 49, 50, 52, 53, 56, 60)

QUALITY EVALUATION CONDITIONS FOR THE AWARDING OF A CONTRACT BASED ON THE LOWEST ADJUSTED PRICE OR BASED ON THE FINAL SCORE FOR THE HIGHEST QUALITY

- 1. The evaluation grid must have at least three quality evaluation criteria.
- **2.** The Chief Electoral Officer must specify in the tender documents, for each criterion, the elements of quality required to reach an "acceptable level of performance" which corresponds to its minimum expectations for the criterion.
- **3.** Each criterion in the evaluation grid is weighted on the basis of its importance for the carrying out of the contract. The total weighting of all the criteria is 100%.
- **4.** Each criterion is evaluated on a scale from 0 to 100 points, the "acceptable level of performance" corresponding to 70 points.

- **5.** At least 70 points may be required in respect of any criterion described in the evaluation grid. A tender that does not reach that minimum is rejected.
- **6.** The final score for the quality of a tender is the total of the weighted scores obtained in respect of each criterion; the weighted scores are determined by multiplying the score obtained for a criterion by the weight of that criterion.
- **7.** An acceptable tender in terms of quality is a tender whose final score is at least 70 points.
- **8.** The price of each acceptable tender is adjusted according to the following formula:

The adjustment coefficient for quality is equal to:

$$1 + K$$
 (Final score for quality -70)

"K" is the addition percentage that the Chief Electoral Officer is willing to pay to move from a 70-point tender to a 100-point tender, for all criteria.

9. The Chief Electoral Officer, in the tender documents, determines the value of K, which must range from 15% to 30%. For construction contracts, the value of K is set at 15%.

SCHEDULE 3 (s. 16)
TENDER BOND (CONSTRUCTION WORK)
1. (Name of the SURETY)
(Name of the SURETY)
having its principal establishment at
(Address of the SURETY)
herein represented by
(Name and title)
duly authorized, hereinafter referred to as the SURETY, after having taken cognizance of the tender to be submitted on the day of 20 to
(The Chief Electoral Officer)
hereinafter referred to as the Chief Electoral Officer, by
(Name of the CONTRACTOR)
having its principal establishment at
(Address of the CONTRACTOR)
hereinafter represented by
(Name and title)
duly authorized, hereinafter referred to as the CONTRACTOR, in respect of
(Description of the work and location)

Stands surety for the CONTRACTOR, to the benefit of the Chief Electoral Officer, on the following conditions:

the g SUR differ	e CONTRACTOR fails to sign a contract in guarantees or any other document required ETY binds itself to pay to the Chief Electence between the tendered price that has tread by the Chief Electeral Officer it hairs	d following the datectoral Officer as d been accepted a	nte of acce num of mon and the ten	eptance of the ten ney corresponding adered price subs	der, the g to the equently
	e tender documents, to pay more than:	provided that the	OKEI I IS	s not required, as s	specified
	percent of	the tendered price (%)),	
	or				
	- the lump sum amount determined by the	Chief Electoral Of	ficer		
	the tump sum amount determined by the			,	
		dollar			
	The CONTRACTOR whose tender is ace the expiry of the tender validity period or er and the CONTRACTOR; failing which, t	any other time peri	od agreed u	pon by the Chief I	
3. have	This bond is governed by the law applicab sole jurisdiction.	ole in Québec and i	f it is conte	sted, the courts of	Québec
4.	The SURETY waives the benefit of discuss	sion and division.			
5. Con	The CONTRACTOR intervenes in th TRACTOR fail to do so, this obligation is w		consent t	thereto, and sho	uld the
	WITNESS WHEREOF, the SURETY a sentatives, have signed this agreement in	and the CONTRA	ACTOR, b	y their duly au	thorized
	, this	day of		20	
			The S	SURETY	
	(Witness)		(Sig	nature)	
		(Nan	e of signator	ory in block letters)
		(TC: (1	<u> </u>	. 11 11	
		(110	e of signato	ory in block letters)
			The CON	VTRACTOR	
	(Witness)		(Sig	nature)	
		(Nan	e of signate	ory in block letters)

(Title of signatory in block letters)

SCHEDULE 4 (s. 16)
PERFORMANCE BOND (CONSTRUCTION WORK)
(Name of the SURETY)
having its principal establishment at
(Address of the SURETY)
herein represented by
(Name and title)
duly authorized, hereinafter called the SURETY, having taken cognizance of the tender duly accepted by
(Identification of the Chief Electoral Officer)
hereinafter referred to as the Chief Electoral Officer, in respect of
(Description of the work and the location)
and on behalf of
(Name of the CONTRACTOR)
having its principal establishment at
(Address of the CONTRACTOR)
hereinafter represented by
(Name and title)
Duly authorized, hereinafter referred to as the CONTRACTOR, binds itself solidarily with the CONTRACTOR, to the benefit of the Chief Electoral Officer, to perform the contract including, but no limited to, the obligations covered by the guarantees, for the carrying out of the work described above in conformity with the call for tenders, it being provided that the SURETY in no case may be required to pay more than dollars (\$).

2. The SURETY agrees that the Chief Electoral Officer and the CONTRACTOR may amend the contract at any time, subject to the right of the SURETY to be informed thereof on request, pursuant to article 2345 of the Civil Code, and consents to the Chief Electoral Officer granting any time period necessary to complete the work.

- 3. If the CONTRACTOR fails to perform the contract, including work covered by the guarantees, the SURETY assumes the CONTRACTOR's obligations and, where applicable, undertakes and continues the work required within 15 days after receiving written notice to that effect from the Chief Electoral Officer, failing which the Chief Electoral Officer may have the work completed and the SURETY must pay the Chief Electoral Officer for any excess amount over the price agreed on with the CONTRACTOR for performance of the contract.
- 4. This bond covers any fault indicated by the Chief Electoral Officer to the CONTRACTOR in a written notice before the end of the second year following acceptance of the work within the meaning of article 2110 of the Civil Code.
- 5. This bond is governed by the law applicable in Québec, and if it is contested, the courts of Québec have sole jurisdiction.
- **6.** The CONTRACTOR intervenes in this agreement to consent thereto; if the CONTRACTOR fails to do so, this obligation is without effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the SURETY representatives, have signed this agreement in	and the CONTRACTOR, by their duly authorize
, this	day of20
	The SURETY
(Witness)	(Signature)
	(Name of signatory in block letters)
	(Title of signatory in block letters)
	The CONTRACTOR
(Witness)	(Signature)
	(Name of signatory in block letters)
	(Title of signatory in block letters)

	_		_	_	_		_	_
c	C	н	г	n	П	П	Æ	5

/	10
เล	16
ıα.	10

BOND FOR THE	E CONTRACTOR'S	OBLIGATIONS	WITH	RESPECT	TO	LABOUR,	MATERIAL	S
AND SERVICES	(CONSTRUCTION	WORK)						

1.
(Name of the SURETY)
having its principal establishment at
(Address of the SURETY)
herein represented by
(Name and title)
duly authorized, hereinafter referred to as the SURETY, having taken cognizance of the tender duly accepted by
(Identification of the Chief Electoral Officer)
hereinafter referred to as the Chief Electoral Officer, in respect of
(Description of the work and the location)
and on behalf of
(Name of the CONTRACTOR)
having its principal establishment at
(Address of the CONTRACTOR)
herein represented by
(Name and title)
Duly authorized, hereinafter referred to as the CONTRACTOR, binds itself solidarily with the CONTRACTOR, to the benefit of the Chief Electoral Officer, to pay directly the creditors hereinafter defined, it being provided that the SURETY in no case may be required to pay more than dollars (\$

- 2. Creditor means:
 - (1) any subcontractor of the CONTRACTOR;

- (2) any natural or legal person having sold or leased services, materials or equipment intended exclusively for the work to the CONTRACTOR or to the CONTRACTOR's subcontractors, equipment leasing prices being determined solely on the basis of current construction industry standards;
 - (3) any supplier of materials specially prepared for that work and contract;
- (4) the Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail, with respect to the contributions resulting from this contract; and
- (5) the Commission de la construction du Québec, with respect to the contributions resulting from the contract.
- 3. The SURETY agrees that the Chief Electoral Officer and the CONTRACTOR may amend the contract at any time, subject to the right of the SURETY to be informed thereof, on request, pursuant to article 2345 of the Civil Code, and consents to the Chief Electoral Officer granting any time period necessary to complete the work.
- 4. Subject to clause 3 above, no creditor has direct recourse against the SURETY unless the creditor has sent an application for payment to the SURETY and to the CONTRACTOR within 120 days of the date on which the CONTRACTOR completed the work or supplied the last services, materials or equipment.

A creditor who has contracted other than directly with the CONTRACTOR has no direct recourse against the SURETY unless the creditor has notified the CONTRACTOR in writing of the contract within 60 days of the commencement of the leasing or delivery of the services, materials or equipment; the notice must indicate the work concerned, the subject of the contract, the name of the subcontractor and the Chief Electoral Officer.

A subcontractor has no direct recourse against the SURETY in respect of sums held back by the CONTRACTOR unless the subcontractor has sent an application for payment to the SURETY and to the CONTRACTOR within 120 days of the date on which the sums held back became payable.

- 5. Any creditor may institute proceedings against the SURETY on the expiry of 30 days after the notice required by clause 4 has been sent, provided that the proceedings are not instituted before the expiry of 90 days after the date on which the creditor's work was performed or the date of supply of the last services, materials or equipment;
- **6.** Any payment made in good faith by virtue of this agreement reduces the amount of this bond by a corresponding amount.
- 7. This bond is governed by the law applicable in Québec, and if it is contested, the courts of Québec have sole jurisdiction.
- **8.** The CONTRACTOR intervenes in this agreement to consent thereto; if the CONTRACTOR fails to do so, this obligation is without effect.

	, this	day of	20
			The SURETY
(Witness)			(Signature)
			(Name of signatory in block letters)
			(Title of signatory in block letters)
			The CONTRACTOR
(Witness)			(Signature)
			(Name of signatory in block letters)
			(Title of signatory in block letters)

SCHEDULE 6

(s. 74)

COST OF LABOUR, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

The contractor must prove each expense relating to a change. The cost of labour, materials and equipment attributable to making the change to the work corresponds to the actual costs of the contractor and subcontractors, in the following categories:

- (1) wages and employment benefits paid to workers under an applicable collective agreement and to the foreman and, where applicable, the superintendent supervising the employees on the construction site;
- (2) the travel and accommodation expenses of the additional employees required;
- (3) the cost of all materials, products, supplies, including materials incorporated into the work by reason for the change to the work, including transportation, storage and handling expenses, the whole corresponding to the lowest price granted to the contractor and subcontractors;
- (4) taxes and other duties imposed by any competent authority on the labour, materials and equipment required and to which the contractor is subject, excluding the goods and services tax (GST) and the Québec sales tax (QST) since the Chief Electoral Officer is exempt;
- (5) the cost of transporting and using additional equipment and tools that are required, other than hand tools used by the employees;
- (6) the cost of additional quality control performed by the person responsible for quality assurance or the superintendent on the work relating to the change;
 - (7) applicable patent royalties and rights;
- (8) additional insurance and security premiums that the contractor must pay as a result of the increase in the contract price;
- (9) energy and heating expenses directly attributable to the change;
- (10) the cost for the removal and disposal of waste and debris attributable to the change;
- (11) the necessary additional protections, temporary installations and security devices;

(12) any other required additional labour, materials or equipment cost not specified in the preceding paragraphs and attributable to performing the change.

Adopted in Québec, this 11 November 2010.

MARCEL BLANCHET, Chief Electoral Officer

Regulation respecting contracts of the Commission de la représentation

Election Act (R.S.Q., c. E-3.3, ss. 488.1 and 540.1)

- **1.** This regulation applies to supply contracts and service contracts of the Commission de la représentation.
- **2.** The provisions of the Regulation respecting contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer, approved by the Office of the National Assembly on 24 February 2011 apply, adapted as required, to the contracts of the Commission de la représentation.
- **3.** This regulation comes into force on 24 February 2011.

Adopted in Québec, 19 November 2010 at a sitting of the Commission de la représentation

MARCEL BLANCHET,

President of the Commission de la représentation

DENIS FONTAINE.

Secretary of the Commission de la représentation

1338

Municipal Affairs

Gouvernement du Québec

O.C. 183-2011, 16 March 2011

An Act respecting municipal territorial organization (R.S.Q., c. O-9)

Rectification of the territorial boundaries of Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli and validation of acts performed by those municipalities

WHEREAS the territorial boundaries of Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli are imprecise;

WHEREAS the imprecision results from an error in the territorial description of Ville de Windsor that occurred following an annexation in 1953;

WHEREAS that error was repeated in the amalgamation of Ville de Windsor with Village de Saint-Grégoire-de-Greenlay in 1999 thus causing confusion as to the territorial boundaries between Ville de Windsor resulting from that amalgamation and Municipalité de Val-Joli;

WHEREAS the municipalities performed acts in respect of a territory not under their jurisdiction;

WHEREAS, in accordance with section 179 of the Act respecting municipal territorial organization (R.S.Q., c. O-9), the Minister of Municipal Affairs, Regions and Land Occupancy transmitted to both municipalities a notice containing the proposed rectification and validation of acts that the Minister intended to submit to the Government;

WHEREAS the municipalities have notified the Minister that they agree with the proposed rectification;

WHEREAS, on the Minister's request, the proposal was published in a newspaper circulated in the territory of the municipalities and the Minister has received no objection;

WHEREAS, under sections 178 and 192 of the Act respecting municipal territorial organization, the Government may rectify the territorial boundaries of a municipality and validate any act performed by a municipality in respect of a territory not subject to its jurisdiction;

IT IS ORDERED, therefore, on the recommendation of the Minister of Municipal Affairs, Regions and Land Occupancy: THAT the territorial boundaries of Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli be rectified so that the new territorial boundary between their municipalities be that described by the Minister of Natural Resources and Wildlife on 15 October 2010, that description appearing in the Schedule to this Order in Council;

THAT the rectification be effective as of 30 January 1953;

THAT the acts performed by Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli outside the territorial boundary bordering their territories, as defined by the Minister of Natural Resources and Wildlife on 15 October 2010, be validated as of 30 January 1953 until the date of coming into force of this Order in Council;

THAT this Order in Council come into force on the date of its publication in the Gazette officielle du Québec.

GÉRARD BIBEAU, Clerk of the Conseil exécutif

SCHEDULE

OFFICIAL DESCRIPTION PREPARED TO RECTIFY PART OF THE TERRITORIAL BOUNDARIES BETWEEN VILLE DE WINDSOR AND MUNICIPALITÉ DE VAL-JOLI, IN MUNICIPALITÉ RÉGIONALE DE COMTÉ DU VAL-SAINT-FRANÇOIS

A territory that is currently forming part of Ville de Windsor, in Municipalité régionale de comté du Val-Saint-François, to be rectified so as to follow a new line for the sector along the following lines and demarcations: starting at the apex of the western angle of lot 4 121 714 of the cadastre of Québec, thence, southwesterly to the apex of the northern angle of lot 3 678 759, a straight line in lots 3 676 208 and 3 676 205, to its intersection with the northwesterly extension of the northeast line of lot 3 676 204; successively, southeasterly, the said extension in lots 3 676 205 to 3 676 207, the northeast line of lots 3 676 204, 3 676 220 and 3 676 222, then a straight line in lot 3 678 554 to the apex of the western angle of lot 3 677 684; southeasterly, the northeast line of lot 3 678 835; southwesterly, the southeast line of lot 3 678 835; northwesterly, the southwest line of lot 3 678 835; southwesterly, the southeast line of lots 3 678 835, 3 677 682, 3 676 218, 3 677 680 and 3 677 678;

southeasterly, the northeast line of lot 3 677 678; southwesterly, the southeast line of lots 3 677 678, 3 677 677, 3 677 679, 3 675 953, 3 675 952 and 3 675 951; lastly, northwesterly, part of the southwest line of lot 3 675 951 to the dividing line between lots 3 678 543 and 3 678 626.

Which line defines the new territorial boundaries between Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli for that sector.

Ministère des Ressources naturelles et de la Faune Office of the Surveyor-General of Québec Service des levés officiels et des limites administratives

Québec, 15 October 2010

Prepared by: _

GENEVIÈVE TÉTREAULT, Land surveyor

W-63/1 V-81/2 File: 510561

1339

Index

Abbreviations: A: Abrogated, N: New, M: Modified

	Page	Comments
Certified general accountants — Terms of use of the auditor (Professional Code, R.S.Q., c. C-26)	814	N
Certified management accountants — Terms of use of the auditor (Professional Code, R.S.Q., c. C-26)	815	N
Chartered accountants — Terms of use of the auditor (Professional Code, R.S.Q., c. C-26)	813	N
Commissioners for oaths	812	N
Courts of Justice Act — Commissioners for oaths	812	N
Courts of Justice Act and the Act respecting the Ministère de la Justice, An Act to amend the — Coming into force of sections 4 and 13 of the Act	809	
Election Act — Office of the National Assembly — Contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer — Contracts of the Commission de la représentation enacted pursuant to the Election Act	823	Decision
Environment Quality Act — Heavy vehicles — Environmental standards (R.S.Q., c. Q-2)	811	M
Environment Quality Act — Wood-burning appliances	815	M
Forest Act — Forestry fund — Contributions	819	M
Forestry fund — Contributions	819	M
Heavy vehicles — Environmental standards	811	M
Immigration to Québec, An Act respecting — Selection of foreign nationals	816	M
Municipal territorial organization, An Act respecting — Rectification of the territorial boundaries of Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli and validation of acts performed by those municipalities (R.S.Q., c. O-9)	845	
Office of the National Assembly — Contracts of the Chief Electoral Officer — Contracts of the Commission de la représentation enacted pursuant to the Election Act	823	Decision

Professional Code — Certified general accountants — Terms of use of the auditor	814	N
Professional Code — Certified management accountants — Terms of use of the auditor	815	N
Professional Code — Chartered accountants — Terms of use of the auditor (R.S.Q., c. C-26)	813	N
Rectification of the territorial boundaries of Ville de Windsor and Municipalité de Val-Joli and validation of acts performed by those municipalities (An Act respecting municipal territorial organization, R.S.Q., c. O-9)	845	
Selection of foreign nationals	816	M
Wood-burning appliances (Environment Quality Act, R.S.Q., c. Q-2)	815	M